Financial Statements (With Independent Auditors' Report)

June 30, 2018

Financial Statements June 30, 2018

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Independent Auditors' Report

Dean Shatney, Sheriff Caledonia County Sheriff's Department St. Johnsbury, Vermont

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the business-type activities of the Caledonia County Sheriff's Department (the "Department") of the County of Caledonia, Vermont, as of and for the year ended June 30, 2018, and the related notes to the financial statements.

Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America; this includes the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

Auditors' Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express an opinion on these financial statements based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free of material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditors' judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the entity's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinion.



McSOLEY McCOY

Certified Public Accountants and Business Advisors

Opinion

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the financial position of the business-type activities of the Department, as of June 30, 2018 and the respective changes in financial position and cash flows for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

CO.

Other Matter

Management has omitted the management discussion and analysis and budgetary comparison schedules that accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require to be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such missing information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. Our opinion on the basic financial statements is not affected by this missing information.

Mcholey M May & Co.

South Burlington, Vermont November 27, 2018 VT Reg. No. 92-349

Caledonia County Sheriff's Department Statement of Net Position June 30, 2018

Assets:	
Current assets	
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 282,052
Accounts receivable	77,314
Prepaid insurance	 25,287
Total current assets	384,653
Vehicles and equipment, net of accumulated depreciation	 365,080
Total assets	 749,733
Liabilities:	
Current liabilities	
Accounts payable	8,058
Accrued payroll and related expenses	45,197
Current installments of long-term debt	 16,723
Total current liabilities	 69,978
Long-term liabilities	
Long-term debt - less current installments	 160,925
Total liabilities	230,903
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Net Position:	
Investment in capital assets, net of debt obligations	187,432
Unrestricted	 331,398
Total net position	\$ 518,830

See accompanying notes to the financial statements.

Statement of Revenues, Expenses, and Changes in Net Position For the Year Ending June 30, 2018

On the Dimension	
Operating Revenues:	¢ 004 702
Charges for services	\$ 904,793
Operating grants	9,414
Process services	38,697
Transportation	12,201
County reimbursements	137,584
Miscellaneous revenues	23,747
Total operating revenues	1,126,436
Operating Expenses:	
Contracted services	778,971
Process services	7,493
Administration and general	352,357
Communications services	6,777
Automotive services	45,855
Grant expenses	9,214
Depreciation	69,017
Total operating expenses	1,269,684
Net operating loss	(143,248)
Net position, beginning of year	662,078
Net position, end of year	<u>\$ 518,830</u>

See accompanying notes to the financial statements.

Statement of Cash Flows For the Year Ending June 30, 2018

Cash flows from operating activities: Cash received from customers	\$	1,207,146
Cash received from operating grants	Ŷ	9,414
Cash payments to suppliers for goods and services		(505,628)
Cash payments to employees for services		(701,609)
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Net cash provided by operating activities		9,323
Cash flows from capital and related financing activities:		
Purchase of fixed assets		(118,080)
Net decrease in cash		(108,757)
Cash and cash equivalents, beginning of year		390,809
Cash and cash equivalents, end of year	\$	282,052
Reconciliation of operating loss to net cash provided by operating activities:		
Net operating loss	\$	(143,248)
Adjustments to reconcile operating loss to net cash provided by operating activities		
Depreciation		69,017
Decrease in accounts receivable		90,124
Increase in prepaid insurance		(3,713)
Increase in accounts payable		1,413
Decrease in accrued payroll and payroll items		(4,270)
Total adjustments		152,571
Net cash provided by operating activities	\$	9,323

Supplemental information of noncash capital and related financing activites:

A note payable of \$177,648 was incurred when the Department entered into a promissory note for the purchase of a new building and land.

See accompanying notes to the financial statements.

(6) <u>Risk Management</u>

The Department is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts, theft of, damage to, and destruction of assets, errors and omissions, injuries to employees, and natural disasters. The Department maintains commercial insurance coverage to cover each of these risks of loss. Management believes such coverage is sufficient to preclude any significant uninsured losses to the Department. Settled claims have not materially exceeded this commercial coverage in any of the past three fiscal years.

(7) Long-Term Debt

Long-term debt as of June 30, 2018 consists of notes payable to Passumpsic Savings Bank.

For purchase of building and land: 3.65% note due July 1, 2030 as follows:

Beginning			Current	Ending	
Balance	Increases	Decreases	Maturities	Balance	
<u>\$ </u>	<u>\$ 177,648</u>	<u>\$ </u>	<u>\$ 16,723</u>	<u>\$ 160,925</u>	

The future minimum lease payments under the note payable as of June 30, 2018 are as follows:

Year Ending June 30,		
2019	\$	16,723
2020		18,891
2021		19,583
2022		20,320
2023		21,074
Thereafter		81,057
Total	<u>\$</u>	177,648

(1) Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

The Caledonia County Sheriff's Department (the "Department") is a governmental entity operating under Title 24 Vermont Statutes Annotated Section 290 located in the County of Caledonia, Vermont. Funding is provided by the State of Vermont and the County of Caledonia. Operating revenue is generated by service charges, some of which are set by state statute and others by the Department. Included among the duties performed by the Department are: contracting to provide law enforcement services; security services; control dispatching and other centralized support services; service of lawful writs, warrants and processes; and transportation of prisoners and the mentally disabled.

(a) Basis of accounting

The accompanying financial statements have been prepared using the accrual basis of accounting. The Department's revenues are recognized when they are earned, and their expenses are recognized when they are incurred.

Operating income reported in proprietary fund financial statements includes revenues and expenses related to the primary and continuing operations of the fund. Principal operating revenues for proprietary funds are charges to customers for sales or services. Principal operating expenses are the costs of providing goods or services and include administrative expenses and depreciation of capital assets. Other revenues and expenses are classified as non-operating in the financial statements.

When both restricted and unrestricted resources are available for use, it is the Department's policy to use restricted resources first, and then unrestricted resources, as needed.

(b) <u>Basis of presentation</u>

The Department accounts for ongoing operations and activities using proprietary fund accounting, a method developed with the economic resources measurement focus. This focus is similar to accounting methods used in the private sector.

(c) Cash and cash equivalents

For the purpose of reporting cash flows, all highly liquid investments with a maturity of three months or less and all certificate of deposits are considered to be cash equivalents.

(d) Vehicles and equipment

Vehicles and equipment are recorded at cost with depreciation computed using the straight-line method over their estimated useful lives. When assets are retired or otherwise disposed of, the cost and related accumulated depreciation are removed from the accounts and any resulting gain or loss is reflected as a non-operating activity for the period. The cost of maintenance and repairs is charged to expense as incurred; renewals and betterments over \$1,000 are capitalized.

Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (continued)

Estimated useful lives by major classification are as follows:

Office equipment	5-10 years
Department equipment	5-10 years
Vehicles	4 years
Building	39 years

(e) <u>Unrestricted net assets</u>

Unrestricted net assets for proprietary funds represent the net assets available for future operations.

(f) <u>Use of estimates</u>

The process of preparing financial statements in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities and disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements and the reported amounts of revenue and expenses during the period. Actual results could differ from those estimates.

(g) <u>Accounts receivable</u>

Significant receivables include amounts due from state, town, and contractor contracts. These receivables are due within one year. The Department has not recorded an allowance for uncollectible accounts at June 30, 2018, as all amounts are deemed collectible.

(h) <u>Subsequent events</u>

The Department evaluated subsequent events through November 27, 2018, the date the Department's financial statements were available to be used and no events or transactions occurred.

(2) Cash and Categories of Risk

There are three categories of credit risk that apply to the Department's balance:

- 1. Insured by the FDIC or collateralized with securities held by the Department or by the Department's agent in the Department's name.
- 2. Collateralized with securities held by the pledging financial institution's trust department or agent in the Department's name.
- 3. Uncollateralized.

The Department's bank balances are categorized below to give an indication of the level of risk assumed by the Department at June 30, 2018.

Cash and Categories of Risk (continued)

	Book Balance		Bank Balance	
Insured deposits	\$	282,052	\$	282,361
Uninsured deposits		-		-
Cash on hand				
Total cash deposits	\$	282,052	\$	282,361

(3) Vehicles and Equipment

Vehicles and equipment are summarized as of June 30, 2018 by major classifications as follows:

	ŀ	Beginning Balance	A	dditions_	D	eletions	Ending Balance
Vehicles Equipment	\$	364,485 258,048	\$	33,040 6,035	\$	(28,424) (47,843)	\$ 369,101 216,240
Land		- 230,010		61,972		- (17,015)	61,972
Building		-		185,916		-	185,916
Building improvements				8,765			 8,765
Total vehicles and equipment		622,533		295,728		(76,267)	841,994
Less accumulated depreciation		(484,164)		(69,017)		76,267	 (484,164)
Vehicles and equipment, net	\$	138,369	\$	226,711	\$		\$ 365,080

(4) Cost Sharing

Under Vermont law, Caledonia County and the State of Vermont are required to cover certain costs of the Department. Such costs include the Sheriff's salary and benefits, administrative salary and benefits, office space, certain automotive expenses and others. The amount expended by the County and State during the year ended June 30, 2018 has not been determined.

(5) Operating Grants

The Caledonia County Sheriff's Department received grants from the U.S. Government and other grantors. Entitlements to the resources are generally based on compliance with terms and conditions of the grant agreements and applicable federal regulations, including the expenditures of the resources for eligible purposes. Substantially all grants are subject to financial and compliance audits by the grantors. Any disallowance as a result of these audits becomes a liability of the Department. As of June 30, 2018, management believes no material liabilities would result from such audits.



Independent Auditors' Report

Dean Shatney, Sheriff Caledonia County Sheriff's Department St. Johnsbury, Vermont

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South Burlington, Vermont November 27, 2018 VT Reg. No. 92-349