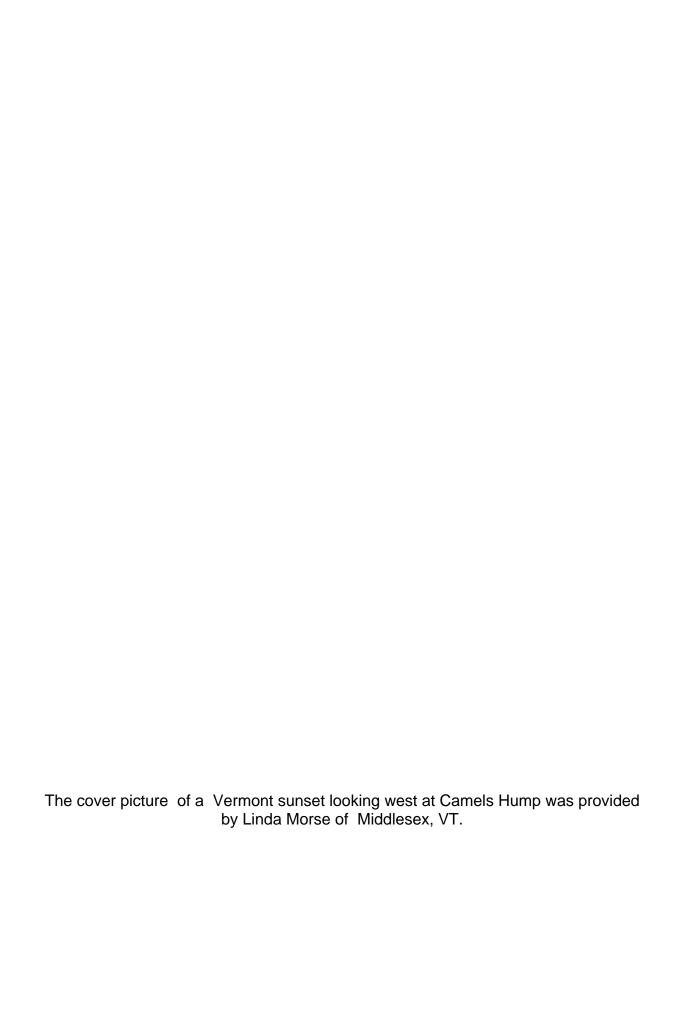
## **VERMONT**



COMPREHENSIVE ANNUAL FINANCIAL REPORT

For the fiscal year ending JUNE 30, 2003



## STATE OF VERMONT

## COMPREHENSIVE ANNUAL FINANCIAL REPORT

For the fiscal year ending JUNE 30, 2003



James H. Douglas Governor

Prepared by the Department of Finance and Management

Robert D. Hofmann, Commissioner

#### STATE OF VERMONT COMPREHENSIVE ANNUAL FINANCIAL REPORT FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2003

<u> </u>	PAGE
INTRODUCTION:	
Title Page	1
Table of Contents	2 - 3
Letter of Transmittal	4 - 7
Organization Chart	8 - 9
Selected State Officials	10
FINANCIAL SECTION:	
Independent Auditor's Report	12 -13
Management Discussion and Analysis	15 - 29
Basic Financial Statements:	
Government-wide Financial Statements:	
Statement of Net Assets	34 - 35
Statement of Activities	36 - 37
Governmental Funds Financial Statements	
Balance Sheet	40 - 41
Reconciliation of Governmental Fund balances to Statement of	
Net Assets - Governmental Activities	42
Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances	44 - 45
Reconciliation of Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes In Fund	
Balances -Governmental Funds to the Statement of Activities - Governmental Activities	46
Proprietary Funds Financial Statements	
Statement of Net Assets	48 - 49
Statement of Revenues, Expenses and Changes in Net Assets	50 - 51
Statement of Cash Flows.	52 - 53
Fiduciary Funds Financial Statements	
Statement of Fiduciary Net Assets	56
Statement of Changes in Fiduciary Net Assets	57
Component Units Financial Statements	
Combining Statement of Net Assets	60
Combining Statement of Activities.	61
Notes to the Financial Statements Index	63
Notes to the Financial Statements	64 - 100
SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION	
Required Supplementary Information	
Budgetary Comparison Schedule-General Fund.	102
Budgetary Comparison Schedule-Transportation Fund	103
Budgetary Comparison Schedule-Education Fund	104
Budgetary Comparison Schedule-Special Fund.	105
Budgetary Comparison Schedule-Federal Revenue Fund.	106 107
Notes to Required Supplementary Information-Budgetary Reporting	107
Supplementary Information-Combining and Individual Fund Statements and Schedules:	
Governmental Funds	
Nonmajor Governmental Funds	
Combining Balance Sheet	112 - 115
Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances.	116 - 119

#### STATE OF VERMONT COMPREHENSIVE ANNUAL FINANCIAL REPORT FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2003

Proprietary Funds	
Nonmajor Enterprise Funds	
Combining Statement of Net Assets	122 - 123
Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Net Assets	124 - 125
Combining Statement of Cash Flows	126 - 127
Internal Service Funds	
Combining Statement of Net Assets	130 - 133
Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Net Assets	134 - 137
Combining Statement of Cash Flows.	138 - 141
Fiduciary Funds	
Pension Trust Funds	
Combining Statement of Plan Net Assets	144 - 145
Combining Statement of Changes in Plan Net Assets	146 - 147
Agency Funds	
Combining Statement of Changes in Assets and Liabilities	150 - 152
Component Units	
Non-major Component Units	
Combining Statement of Net Assets	154 - 155
Combininb Statement of Activities	156
STATISTICAL SECTION (Unaudited):	
Revenue by Source-Major Governmental Funds - Last 10 Fiscal Years	158 - 159
Expenditures by Function-Major Governmental Funds-Last 10 Years	158 - 159
State IndebtednessProcedure for Authorization and Debt Statement as of June 30, 2003	160 - 162
Ratio of General Obligation Bonded Debt to Assessed Taxable Property Value and General	100 102
Obligation Bonded Debt Per CapitaLast 10 Fiscal Years	163
Ratio of Annual Debt Service Expenditures for General Bonded Debt to Total General Fund	100
ExpendituresLast 10 Fiscal Years	164
Ratio of Annual Debt Service Expenditures for Transportation Bonded Debt to Total	10-
Transportation Fund ExpendituresLast 10 Fiscal Years	164
Property Values and Taxes in VermontLast 10 Fiscal Years	165
Demographic Statistics:	100
* Employment	166
* Vermont Non-Agricultural Wage and Salary Employment by Industry	167
* Educational Attainment - Vermont vs U.S as of December 2003	167
Income and Sales Tax RatesLast 10 Fiscal Years	168
Vermont's Ten Largest Employers as of September 2003	169
	100



#### STATE OF VERMONT DEPARTMENT OF FINANCE AND MANAGEMENT MONTPELIER, VERMONT 05609-0401

#### LETTER OF TRANSMITTAL

To the Honorable James H. Douglas, Governor
The Honorable Brian Dubie, Lieutenant Governor
Chairs of House Committees on Appropriations, Institutions and Ways and Means,
Senate Committees on Appropriations, Finance and Institutions, and
The Citizens of the State of Vermont

We are pleased to present the Comprehensive Annual Financial Report (CAFR) of the State of Vermont for the fiscal year ending June 30, 2003. The Department of Finance and Management prepared this report, which includes the Basic Financial Statements as required by Title 32, Vermont Statutes Annotated, Section 182(a)(8).

This CAFR's financial section contains two reporting features that were introduced last year, and are again worth reviewing. First is the Management and Discussion Analysis (MD&A) that follows the Auditor's opinion. This analysis is designed to give the reader an overview of the State's financial position, described in understandable terms, in order to help the reader better understand the results of operations of Vermont State government.

The second feature, which follows the MD&A, consists of the Basic Financial Statements (BFS), which were prepared in conformity with the generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP) as prescribed by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB). The BFS contain government-wide statements that present the State's financial activities in a manner similar to that of a private corporation, the fund statements and the note disclosures that follow the government-wide statements. We believe these statements and notes are fairly stated in all material respects and that they are presented in a manner designed to fairly report the State of Vermont's financial position and results of operations and changes in the net assets/fund balances. Responsibility for the completeness and fairness of the presentation, including all disclosures, rests with the State of Vermont's Department of Finance and Management.

In addition to the MD&A and BFS, this CAFR includes a Required Supplementary Information (RSI) section and a Statistical section. The RSI section contains Budget vs. Actual Schedules; combined fund financial statements that include the State's non-major

Governmental, Proprietary, and Fiduciary Funds, and combined statements for the State's non-major component units. The statistical section presents fiscal, social, and demographic information about the State of Vermont.

Before addressing the topics traditionally covered in this transmittal letter, I will again recognize the obvious. This financial report is significantly late. As many of you know, since taking office in January of 2003, the Administration has worked diligently to resolve problems that developed due to the confluence of two major events in Fiscal Year (FY) 2002:

- Repercussions from the implementation of a new statewide accounting system (VISION) and the resulting technical glitches, steep staff learning curve, pervasive error generation by users, and poor system performance.
- Implementation of GASB Statement Number 34's accounting and reporting standards.

Overcoming these two convergent challenges took an extraordinary amount of time and inevitably resulted in a six-month delay in embarking on the FY 2003 Financial Statements. Additionally the timeline for creating and auditing the attached financial statements was extended by our efforts to compile the first accounting of State of Vermont's Capital Assets by establishing values for thousands of assets, including one thousand parcels of land acquired over the past century. This effort was successful and removed the longstanding audit qualification, which has blemished the State's financial statements for many years.

Other improvements have been accomplished that are prerequisites for putting Vermont back on track for timely financial reporting for FY 2004 and beyond:

- Error rates and the need for resulting rework have declined substantially.
- Year-end closing of the State's financial accounting system, which took 8 months in FY 2002 and 3 months in FY 2003, was accomplished in one month for FY 2004.
- Monthly closings now occur within 10 working days after the end of each month.
- The response time of the State's accounting system improved by two-thirds for several key processes.
- We have reallocated positions to our small financial reporting division. As a result of shifting these resources, we have been able to compile a large percentage of the FY 2004 statements while the attached FY 2003 audit was continuing.

So in conclusion, while the underlying fiscal situation of the State is healthy, particularly in comparison with many other states, the financial reporting process has continued to be challenging. We have instituted much needed changes to improve this situation.

#### The General Fund

The General Fund, the State's largest operating fund, accounts for all revenues and other receipts that are not required by law to be accounted for or deposited in other funds and represents a significant portion of Vermont's financial activity. Tax revenues, principally personal income taxes, sales and use taxes and meals and room taxes constitute approximately 81.62% of the General Fund revenues. The functional assignments for the General Fund expenditures are: General Government, Protection to Persons and Property, Human Services, Employment and Training, General Education, Natural Resources, Commerce and Community Development and Debt Service.

#### **Budget Adoption and Legal Compliance/Budgetary Results**

Note 1 describes the State's budgeting process while schedules for the State's five major governmental funds (comparing each fund's original budget, final budget, actual expenditures incurred on a budgetary basis, and the variance between the final budget and actual expenditures) are included as Required Supplementary Information (RSI). As the adopted budget provides legal control over spending, expenditures cannot exceed amounts appropriated under Vermont law. Budgetary control is exercised by type of fund within appropriation.

#### **Cash and Investments**

Cash deposits are managed by the State in accordance with the provisions of Title 32, Vermont Statutes Annotated, Sections 431-434, which defines the requirements the Treasurer must adhere to when depositing public monies. The State Treasurer pools substantially all cash except that which is required to be maintained separately in accordance with legal restrictions. Note 2 provides more detail regarding this important area.

#### **Risk Management**

The State generally assumes substantially all risk associated with Workers' Compensation, Employee Liability, Employee Health and Life, and General Liability under state law. However, the state has minimized its exposure in several areas by either purchasing commercial insurance coverage or by limiting benefit claim amounts.

#### **Independent Audit**

An independent audit was performed by the independently elected State Auditor of Accounts whose "Independent Auditor's Report" is included in the financial section of this CAFR. The audit described is not intended to meet all requirements of the Federal Single Audit Act of 1996. Rather, the Single Audit Report for the State is issued under separate cover.

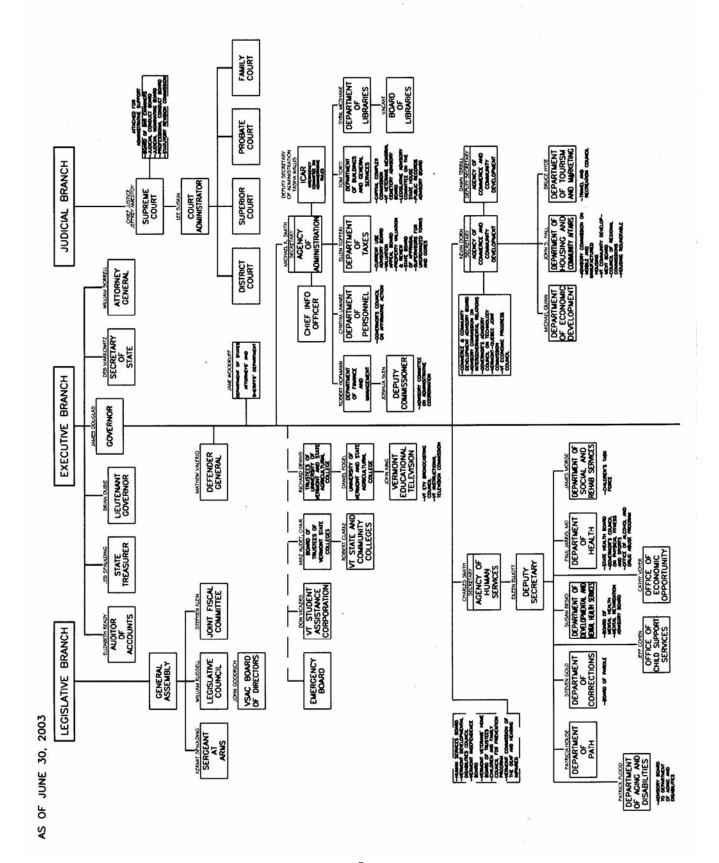
#### Acknowledgements

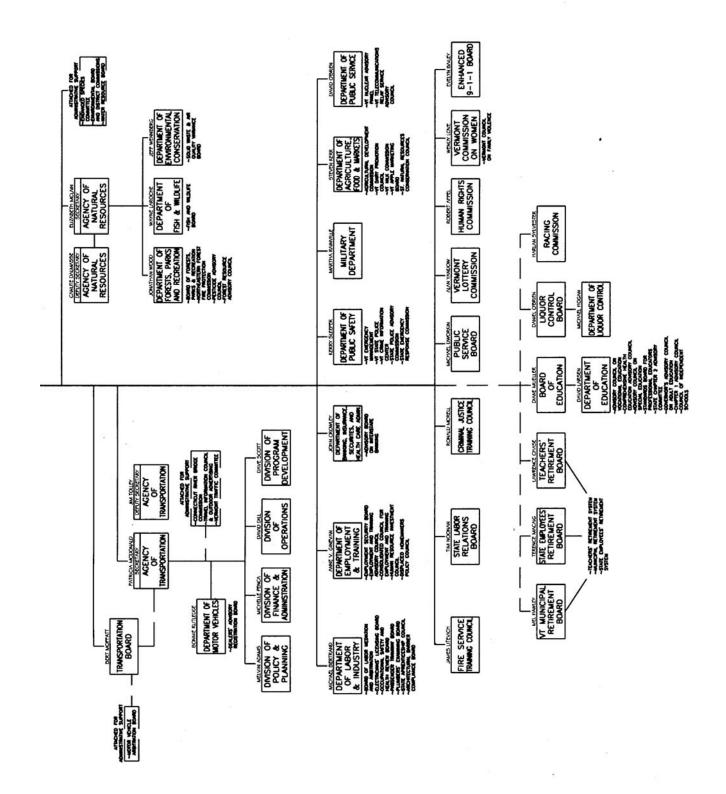
The preparation of this report involved the dedicated work of staff in the Department of Finance and Management, the Treasurer's Office, the Auditor of Accounts' Office and the support of all state agencies and component units, the Legislature, and the Judiciary. We welcome inquiries concerning this report and the finances of the State of Vermont.

Sincerely,

Robert Hofmann Commissioner

December 3, 2004





## SELECTED STATE OFFICIALS As of June 30, 2003

### **EXECUTIVE**

James H. Douglas
Governor

Brian L.Dubie
Lieutenant Governor

Deborah L. Markowitz
Secretary of State

William H. Sorrell
Attorney General

Elizabeth M. Ready
Auditor of Accounts

Jeb Spaulding
State Treasurer

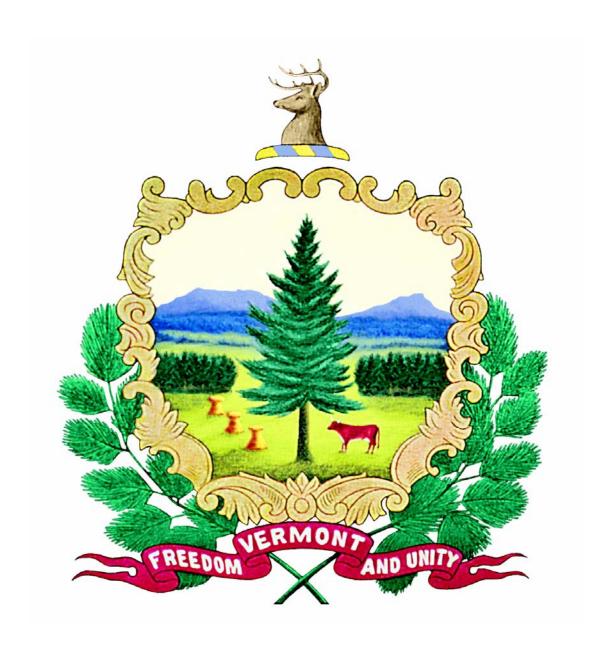
### **JUDICIAL**

Jeffrey L. Amestoy
Chief Justice

### **LEGISLATIVE**

Peter Welch
President Pro Tempore of the State Senate
(30 Senators)

Walter E. Freed
Speaker of the House of Representatives
(150 Representatives)



## FINANCIAL SECTION

#### ELIZABETH M. READY STATE AUDITOR

STATE OF



#### **VERMONT**

# OFFICE OF THE STATE AUDITOR 132 STATE STREET MONTPELIER, VERMONT 05633-5101 Independent Auditor's Report

Speaker, House of Representatives and President Pro-Tem of the Senate Governor General Assembly, State of Vermont State House Montpelier, Vermont

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, the aggregate discretely presented component units, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the State of Vermont, as of and for the year ended June 30, 2003, which collectively comprise the State's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents. These financial statements are the responsibility of the State of Vermont's management. Our responsibility is to express opinions on these financial statements based on our audit. We did not audit the financial statements of certain entities and funds that aggregate the following percentages of total assets and revenues:

Opinion Unit	Percentage of Total Assets	Percentage of Total Revenues
<b>Business-Type Activities</b>	96.0%	79.4%
Aggregate Discretely Presented		
Component Units	100.0%	100.0%
<b>Aggregate Remaining Funds</b>	4.6%	1.0%

Those financial statements were audited by other auditors whose reports thereon have been furnished to us, and our opinion, insofar as it relates to the amounts included for those entities and funds, is based solely upon the reports of the other auditors.

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free of material misstatement.

The financial statements of the Special Environmental Revolving Fund (blended into the Federal Revenue Fund), the Vermont State Infrastructure Bank (blended into the Transportation Fund) and the Vermont Sustainable Jobs Fund (a discretely presented component unit) were not audited in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence supporting the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. An audit also

State Auditor & Deputy (802) 828-2281
Toll Free: 1-877-290-1400

Fax: (802) 828-2198 Website: www.state.vt.us/sao email: auditor@sao.state.vt.us includes assessing the accounting principles used and significant estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall financial statement presentation. We believe that our audit provides a reasonable basis for our opinions.

In our opinion, based on our audit and the reports of other auditors, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, business-type activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information for the State of Vermont as of June 30, 2003, and the respective changes in financial position and cash flows, where applicable, thereof for the year then ended in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

As discussed in Note 10 to the Financial Statements, the State of Vermont changed its method of calculating Medicaid liabilities and personal income tax revenue in fiscal year 2003.

Management's Discussion and Analysis on pages 15 through 29, and the budget to actual — budgetary basis schedules on pages 102 through 107 are not a required part of the basic financial statements but are supplementary information required by accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America. We have applied certain limited procedures, which consisted principally of inquiries of management regarding the methods of measurement and presentation of the required supplementary information. However, we did not audit the information and express no opinion on it.

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the State of Vermont's basic financial statements. The combining, individual fund and account group financial statements listed in the accompanying table of contents are presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not a required part of the basic financial statements. Such information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and, in our opinion, are fairly stated in all material respects in relation to the basic financial statements taken as a whole.

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued a report, dated December 13, 2004, on our consideration of the State's internal control over financial reporting and our tests of its compliance with certain laws and regulations, contracts and grants. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* and should be read in conjunction with this report in considering the results of our audit.

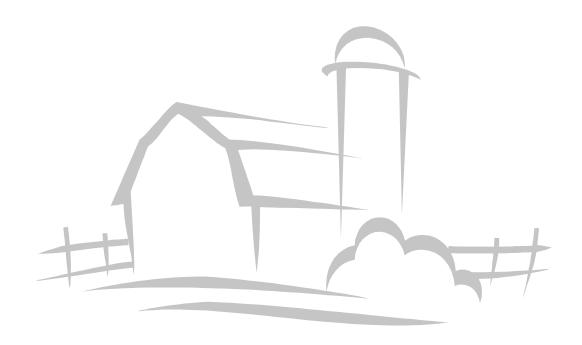
The introductory and statistical sections have not been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and, accordingly, we express no opinion on them.

Elizabeth M. Ready State Auditor

December 13, 2004

Elisbeth M. Ready

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Vermont

#### MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS (MD&A)

We are pleased to present this analysis and discussion of Vermont's financial performance for the fiscal year ending June 30, 2003. This MD&A section is meant to present an easily readable overview and highlights occurring within Vermont during fiscal year 2003. Please read this in conjunction with the transmittal letter found at the front of this report and the financial statements that follow this section. Note that fiscal year 2003 is the first year that Vermont has implemented the comparison requirements of the Governmental Accounting Standards Board's Statement Number 34 (GASB No. 34).

#### **FINANCIAL HIGHLIGHTS**

**Government-Wide Primary Government -** Net assets (assets minus liabilities) of Vermont's primary government at June 30, 2003 totaled \$1.117 billion, a decrease of \$61 million as compared to fiscal year 2002's restated net asset balance of \$1.178 billion. Fiscal year 2002 restatement consists of an increase of \$34 million that was due almost entirely to an increase in reportable capital assets.

The governmental activities total fiscal year 2003 net asset balance of \$848.8 million includes a negative \$169.4 million reported as unrestricted net assets at June 30, 2003. This balance compares to a negative restated unrestricted net asset balance of \$52.9 million at June 30, 2002, a decrease of \$116.5 million. This decrease can be attributed primarily to an increase in the investment in capital assets as reported in the net assets section of the Statement of Net Assets. Unrestricted net assets represent the amount available to be used to meet the State's ongoing obligations to citizens and creditors that has not previously been invested in fixed assets or externally restricted for specific purposes.

The business-type activities for fiscal year 2002 were likewise restated for a change in the inventory valuation in the Federal Surplus Property Fund from a restricted net asset to deferred revenue of \$479,005, which accounts for almost all of the decline in unrestricted net asset value.

Changes In Net Assets – Of the primary government's total decrease in net assets of \$60.2 million (5.11%) in fiscal year 2003, net assets related to governmental activities decreased by \$10.5 million (1.22%) and net assets related to business-type activities decreased by \$49.7 million (15.61%.)

**Discretely Presented Component Units -** reported net assets of \$740.4 million, an increase of \$38.4 million over fiscal year 2002. The greatest portion of this increase can be attributed to increased program revenue in "Charges For Services" and "Operating Grants and Contributions" of \$6.8 million and \$22.9 million respectively; and a one time extraordinary gain on forgiveness of debt of \$7.5 million owed by the Vermont Economic Development Authority to the State of Vermont.

**Fund Level** - Governmental Funds – Fund Balances – As of the close of fiscal year 2003, the State's governmental funds reported a combined ending fund balance of \$251.4 million, a decrease of \$88.1 million over a restated 2002 balance of \$339.5 million. Of this total amount, \$152.1 million represents "unreserved fund balances". Of this \$152.1 million, \$37.3 million is categorized as "designated for specific purposes in the capital projects funds leaving \$114.8 million categorized as "unreserved and undesignated." This \$114.8 million is the amount available for appropriation in the following year and represents 3.75% of FY2003 governmental expenditures. In comparison, fiscal year 2002's "unreserved and undesignated" amount was \$181.9 million which represented 5.95% of the total governmental fund expenditures for that year.

#### **Long-term Debt**

Vermont's primary government's total long-term liabilities increased by \$0.8 million during fiscal year 2003. General Obligation Bonds and Notes Payable outstanding decreased by \$12.7 million while increases in the net pension obligation of \$7.3 million and judgments of \$5.4 million account for the majority of the increases in long-term liability. See Note 19 – Changes in Long-term Liabilities for more information.

#### **OVERVIEW OF THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS**

This discussion and analysis is intended to serve as an introduction to Vermont's Comprehensive Annual Financial Report (CAFR), which includes basic financial statements (BFS), required supplementary information (RSI), other supplementary information and statistical information. Vermont's basic financial statements consist of three components: 1) government-wide financial statements, 2) fund financial statements, and 3) notes to the financial statements. These components are described below.

#### **Basic Financial Statements**

The basic financial statements include two kinds of financial statements that present different views of the State – the **government-wide financial statements** and the **fund financial statements and component unit's financial statements.** The fund financial statements include governmental, proprietary, and fiduciary types of funds that will be described later in this analysis. **Notes to the financial statements** provide explanations and/or additional detail for both of the above type financial statements and are considered an integral part of the financial reporting package.

#### **Government-Wide Financial Statements**

Vermont's government-wide financial statements are designed to present a broad view of the State's operations and financial position in a manner somewhat analogous to a private-sector business. These statements contain both short-term and long-term information about the State's financial position and assist in assessing the State's economic condition at the end of each fiscal year. The State prepares these statements using the "flow of economic resources" measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting. This basically means that the methods utilized to prepare these statements are similar to those used by most private sector businesses in preparing their financial statements. They take into account all financial activity connected with the reported fiscal year including revenues, expenses, transfers, sales or acquisitions of capital assets, and any other activity affecting or possibly affecting the financial condition of the State, even if cash involved has not been received or paid. The government-wide financial statements include two statements:

The *Statement of Net Assets* presents both the primary governments and its component units' assets and liabilities, with the difference between the assets and liabilities reported as "net assets". Over time, increases or decreases in the Primary Government's net assets may serve as an indicator as to whether the financial position of the State is improving or deteriorating.

The *Statement of Activities* presents the financial activity and hence, the reason(s) for the changes in net assets during the reported fiscal year. All changes in financial activities are recognized as soon as the underlying event(s) giving rise to the changes occur, regardless of the timing of related cash flows. Thus, some revenues and expenses reported in this statement will not result in cash flows until future fiscal periods. This statement also presents the relationship between the State's major expenditure functions and the associated sources of program revenues associated with each expenditure function.

Both of the above financial statements segregate Vermont's financial activity into the following three different categories. The governmental activities and business-type activities are combined to report on what is termed primary government activities which is separate and distinct from the activities of the discretely presented component units.

#### **Primary Government Activities**

Governmental Activities – The financial activities reported in this section generally represent those services (functions) normally performed by a government entity. These activities include public education, general government, public health services, legal and judiciary services, natural resources, public safety, regulatory services, social services, and public transportation. Taxes, grants, and intergovernmental revenues are the main sources of funding for these activities.

Business-Type Activities – These business-type activities of the State include the operations of Vermont's enterprise activities. These activities are classified as either major or non-major, depending upon their financial size as compared to each other and to the group as a whole. Activities categorized as major include the unemployment compensation trust fund program, liquor control, and the state lottery commission. Non-major activities include the federal surplus property program, publishing Vermont Life magazine, making equipment loans to municipalities, and several other activities. These activities normally recover all or a portion of their costs through user fees and charges to the external consumers of their goods and services, much like a private business.

#### **Component Units Activities**

Discretely Presented Component Units – These are legally separate (incorporated) entities for which the elected officials of the primary government have financial accountability. The State's discretely presented component units are presented in the aggregate in the government-wide statements. This aggregate total consists of three major and eight non-major component units. This categorization is determined by the relative size of the entities' assets, liabilities, revenues and expenses in relation to the total of all component units. Additional information or financial statements for each of these individual component units can be obtained from their respective administrative offices. Addresses and additional information about the State's component units are presented in Note 1 to the financial statements.

The government-wide financial statements can be found immediately following this management's discussion and analysis.

#### **Fund Financial Statements**

A fund is a grouping of related accounts that is used to maintain control over resources that have been segregated for specific activities or objectives. Vermont's government, like other state and local governments, uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance-related legal requirements.

The fund financial statements focus and report on individual parts of the State government in more detail than the government-wide statements. All of the funds of the State can be divided into three categories: governmental, proprietary, and fiduciary. For the governmental and proprietary funds, the major funds are reported in individual columns in the fund financial statements while the non-major funds are presented in a consolidated column in the fund financial statements. Combining schedules or statements in the Supplementary Information section present detailed non-major fund activity. Fiduciary Funds are reported by fiduciary type (pension trust, private purpose trusts and agency funds) with combining schedules or statements for the individual pension and agency funds presented in the Supplementary Information section. It is important to note that these fund categories use different accounting approaches and should be interpreted differently.

#### The three categories of funds are:

Governmental Funds – Most of the basic services provided by the State are accounted for in the governmental funds. Governmental funds are used to account for essentially the same functions reported as governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements. However, unlike the government-wide financial statements, the governmental fund financial statements focus on near-term inflows and outflows of spendable resources as well as the balances of spendable resources available at the end of the fiscal year. This approach uses the flow of current financial resources measurement focus and the modified accrual basis of accounting. These statements provide a detailed short-term view of the State's finances that assist in determining whether there will be adequate financial resources available to meet the current needs of the State.

Because the time period focus of governmental funds is narrower than that of the government-wide financial statements, it is useful to compare the information presented in the governmental funds with similar information presented for governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements. By doing so, readers may better understand the long-term impact of the government's near-term financing decisions. Schedules reconciling the governmental funds' Balance Sheet and Statement of

Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances to their respective government-wide statements are provided on the pages immediately following each governmental fund financial statement to facilitate this comparison.

The State reports seventeen governmental funds of which five are classified as "major" governmental funds. These major funds include the General Fund, Transportation Fund, Education Fund, Special Fund, and Federal Revenue Fund. Each major fund is presented in a separate column in the Governmental Fund Balance Sheet and in the Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance. The "non-major" governmental funds include the Fish and Wildlife Fund, two capital projects funds, and nine Permanent Funds and are presented in one consolidated column in the governmental fund statements. Combining and individual non-major governmental fund statements are reported in the supplementary information section of this report.

The governmental funds financial statements can be found immediately following the government-wide financial statements.

Proprietary Funds – This category of funds includes enterprise funds (business-type) and internal service funds and report activities that operate much like those of commercial enterprises. These funds' financial reports include a Statement of Net Assets; a Statement of Revenues, Expenses and Changes In Net Assets; and a Statement of Cash Flows.

Enterprise funds account for services provided to the general public, federal government, and non-state government entities. They normally derive their revenue by charging user fees in order to cover the costs of their services.

Internal service funds are used to report activity that provides goods and services to other funds, departments, or agencies of the primary government and its component units, or to other governments on a cost reimbursement basis. Because these funds' activities primarily benefit governmental activities, they have been combined with the governmental activities in the government-wide statements.

Proprietary funds provide the same type of information as the business-type activities section in the government-wide financial statements, only in more detail. Like the government-wide financial statements, enterprise fund financial statements use the accrual basis of accounting, hence there is no reconciliation needed between the government-wide financial statements for business-type activities and the enterprise fund financial statements.

The State reports nine enterprise funds of which three are reported as major funds in separate columns on the proprietary fund statements. These three are the Unemployment Compensation Fund, the Liquor Control Fund, and the Vermont Lottery Commission. The other six enterprise funds are reported as "non-major funds" and are consolidated into one column on the proprietary fund statements.

The State reports twenty-one internal service funds which are reported in one consolidated column entitled "Governmental Activities – Internal Service Funds Total" on the Proprietary Funds Statement of Net Assets; Statement of Revenues, Expenses, and Changes In Net Assets; and Statement of Cash Flows.

The proprietary funds financial statements can be found immediately following the governmental fund financial statements. Combining non-major enterprise and combining internal service fund statements may be found in the supplementary information section.

Fiduciary Funds – These funds are used to account for resources held by the State for the benefit of parties outside of state government. Fiduciary funds are not included in the government-wide financial statements because the resources of these funds are not available to support the State's own programs. They use the accrual basis of accounting.

The State's fiduciary funds are divided into the following three basic categories: the Pension Trust Funds (six separate retirement plans for employees); the Private Purpose Trust Funds (which report only the Unclaimed Property Fund); and the Agency Funds (which account for the assets held for distribution by the State as an agent for other governmental units, organizations or individuals).

The fiduciary funds financial statements can be found immediately following the proprietary funds financial statements. Individual pension trust funds and agency funds financial statements are reported in the supplementary information section of this report.

#### **Discretely Presented Component Units' Financial Statements**

As mentioned previously, the State has included the net assets and activities of three major and nine non-major component units in a single column of such statements labeling them as discretely presented component units. The component units' financial statements can be found immediately after the fiduciary funds. Combining non-major component units' financial statements can be found in the supplementary information of this report.

#### **Notes to the Financial Statements**

The notes provide additional information that is essential to a full understanding of the data presented in the government-wide and the fund financial statements. The notes to the financial statements can be found immediately following the component units' financial statements.

#### Required Supplementary Information Other Than MD&A

The basic financial statements are followed by a section of required supplementary information. This section includes:

Schedules for the General Fund and each major Special Revenue Fund comparing their original budgeted amounts; final budgeted amounts; actual inflows, outflows, and balances stated on the budgetary basis; and variances between the final budgeted amounts and actual amounts presented on a budgetary basis.

Notes to Required Supplementary Information include a schedule reconciling the statutory fund balance presented on a budgetary basis to the fund balance prepared on a modified accrual basis as presented in the governmental fund financial statements for each major governmental fund.

#### OTHER SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

#### **Combining Financial Statements**

The combining fund financial statements referred to earlier in connection with non-major funds and non-major component units are presented following the required supplementary information (RSI). The total columns of these combining financial statements carry to the applicable fund financial statement. These combining statements include the following:

Non-major governmental funds Non-major proprietary (enterprise) funds Internal service funds Fiduciary funds Non-major component units

#### Statistical Data

The data reported in this section includes the following:

A ten-year comparison of revenues by source and expenditures by function- general and major special revenue funds

A discussion of state indebtedness and procedure for authorization for issuing debt A ten-year comparison of general obligation bonded debt to assessed taxable property value and general obligation bonded debt per capita

A ten-year comparison of annual debt service expenditures for bonded debt to fund expenditures – General Fund and Transportation Fund

A ten-year comparison of property values and taxes in Vermont

Demographic Statistics

Income and Sales Tax Rates – ten-year comparison

Vermont's largest employers as of September 2003

#### **GOVERNMENT-WIDE FINANCIAL ANALYSIS**

#### **Net Assets**

As noted earlier, net assets may serve over time as a useful indicator of a government's financial position. The primary government's (government and business-type activities) combined net assets totaled \$1.117 billion at the end of 2003, compared to a restated \$1.178 billion at the end of the previous year, a 5.11% decrease. The 2002 restatement consisted of a \$34 million increase in the governmental activities area due primarily to an increase of \$34 million in net book value of capital assets and a \$479,005 decrease in the restricted net assets for the inventory in the Federal Surplus Property Fund in the business-type activity area, which was reclassified to deferred revenue.

The largest portion of the primary government's net assets (83.09%) reflects its investment in capital assets such as land, buildings, equipment, and infrastructure (road, bridges, and other immovable assets), less any related debt still outstanding that was used to acquire those assets. The State uses these capital assets to provide services to citizens; consequently, these assets are not available for future spending. Although the State's investment in its capital assets is reported net of related debt, it should be noted that the resources needed to repay this debt must be provided from other sources, since the capital assets themselves cannot be used to liquidate these liabilities.

An additional portion of the primary government's net assets (24.53%) represents resources that are subject to external restrictions on how they may be used. Internally imposed designations of resources are not presented as restricted net assets.

The governmental activities' negative unrestricted net assets balance is mainly the result of debt issued by the State for municipal, non-profit or component unit capital purposes that does not result in a governmental activities' capital asset and the statutorily mandated restricting of net assets for the budget stabilization reserves.

The business activities' positive unrestricted net asset balance may be used to meet the State's ongoing obligation to its citizens and creditors.

At the end of fiscal year 2003, the State reported positive total net asset balances in its governmental activities, business-type activities, and discretely presented component units.

The following condensed financial statement information is derived from the State's government-wide June 30, 2003 and 2002 financial statements. Although the government-wide statements include discretely presented component unit activity, the component unit activity has not been included in these condensed statements.

TABLE 1 NET ASSETS (In Millions)

	Governmental			ss-type	Total Primary Government		
	Activ	Activities		<i>i</i> ities			
	2003	2002*	2003	2002*	2003	2002*	
Current assets	\$ 519.5	\$ 502.9	\$ 282.7	\$ 332.1	\$ 802.2	\$ 835.0	
Other assets	203.5	247.7	1.6	1.9	205.1	249.6	
Capital assets	1,088.4	964.0	0.5	0.5	1,088.9	964.5	
Total assets	1,811.4	1,714.6	284.8	334.5	2,096.2	2,049.1	
Long-term debt outstanding	596.6	435.1	1.0	-	597.6	435.1	
Other liabilities	366.0	453.8	15.1	15.6	381.1	469.4	
Total liabilities	962.6	888.9	16.1	15.6	978.7	904.5	
Net assets:							
Invested in capital assets,							
net of debt	928.0	784.0	0.5	0.5	928.5	784.5	
Restricted	90.2	94.3	265.0	314.7	355.2	409.0	
Unrestricted (deficit)	(169.4)	(52.6)	3.1	3.6	(166.3)	(49.0)	
Total net assets	\$ 848.8	\$ 825.7	\$ 268.6	\$ 318.8	\$1,117.4	\$1,144.5	

<sup>\*</sup> Fiscal year 2002 has not been restated. Only fiscal year 2003's beginning balances has been changed.

#### **Changes in Net Assets**

Vermont's primary government's total net assets decreased \$60.2 million (5.11%) during fiscal year 2003. Taxes provided 47.56% of the government's total revenue while 31.31% came from operating and capital grants and contributions (including federal aid). Charges for programs and general revenues other than taxes provided the remaining 21.13% of the total revenues. The primary government's expenses cover a range of services. The largest expenses were incurred in the areas of education (34.83%), human services (40.66%), and transportation (8.10%).

In 2003, governmental activities' expenses exceeded associated program revenues by \$1.65 billion, resulting in the use of approximately \$1.65 billion in general revenues and transfers (mostly taxes) to cover the shortfall.

During fiscal year 2003, business-type activities' expenses (\$231.3 million) exceeded related program revenues (\$180.2 million) by \$51.1 million. Investment earnings of \$18 million partially offset the program revenue shortfall.

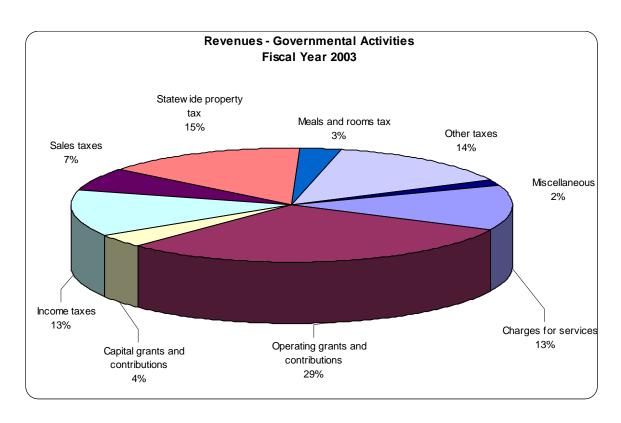
The following condensed table entitled "Changes In Net Assets" presents a comparison of activity for the fiscal years ended June 30, 2003 and 2002 and contains primary government data only.

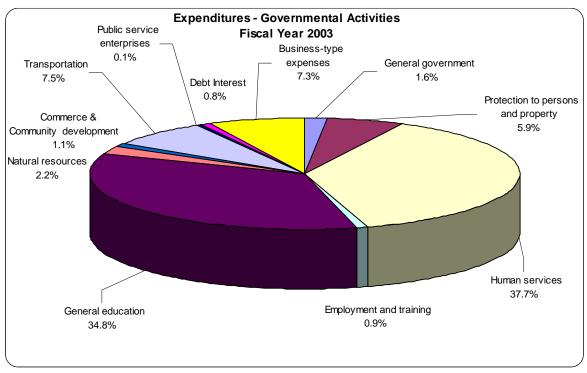
TABLE 2 CHANGES IN NET ASSETS (In Millions)

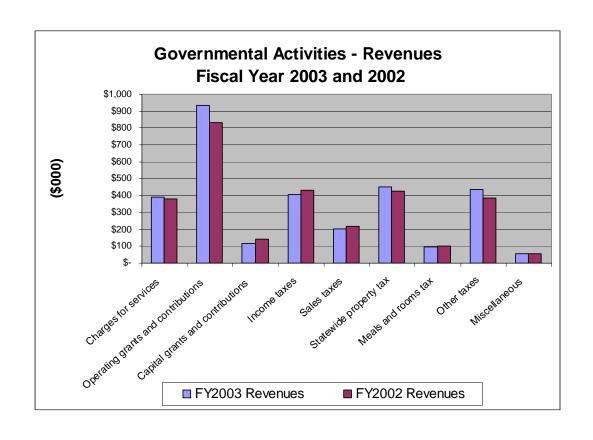
	Governmental Activities		Busines	ss-type	Total		
			Activ	ities	Primary Government		
	2003	2002*	2003	2002*	2003	2002*	
Revenues							
Program Revenues:							
Charges for services	\$ 211.6	\$ 195.8	\$ 180.2	\$ 184.4	\$ 391.8	\$ 380.2	
Operating grants and contributions	935.2	831.1	-	-	935.2	831.1	
Capital grants and contributions	116.0	144.4	-	-	116.0	144.4	
General Revenues			-				
Income taxes	404.9	429.4	-	-	404.9	429.4	
Sales taxes	205.2	217.7	-	-	205.2	217.7	
Statewide property tax	453.9	424.2			453.9	424.2	
Meals and rooms tax	95.4	100.6	-	-	95.4	100.6	
Other taxes	437.6	385.7	-	-	437.6	385.7	
Miscellaneous	37.6	37.9	18.0	19.9	55.6	57.8	
Total Revenues	2,897.4	2,766.8	198.2	204.3	3,095.6	2,971.1	
Expenses							
General government	51.6	87.4	-	-	51.6	87.4	
Protection to persons and property	186.8	173.2	-	-	186.8	173.2	
Human services	1,186.0	1,046.6	-	-	1,186.0	1,046.6	
Employment and training	27.9	26.0	-	-	27.9	26.0	
General education	1,097.0	1,035.8	-	-	1,097.0	1,035.8	
Natural resources	69.5	71.4	-	-	69.5	71.4	
Commerce and community			-				
development	33.8	36.8	-	-	33.8	36.8	
Transportation	236.2	257.5	-	-	236.2	257.5	
Public service enterprises	1.9	2.0	-	-	1.9	2.0	
Interest on long-term debt	26.3	23.5	-	-	26.3	23.5	
Business-type expenses	-	-	231.3	190.3	231.3	190.3	
Total Expenses	2,917.0	2,760.2	231.3	190.3	3,148.3	2,950.5	
Increase (decrease) in net assets							
before transfers	(19.60)	6.60	(33.10)	14.00	(52.70)	20.60	
Transfers	16.60	16.90	(16.60)	(16.90)		-	
Gain (loss) - extraordinary items	(7.50)	-	-	-	(7.50)	-	
Change in net assets	(10.5)	23.5	(49.7)	(2.9)	(60.2)	20.6	
Net assets, beginning of year	, ,		` ,	` ,	. ,		
(as restated)	859.3	802.2	318.3	321.7	1,177.6	1,123.9	
Net assets, end of year	\$ 848.8	\$ 825.7	\$ 268.6	\$ 318.8	\$1,117.4	\$1,144.5	

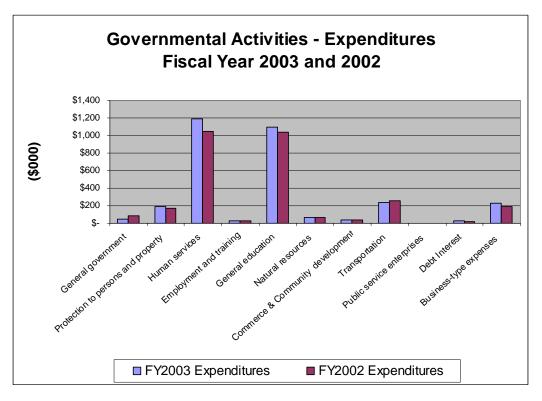
<sup>\*</sup> Fiscal Year 2002's activity has not been restated. Only fiscal year 2003's beginning balances has been changed.

The graphs depicted on the following pages illustrate the Primary Government Activities of revenues and expenditures for Fiscal Year 2003 from the table titled "Changes In Net Assets". Also included is a comparison of revenues and expenditures for fiscal years 2003 and 2002. As indicated above, the activity for fiscal years ended June 30, 2003 and 2002 contains primary government data only.









#### FINANCIAL ANALYSIS OF THE STATE'S INDIVIDUAL FUNDS

As noted earlier, the State uses fund accounting to account for its ongoing operations and to demonstrate compliance with finance-related legal requirements imposed by both legislative mandates as well as externally imposed restrictions.

#### **Governmental Funds**

The focus of the State's governmental funds is to provide information on near-term inflows, outflows, and balances of spendable resources. Such information is useful in assessing the State's financing requirements. In particular, unreserved fund balance may serve as a useful measure of a government's uncommitted net resources available for spending at the end of the fiscal year.

As of the end of fiscal year 2003, the State's governmental funds reported combined ending fund balances of \$251.4 million. The unreserved portion of this fund balance is \$152.1 million or 60.5 %, which is available for spending in the coming year. The remainder of this fund balance is reserved to indicate that it is not available for new spending because it has already been committed: 1) to liquidate contracts and purchase orders of the prior fiscal year (\$19.9 million); 2) for human caseload management (\$17.2 million), 3) to be held in permanent trust funds for education, wildlife and prevention of tobacco related health issues (\$7.4 million), 4) for budget stabilization purposes (\$43.8 million), or 5) for a variety of other restricted purposes (\$10.9 million).

#### **General Fund**

The general fund is the chief operating fund of the State. At the end of fiscal year 2003, the unreserved fund balance of the general fund was \$47.1 million which is a \$50.8 million (51.89%) decrease compared to the \$97.9 million balance at the end of fiscal year 2002. The total fund balance at June 30, 2003 was \$99.8 million, a decrease of \$49.8 million or 33.29% compared to the balance of \$149.6 million at June 30, 2002. Of this total fund balance, \$52.7 million is reserved for various purposes including \$23.6 million in the budget stabilization fund and \$17.2 million for human caseload management.

This decline in fund balance measurement can be attributed to a decline of \$54.3 million in total revenues, led by a \$73.9 million (16.68%) decline in personal income tax revenue. This decline in revenues was offset by a \$39.9 million (6.35%) decrease in general fund expenditures overall. Reduced human services expenditures totaling \$39.7 million, consisting mostly of the State's share of Medicaid funding which now comes from the special fund, accounted for most of this decrease.

As a measure of the general fund's liquidity, it may be useful to compare both unreserved and total fund balances to total fund expenditures. The unreserved portion of its fund balance (\$47.1 million) represents 8% of its total fund expenditures (\$588.2), down from 15.59% in 2002 while its total fund balance (\$99.8 million) represents 16.96% of its total expenditures (\$588.2) down from 23.82% in 2002, both measured on a GAAP basis.

#### **Transportation Fund**

The Transportation Fund experienced a \$22.5 million decrease in total revenues from FY2002 to FY2003. Federal grant revenue decreased \$30.4 million. Revenue categories that realized increased revenue include motor fuel tax (\$1.6 million); fees (\$1.3 million); and non-business licenses (\$5.9 million.)

Total expenditures decreased \$30.5 million from FY2002 to FY2003 with a decrease of \$26.5 million in the area of federal grant transportation expenditures constituting the largest part of the decrease and resulting from the decrease in federal grants expenditures. Decreases in expenditures in protection to persons and property of \$3 million accounted for the majority of the remaining decrease.

Finally, transfers in to the transportation fund primarily from the general fund decreased \$13.9 million while transfers out of the transportation fund to the general fund increased \$7.2 million resulting in a

\$21.1 million decrease in other financing sources (uses) to the transportation fund. All of the above activity resulted in a net decrease of \$11.9 million in the fund balance from FY2002 to FY2003.

#### **Education Fund**

The education fund experienced a decrease in the unreserved portion of its fund balance amounting to \$7.1 million as well as a decline in its total fund balance of \$10.2 million. It also decreased its budget stabilization reserve by \$3.2 million.

The education fund's fiscal year 2003 revenues were up \$39.2 million due mostly to increases in both statewide and local property tax revenue totaling \$38.4 million. Its educational expenditures also were up by \$20 million as the result of increased appropriations which resulted in a reduction in operating loss of \$19.2 million as compared to fiscal year 2002. Net "transfers in" from other funding sources declined by \$11.3 million during fiscal year 2003.

The financial activity resulted in an overall decrease in the education fund's fund balance of \$10.2 million at June 30, 2003 as compared to 2002. The budget stabilization reserve decreased by \$3.2 million while the unreserved portion of its fund balance declined by \$7.1 million. These decreases have resulted in the unreserved undesignated component of the fund balance being reported as a net deficit of \$4.1 million. This component of the fund balance represents assets that have not been designated for specific purposes by the legislature.

#### **Special Fund**

As of July 1, 2002, the Vermont Rehabilitation Corporation's classification was changed from that of a special fund to a discretely presented non-major component unit. This reclassification resulted in a decrease of approximately \$276,000 in the special fund's fiscal year 2003 beginning fund balance.

During fiscal year 2003, total revenue increased by \$44.4 million with \$27.8 million of this increase due to an increase in cigarette tax revenue; the result of an increase in the applicable tax rate. New insurance fees imposed by the Department of Banking, Insurance, Securities and Health Care Administration (BISHCA) accounted for an additional \$9.9 million of the increase.

Total expenditures increased by \$100.6 million (41%) with the Agency of Human Services Medicaid program accounting for the largest portion of the increase (\$87 million). This resulted in the State's 2003 share of Medicaid now being completely funded by the special fund whereas the general fund had funded a portion of it in 2002. An increase of \$9.6 million in general education expenditures and \$4.4 million increase in protection to persons and property account for the majority of the remaining increase in 2003.

#### **Federal Revenue Fund**

The activity in this fund reports all federal grant activity transacted in the State except for federal grants associated with transportation and fish and wildlife. Federal grant activity for these two areas is reported in the Transportation Fund and Fish and Wildlife Fund respectively. For fiscal year 2003, total revenue increased \$102.8 million due primarily to an increase in Federal Medicaid grant revenue. Total expenditures were up \$102.6 million with human services and education expenditures accounting for \$89.1 million and \$15.9 million respectively. The fund balance has remained quite stable decreasing only \$65,284 from FY2002 to FY2003.

#### **Proprietary Funds**

#### **Enterprise Funds**

The State's enterprise funds provide the same type of information found in the business-type activities section in the government-wide financial statements, but in more detail. The Unemployment Compensation Trust Fund is the largest of the enterprise type funds accounting for more than 98.6% of the total net assets reported by the enterprise funds. However, The Unemployment Compensation Trust Fund's total net assets decreased from \$314.2 million at June 30, 2002 to \$265 million at June 30, 2003.

This decrease was the result of operating expenditures (\$130.3 million) being more than double the amount of revenue received (\$63.6 million.) This operating deficit was moderated somewhat by the receipt of \$17.5 million in investment income.

#### **Internal Service Funds**

A new fund, the Financial and Human Resources (HR) Information Fund was reported in the internal service funds for fiscal year 2003. This new fund added \$3.1 million revenue and \$3.7 million of expenses that were not reported in 2002.

The internal service funds' total net assets at June 30, 2003 were \$15.3 million, down from \$19.7 million at June 30, 2002. There was no one fund that accounted for this decrease, but Facilities Operations Fund contributed a loss of \$3.1 million and Property Management fund contributed a loss of \$1.4 million. The remaining funds had both positive and negative contributions. The new fund contributed a loss of \$0.6 million.

Operating Revenue increased \$15.6 million to \$152.4 million during fiscal year 2003. The major contributors to this increase include the medical insurance fund (\$6.3 million) and the Financial and HR Information Fund (\$3.1 million), and the Facilities Operations Fund (\$2.4 million).

Fiscal year 2003's operating expenses totaled \$156.5 million which was an increase of \$25.4 million over fiscal year 2002's operating expenses and, of which the medical insurance fund contributed \$68.9 million (44.1%) and the Financial & Human Resources Information Fund \$3.7 million of the increase. Additionally, in fiscal year 2003, operating expenses of \$156.5 million exceeded operating revenues of \$152.4 million by \$4.1 million.

Finally, it should be remembered that the internal service funds' activity has been combined with the governmental funds' activity in the government-wide financial statements.

#### **ANALYSIS OF GENERAL FUND BUDGET HIGHLIGHTS**

Differences between the general fund's original and final budget resulted in a \$40.4 million increase in expenditures and can be briefly summarized as follows:

- Protection to Persons and Property received \$8 million in supplemental appropriations for increased expenses in providing police protection and in the judiciary budget.
- Human Services received \$21 million in supplemental appropriations for increased expenses. For fiscal year 2003, Human Services' original budgeted amount was reduced from 2002's appropriation due to the fact that beginning in FY2003, Medicaid was to be funded with special fund and federal revenues fund sources only, thereby reducing budgeted general fund.
- General Education and Natural Resources received \$4.7 million and \$4.2 million respectively in supplemental appropriations for increased expenditures.

The remaining functional areas received a combined increase of \$4.8 million except general government which realized a reduction of \$2.1 million. This reduction in general government general fund expense was the result of the implementation of the Department of Buildings and General Services direct billing of facilities operations expense (rent) to departments and the fact that funding sources other than general fund could be used by departments to pay this rent; and the implementation of the new Financial and HR fund as an internal service fund which was previously budgeted in the general fund.

As budgetary revenue estimates were less than actual budgetary revenue amounts received, a portion of these supplemental appropriations were funded by this additional revenue as well as from available fund balances. During the year, actual budgetary-based revenues received exceeded the original and final budgetary estimates by approximately \$13.5 million and \$10.6 million respectively with tax revenue received exceeding the final budgeted revenue estimate by \$15 million.

Actual expenditures as calculated on a budgetary basis ended up being \$17.6 million more than the original budget but \$22.9 million less than the final appropriated amounts.

#### PRIMARY GOVERNMENT'S CAPITAL ASSETS AND DEBT ADMINISTRATION

#### **Capital Assets**

At June 30, 2003, the State's primary government reported a combined capital asset figure for its governmental and business-type activities of \$1.875 billion which included a "construction in progress" amount of \$364 million. Accumulated depreciation totaled \$786.4 million, which left a net book value of \$1.1 billion. This investment in capital assets includes land, buildings, improvements, equipment, infrastructure and construction in progress. Infrastructure assets are items that are normally immovable and of value only to the State, such as roads, bridges, streets and sidewalks, drainage systems, lighting systems, and similar items.

Total additions to the State's primary government's investment in capital assets for fiscal year 2003 were \$153.0, with \$123.1 million being in construction in progress. Much of this amount was used to construct or reconstruct roads and bridges. Depreciation charges for the year totaled \$61.8 million. Additional information on the State's capital assets can be found in Note 4 of the notes to the financial statements of this report.

#### **Debt Administration**

The State has no constitutional or other limit on its power to issue obligations or to incur debt besides borrowing only for public purposes. In 1990 the General Assembly created the Capital Debt Affordability Advisory Committee and made it responsible for overseeing the long-term capital planning for the State. The authorization and issuance of State debt including all the terms and other related terms are statutory. Bonds authorized for a given fiscal year may, at the discretion of the State Treasurer with the approval of the Governor, be issued in the fiscal year, in the months of May and June preceding such fiscal year, or in subsequent fiscal years. Bonds are backed by the full faith and credit of the State, including the State's power to levy additional taxes to ensure repayment of the debt.

The State of Vermont's outstanding bond debt decreased by a net \$12.7 million during fiscal year 2003. This decrease can be accounted for by the issuance of \$67.4 million worth of general obligation bonds and accretion of \$3.3 million in principal on the State's capital appreciation bonds offset by the redemption of \$51.4 million and the defeasance of \$32 million in outstanding debt. Additional information on the State's long-term indebtedness is contained in Note 8 of the notes to the financial statements. The State's bond ratings as of October 2003 are as follows: Moody's – Aa1; S&P – AA+; and Fitch – AA+.

#### **ECONOMIC CONDITIONS**

According to the economic forecast and opinions put forth by Economic and Policy Resources, Inc of Williston, Vermont, which utilizes the underlying forecast contained in "The Economic.com National Forecast Assumptions" provided by Economy.com of West Chester, Pa. and which was completed in conjunction with the New England Economic Project (NEEP), the U.S economic recovery appears to be showing real signs of a rebound beginning with the second half of calendar year 2003. Most recovery indicators seem to be up with one exception; recovery in the U.S. labor market conditions. The off-shoring of American jobs as well as meager wage growth along with strong productivity gains and increasing demand has resulted in increased corporate profits. This increased profitability has resulted in increased levels of business investment and renewed hiring in calendar 2004. However, even with the above, there are strong indicators that the pace of this economic recovery will be more subdued and uneven than past ones.

Vermont's labor markets continue to make progress, but the recovery remains uneven. Progress has been affected by several major job reductions at IBM's Essex Junction, Vermont plant. As of March 2004, announced job reductions at the IBM facility now total 1700 jobs over the last two and one-half years. These reductions have acted to restrain the pace of job recovery across that period, but even so,

Vermont's pace of job recovery remains somewhat better than the national average. It ranks 21st among the 50 states for year over year private sector payroll job changes (and 20<sup>th</sup> for total payroll jobs) for the year ended March 2004.

It should be noted that Vermont's total economic picture including the economic facts and forecasts presented above are considered by legislative leaders and management in preparing the State's budget for both current and future years.

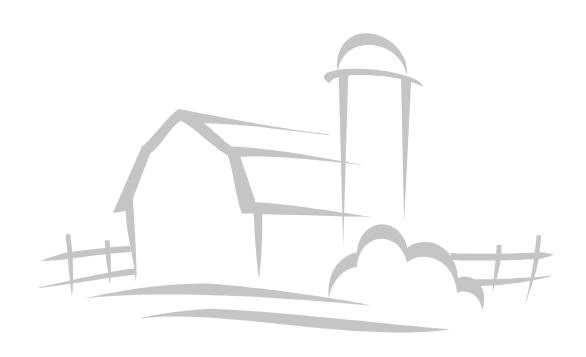
#### REQUESTS FOR INFORMATION

This financial report is designed to provide a general overview of the State of Vermont's finances for all of Vermont's citizens, taxpayers, customers, and investors and creditors. This financial report seeks to demonstrate the State's accountability for the money it receives. Questions concerning any of the information provided in this report or requests for additional information should be addressed to:

State of Vermont
Department of Finance and Management
109 State Street
Pavilion Building
Montpelier, Vermont 05609-0401

The State's component units issue their own separately issued financial statements. Their statements may be obtained by directly contacting them at the addresses found in Note 1 to the state's financial statements.

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Vermont



## **BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS**

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Vermont



## GOVERNMENT-WIDE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

#### STATE OF VERMONT STATEMENT OF NET ASSETS JUNE 30, 2003

		JUNE 30,	2003				
	Primary Government					Discretely Presented	
	Governmental		Business-type				Component
		Activities		Activities		Total	 Units
ASSETS						_	_
Current assets:							
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	205,149,737	\$	263,106,310	\$	468,256,047	\$ 321,790,694
Taxes receivable		111,042,033		8,333,809		119,375,842	-
Loans and notes receivable-current		5,078,998		1,676,022		6,755,020	141,132,397
Federal grants receivable		136,264,828		718,345		136,983,173	15,103,246
Other receivables		37,695,386		1,062,358		38,757,744	67,915,378
Investments		8,755,297		4,371,623		13,126,920	124,139,261
Inventories		3,003,115		4,778,500		7,781,615	2,163,409
Internal balances		1,442,718		(1,442,718)		-	-
Receivable from primary government		-		-		-	41,655
Receivable from component units		10,153,406		-		10,153,406	-
Other current assets		921,489		123,455		1,044,944	9,656,141
Total current assets		519,507,007		282,727,704		802,234,711	 681,942,181
Noncurrent assets:							
Cash and cash equivalents		-		675,459		675,459	8,980,577
Taxes receivable		26,995,145		-		26,995,145	-
Other receivables		16,328,331		60,734		16,389,065	-
Notes and loans receivable		131,159,077		801,121		131,960,198	1,521,132,307
Investments		27,629,649		-		27,629,649	365,108,684
Other noncurrent assets		1,365,113		-		1,365,113	27,123,524
Capital assets:							
Land		66,560,594		-		66,560,594	17,810,928
Construction in progress		364,000,075		-		364,000,075	652,886
Works of art		111,521				111,521	-
Capital assets being depreciated:							
Infrastructure		1,080,423,167		-		1,080,423,167	16,213,062
Property, plant and equipment		363,080,731		1,184,229		364,264,960	502,198,519
Less accumulated depreciation		(785,773,282)		(650,459)		(786, 423, 741)	(260,727,276)
Total capital assets, net of depreciation		1,088,402,806	_	533,770		1,088,936,576	 276,148,119
Total noncurrent assets		1,291,880,121	-	2,071,084		1,293,951,205	 2,198,493,211
Total assets		1,811,387,128		284,798,788		2,096,185,916	2,880,435,392

	1	Primary Government		Discretely Presented
_ 	Governmental Activities	Business-type Activities	Total	Component Units
LIABILITIES				
Current liabilities:				
Accounts payable and other current liabilities	180,384,667	9,849,534	190,234,201	50,428,355
Income tax refunds payable	51,240,775	-	51,240,775	-
Payable to primary government	-	-	-	10,153,406
Payable to component units	41,655	-	41,655	
Accrued interest payable	9,367,868	-	9,367,868	3,217,851
Bonds, notes and leases payable	50,495,000	-	50,495,000	132,183,687
Compensated absences	16,970,133	183,530	17,153,663	, , -
Claims and judgments	11,205,846	3,256,533	14,462,379	-
Current portion of other long-term liabilities	-	-	-	1,514,889
Deferred revenue	46,276,727	1,886,584	48,163,311	32,229,989
Total current liabilities	365,982,671	15,176,181	381,158,852	229,728,177
Long-term liabilities:				
Lottery prize awards payable		879,715	879,715	
Bonds, notes and leases payable	423,290,874	-	423,290,874	1,875,845,033
Compensated absences	8,461,837	97,669	8,559,506	-
Claims and judgments	22,198,569	-	22,198,569	
Other long-term liabilities	142,635,885	_	142,635,885	34,507,149
Total long-term liabilities	596,587,165	977,384	597,564,549	1,910,352,182
Total liabilities	962,569,836	16,153,565	978,723,401	2,140,080,359
NET ASSETS				
Invested in capital assets, net of related debt	928,020,928	533,770	928,554,698	154,068,373
Restricted for:	920,020,920	555,770	920,554,090	104,000,373
Unemployment compensation	-	264,989,370	264,989,370	-
Component unit net assets	-	-	-	404,226,821
Funds held in permanent investments:				
Expendable	1,705,584	-	1,705,584	-
Nonexpendable	7,416,453	-	7,416,453	-
Budget stabilization	43,796,371	-	43,796,371	-
Capital projects	37,299,263	-	37,299,263	-
Unrestricted	(169,421,307)	3,122,083	(166,299,224)	182,059,839
Total net assets	\$ 848,817,292	\$ 268,645,223	\$ 1,117,462,515	\$ 740,355,033

### STATE OF VERMONT STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2003

		Program Revenues			
	Expenses	Charges for Services	Operating Grants and Contributions	Capital Grants and Contributions	
Functions/Programs					
Primary Government:					
Governmental activites:					
General government	\$ 51,573,621	\$ 11,603,365	\$ 2,682,062	\$ -	
Protection to persons & property	186,817,842	79,397,311	39,089,341	-	
Human services	1,185,924,153	30,390,548	724,465,478	-	
Employment & training	27,906,916	2,881,059	24,252,257	-	
General education	1,096,988,222	1,874,304	85,323,777	-	
Natural resources	69,459,648	18,962,892	19,746,667	14,329,014	
Commerce & community development	33,849,108	1,088,366	14,657,190	-	
Transportation	236,214,373	63,778,498	24,966,936	101,693,631	
Public service enterprises	1,897,774	1,674,427	-	-	
Interest on long-term debt	26,358,563	-	-	-	
Total governmental activites	2,916,990,220	211,650,770	935,183,708	116,022,645	
Business-type activites:					
Vermont Lottery Commission	63,650,809	79,412,447	-	_	
Liquor Control	34,357,279	34,254,147	-	_	
Unemployment Compensation	130,315,726	63,633,038	-	_	
Other	3,026,310	2,920,076	-	_	
Total business-type activities	231,350,124	180,219,708	0	0	
Total primary government	\$ 3,148,340,344	\$ 391,870,478	\$ 935,183,708	116,022,645	
Component Units:					
University of Vermont	\$ 379,503,000	\$ 182,705,000	\$ 182,640,000	\$ 11,475,000	
Vermont State Colleges	106,498,224	58,679,187	45,488,379	874,755	
Vermont Student Assistance Corporation	93,829,000	57,775,000	41,700,000	J. 7, 133	
Other	61,389,984	37,123,566	16,069,747	_	
Total component units	\$ 641,220,208	\$ 336,282,753	\$ 285,898,126	\$ 12,349,755	
1	, ,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,	,,,		, :=,::,::00	

# 

# Extraordinary items:

General Revenues: Taxes:

Changes in net assets.....

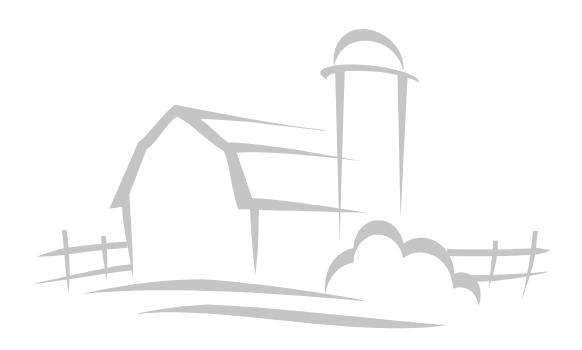
Net Assets - Beginning, restated (see Note 10)....

Net Assets - Ending.....

# Net (Expense) Revenue and Changes in Net Assets

F	Discretely		
Governmental Business-type Activities Activites To		Total	Presented Component Units
\$ (37,288,194)	\$ -	\$ (37,288,194)	\$ -
(68,331,190)	-	(68,331,190)	-
(431,068,127)	-	(431,068,127)	-
(773,600)	-	(773,600)	-
(1,009,790,141)	-	(1,009,790,141)	-
(16,421,075)	-	(16,421,075)	-
(18,103,552)	-	(18,103,552)	-
(45,775,308)	-	(45,775,308)	-
(223,347)	-	(223,347)	-
(26,358,563)		(26,358,563)	
(1,654,133,097)	0	(1,654,133,097)	0
-	15,761,638	15,761,638	-
_	(103,132)	(103,132)	_
-	(66,682,688)	(66,682,688)	-
-	(106,234)	(106,234)	-
0	(51,130,416)	(51,130,416)	0
(1,654,133,097)	(51,130,416)	(1,705,263,513)	0
-	-	-	(2,683,000)
-	-	-	(1,455,903)
-	-	-	5,646,000
			(8,196,671)
0	0	0	(6,689,574)
404,947,697	-	404,947,697	-
205,205,492	-	205,205,492	-
95,354,842	-	95,354,842	-
82,089,177	-	82,089,177	-
71,257,920	-	71,257,920	-
453,868,075 284,253,279	-	453,868,075 284,253,279	11,088,000
1,596,976,482	0	1,596,976,482	11,088,000
4,602,180	18,011,637	22,613,817	27,195,488
30,545,249	-	30,545,249	-
2,446,521	2,646	2,449,167	62,323
16,582,383	(16,582,383)	_, ,	-
1,651,152,815	1,431,900	1,652,584,715	38,345,811
(7 500 000)		(7.500.000)	7 500 000
(7,500,000)		(7,500,000)	7,500,000 (755,815)
(10,480,282)	(49,698,516)	(60,178,798)	38,400,422
859,297,574	318,343,739	1,177,641,313	701,954,611
\$ 848,817,292	\$ 268,645,223	\$ 1,117,462,515	\$ 740,355,033

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Vermont



# GOVERMENTAL FUNDS FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

# STATE OF VERMONT BALANCE SHEET GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS JUNE 30, 2003

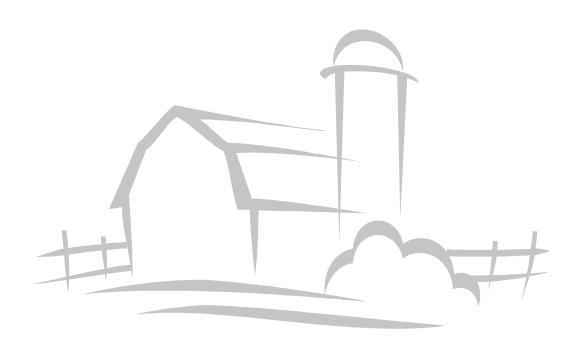
	Ge	eneral Fund	Tra	nsportation Fund	Edu	ıcation Fund
ASSETS:	_		_		_	
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	22,805,481	\$	1,806,060	\$	11,314,848
Investments		-		=		-
Receivables:		101 -0- 000				0.400.040
Taxes receivable (net)		121,537,086		6,900,181		6,466,646
Accrued interest receivable		-		-		-
Notes and loans receivable		8,609,999		868,666		-
Other receivables (net)		2,025,242		10,093,768		-
Intergovernmental receivable - federal				00 000 070		
government				22,908,370		-
Due from other funds		523,742		214,789		730,713
Due from component units		2,806,037		1,599,285		-
Interfund receivable		25,148,970		=		=
Advances to other funds		323,700		=		=
Advances to component units		1,921,695				=
Restricted cash				1,675,523		-
Total assets	\$	185,701,952	\$	46,066,642	\$	18,512,207
LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCE						
LIABILITIES:						
Accounts payable	\$	10,193,179	\$	10,995,921	\$	9,911,352
Accrued liabilities	*	7,847,668	•	4,481,903	•	-
Retainage payable		243,184		2,717,193		_
Accrued interest payable		60,718		3,112		_
Due to other funds		905,830		675,614		214,660
Due to component units		-		41,655		,000
Tax refunds payable		538,060		,		_
Deferred revenue		66,160,638		22,693,141		1,343,977
Total liabilities		85,949,277		41,608,539		11,469,989
FUND BALANCE:						
Reserved for:						
Encumbrances		977,136		58,618		34,127
Budget stabilization		23,564,564		9,156,195		11,075,612
Debt service		50,197		-		-
Advances and notes receivable		10,855,394		-		-
Human caseload management		17,243,422		=		-
Endowments		-		=		-
Unreserved:						
Designated for specific purposes		=		=		=
Undesignated		47,061,962		(4,756,710)		(4,067,521)
Total fund balance		99,752,675		4,458,103		7,042,218
Total liabilities and fund balance	•	185,701,952	•	46,066,642	\$	18 512 207
i viai nabiniles and iunu balance	φ	103,101,332	Ψ	+0,000,042	Ψ	18,512,207

Sp	pecial Fund	Re	Federal evenue Fund		Nonmajor overnmental Funds	G	Total overnmental Funds
\$	37,483,182	\$	37,449,771	\$	48,859,982	\$	159,719,324
Ψ	27,337,380	Ψ	57,449,771	Ψ	9,047,566	Ψ	36,384,946
	27,007,000				0,047,000		00,004,040
	3,048,453		_		84,812		138,037,178
	1,000		_		-		1,000
	190,000		126,569,410		_		136,238,075
	17,350,281		11,344,397		456,348		41,270,036
	,,		,,		,		,,,
	-		112,866,821		489,637		136,264,828
	6,759,770		1,583,899		4,596		9,817,509
	-		3,826,389		-		8,231,711
	_		-		_		25,148,970
	-		_		-		323,700
	_		_		_		1,921,695
	3,430,000		_		-		5,105,523
	· · · ·						
\$	95,600,066	\$	293,640,687	\$	58,942,941	\$	698,464,495
œ	27 020 542	<b>c</b>	00 540 000	<b>c</b>	0.047.507	<b>c</b>	452.007.005
\$	37,830,513	\$	82,549,323	\$	2,347,537	\$	153,827,825
	2,299,499		5,196,010		401,432		20,226,512
	1,494,583		92,850		115,127		4,662,937
	33,906		4 505 405		-		97,736
	850,470		1,585,405		251,557		4,483,536
	-		-		-		41,655
	10 414 917		160 601 751		-		538,060 263,234,324
	10,414,817		162,621,751				203,234,324
	52,923,788		252,045,339		3,115,653		447,112,585
	4 040 004		44 004 000		5 750 044		40,000,400
	1,840,921		11,201,089		5,750,211		19,862,102
	-		-		-		43,796,371
	-		-		-		50,197
	-		-		-		10,855,394
	-		-		7 440 450		17,243,422
	-		-		7,416,453		7,416,453
	_		-		37,299,263		37,299,263
_	40,835,357		30,394,259		5,361,361		114,828,708
	42,676,278		41,595,348		55,827,288		251,351,910
	25 222 222				F0.012.21:	_	000 464 455
\$	95,600,066	\$	293,640,687	\$	58,942,941	<u>\$</u>	698,464,495

# State of Vermont Reconciliation of Governmental Fund Balances to the Statement of Net Assets - Governmental Activities June 30, 2003

Total fund balances from previous page		\$	251,351,910
Capital assets used in governmental activities (net of internal service funds' capital assets) are not considered financial resources for fund perspective reporting and, therefore, are not reported in the funds. Those assets consist of:			
Land  Construction in progress  Depreciable capital assets and infrastructure,	66,534,438 363,587,536		
net of \$761,228,786 of accumulated depreciation	633,162,058		
Capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation			1,063,284,032
Internal service funds are used by management to charge the costs of certain activities, such as insurance and telecommunications, to certain funds. The assets and			
liabilities of the internal service funds are included in the governmental activities in the statement of net assets			15,168,346
Amount presented in the statement of net assets relating to, but not in fund balances due to different basis of accounting include:			
Long-term assets are not available to pay for current-period expenditures and therefore are reported as deferred revenues in the governmental funds			218,271,332
Deferred charge for unamortized bond issuance costs  Deferred for unamoritized gain on sale of refunding bonds			475,900 889,213
Long-term liabilities, including bonds payable, are not due and payable in the current period and therefore are not considered financial liabilities for fund perspective reporting, and therefore, are not reported in the funds. These liabilities include:			
Bonded debt	(473,785,874)		
Accrued interest payable on bonds  Compensated absences (net of internal service funds' liability)	(9,270,132) (24,228,835)		
Tax refunds payable	(50,702,715)		
Other long-term liabilities	(142,635,885)		
Long-term liabilities		_	(700,623,441)
Net assets of governmental activities		\$ _	848,817,292

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Vermont

# STATE OF VERMONT STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2003

	General Fund	Transportation Fund	Education Fund
REVENUES:			
Taxes:			
Personal income tax	\$ 369,498,175	\$ -	\$ -
Corporate income tax	26,731,020	-	6,269,864
Sales and use tax	217,983,997	-	-
Meals and rooms	83,065,137	-	18,810,967
Motor fuel tax	-	54,183,114	10,833,015
Purchase and use tax	-	68,619,196	13,469,981
Statewide property tax	-	-	453,913,699
Other taxes	105,269,018	16,667,627	53,114,886
Earnings of departments:			
Fees	8,168,611	3,314,869	2,532,729
Rents and leases	-	619,034	_
Sales of service	1,645,369	65,065	-
Federal grants	-	122,152,213	-
Fines, forfeits and penalties	3,346,942	8,570,496	-
Investment income	1,408,677	73,390	14,672
Licenses:	-		
Business	2,709,071	695,972	-
Non-business	98,883	54,513,141	_
Special assessments	148,393	-	-
Other revenues	1,436,911	2,308,644	-
Total revenues	821,510,204	331,782,761	558,959,813
EXPENDITURES:			
General government	35,258,263	10,072,835	_
Protection to persons and property	64,382,741	28,320,277	_
Human services	270,663,749	2,011,331	_
Employment & training	1,329,245	_,0::,00:	_
General education	118,055,931	5,413,925	838,313,081
Natural resources	17,280,505	1,085,676	-
Commerce and community development	13,332,319	-	_
Transportation	10,002,013	284,553,067	_
Public service enterprises	_	-	_
Debt service	67,902,550	2,820,399	=
Total expenditures	588,205,303	334,277,510	838,313,081
<b>-</b>			
Excess of revenues over (under) expenditures	233,304,901	(2.404.740)	(270 252 269)
(under) expenditures	233,304,901	(2,494,749)	(279,353,268)
Other Financing Sources (Uses):			
Proceeds from the sale of bonds	-	-	-
Proceeds from the sale of refunding bonds	30,016,694	1,538,306	-
Premium on sale of bonds	2,115,034	108,392	-
Payment to bond escrow agent	(32,131,728)	(1,646,698)	-
Premium on sale of short-term notes	678,750	-	-
Transfers in	33,335,916	1,674,543	270,210,675
Transfers (out)	(314,955,861)	(11,086,148)	(1,071,234)
Total other financing sources (uses)	(280,941,195)	(9,411,605)	269,139,441
Extraordinary item			
Loss on forgiveness of notes receivable	(2,204,948)		
Net change in fund balances	(49,841,242)	(11,906,354)	(10,213,827)
Fund balance, July 1, restated (see Note 10)	149,593,917	16,364,457	17,256,045
Fund balance, June 30	\$ 99,752,675	\$ 4,458,103	\$ 7,042,218

Special Fund	Federal Revenue Fund	Total Nonmajor Governmental Funds	Total Governmental Funds
\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 369,498,175
-	-	-	33,000,884
-	=	-	217,983,997
5,226,366	-	1,015,426	101,876,104 71,257,921
-	=	-	82,089,177
-	-	-	453,913,699
110,573,401	-	-	285,624,932
33,522,624	=	231,456	47,770,289
227,266	-	66,256	912,556
11,408,701	- 909,927,497	4,109,066	13,119,135 1,036,188,776
3,198,372	909,927,497	34,760	15,150,570
3,027,850	323,350	713,891	5,561,830
5,592,014	-	1,865	8,998,922
2,127,914	-	6,088,509	62,828,447
22,286,195 77,644,328	3,297,237	19,699 450,690	22,454,287 85,137,810
274,835,031	913,548,084	12,731,618	2,913,367,511
8,716,575	2,562,390	9,164,326	65,774,389
58,651,613	32,903,139	2,161,948	186,419,718
228,674,088	699,272,083	2,345,362	1,202,966,613
2,299,071	24,276,352	-	27,904,668
14,430,007 22,750,763	90,559,263 29,818,050	23,880,138 16,422,291	1,090,652,345 87,357,285
5,441,840	14,189,446	879,810	33,843,415
425,503	-	3	284,978,573
1,897,774	-	-	1,897,774
2,491,045		-	73,213,994
345,778,279	893,580,723	54,853,878	3,055,008,774
(70,943,248)	19,967,361	(42,122,260)	(141,641,263)
-	-	35,800,000	35,800,000
-	=	-	31,555,000
190,378	-	-	2,413,804
-	=	-	(33,778,426)
92,772,078	2,926,589	370,201	678,750 401,290,002
(25,352,367)	(22,959,234)	(6,797,716)	(382,222,560)
67,610,089	(20,032,645)	29,372,485	55,736,570
			(2,204,948)
(3,333,159)	(65,284)	(12,749,775)	(88,109,641)
46,009,437	41,660,632	68,577,063	339,461,551
\$ 42,676,278	\$ 41,595,348	\$ 55,827,288	\$ 251,351,910

# State of Vermont

# Reconciliation of Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances - Governmental Funds to the Statement of Activities - Governmental Activities For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2003

Total net change in fund balances from the previous page	\$ (88,109,641)
Governmental funds report capital outlay as expenditures. However, in the statement of activities, the cost of these assets is allocated over their estimated useful lives as depreciation expense. This is the amount by which capital outlay exceeded depreciation in the current period (net of internal service funds).	
Capital outlay/functional expenditures  Depreciation expense and expensed net book value of disposed capital assets	145,421,670 (57,595,361)
Repayment of bond principal is reported as an expenditure in governmental funds, but the repayment reduces long-term liabilities in the statement of net assets.	
Principal repayment	51,355,000 33,778,426
Bond proceeds provide current financial resources to the governmental funds, but issuing debt increases long-term liabilities in the statement of net assets.	
Bonds issued Refunding bonds issued Bond premium is amortized over the life of the bonds in the statement of activities Refunding bonds gain amortized over the life of the refunded bonds	(35,800,000) (31,555,000) (2,202,267) (889,213)
Bond issuance costs are reported as expenditures in the governmental funds, but this cost is amortized over the life of the bonds in the statement of activities	233,360
Receivables in the governmental funds that are not available to provide current financial resources are not reported as revenues in the governmental funds	(13,265,108)
Estimated personal income tax refunds that are not due and payable are not governmental fund liabilities	(6,593,172)
Some expenses reported in the statement of activities do not require the use of current financial resources and, thererfore, are not reported as expenditures in the governmental funds.	
Net increase in accrued interest payable  Accreted interest on capital appreciation bonds  Decrease in compensated absences  Increase in employer pension related costs  Decrease in arbitrage rebate liability	(501,109) (3,320,784) 824,555 (7,288,589) 305,863
Internal service funds are used by management to charge the costs of certain activities, such as insurance and telecommunications to individual funds.  The net revenue (expense) of the internal service funds is reported with governmental activities.	(4,376,313)
Notes and loans issued by governmental funds are reported as an expenditure in governmental funds and repayments are reported as a revenue in the governmental funds, but the issuances and repayment increase or decrease	
notes and loans receivable in the statement of net assets	 9,097,401
Total changes in net assets of governmental activities as reported on the statement of activities	\$ (10,480,282)



# PROPRIETARY FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

# STATE OF VERMONT STATEMENT OF NET ASSETS PROPRIETARY FUNDS JUNE 30, 2003

	Business-type Activities - Enterprise Funds					unds	
ASSETS		Unemployment Compensation Trust Fund		Liquor Control Fund		Vermont Lottery Commission	
Current Assets:						_	
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	259,391,051	\$	1,977,126	\$	583,725	
Investments		-		-		4,371,623	
Receivables:							
Taxes receivable		8,333,809		-		-	
Accrued interest receivable		-		-		-	
Accounts receivable (net of allowance for uncollectibles)		142,027		230,384		508,252	
Loans receivable		-		-		-	
Due from other funds		-		-		214,660	
Intergovernmental receivable - federal		718,345		-		-	
Inventories, at cost		-		3,339,226		438,079	
Prepaid expenses		-					
Total current assets		268,585,232		5,546,736		6,116,339	
Restricted and Noncurrent Assets:							
Cash-subscription reserve fund		-		-		-	
Loans receivable		_		_		-	
Accounts receivable - subscriptions		_		_		_	
Imprest cash and change fund - advances		_		5,700		_	
Total restricted & noncurrent assets		0		5,700		0	
Capital Assets:							
Land		_		_		_	
Construction in Process		_		_		_	
Machinery, equipment and buildings		_		845,776		259,280	
Less accumulated depreciation		_		(400,206)		(179,614)	
Total capital assets, net of depreciation		0		445,570		79,666	
Total assets		268,585,232		5,998,006		6,196,005	
LIABILITIES							
Current Liabilities:							
Accounts payable		3,566,987		5,607,061		247,524	
Accrued salaries and benefits		-		304,755		110,344	
Claims payable		_		· -		3,256,533	
Due to agents		_		172,227		-	
Due to other funds		28,875		286,122		730,713	
Interfund payable		-		· -		· -	
Future and unclaimed prizes payable		_		_		879,715	
Deferred revenue		_		_		273,645	
Total current liabilities		3,595,862		6,370,165		5,498,474	
Liabilities Payable From Restricted Assets:							
Unexpired subscriptions  Cash advances by state treasurer		-		- - 700		200.000	
Total liabilities payable from restricted assets		0		5,700 <b>5,700</b>	-	300,000	
Total habilities payable from restricted assets		<u> </u>		5,700		300,000	
Total liabilities		3,595,862		6,375,865		5,798,474	
NET ASSETS							
Invested in capital assets, net of related debt		-		445,570		79,666	
Restricted for unemployment compensation benefits		264,989,370		-		-	
Unrestricted				(823,429)		317,865	
Total net assets	\$	264,989,370	\$	(377,859)	\$	397,531	

	Total Nonmajor Enterprise Funds	Total Enterprise Funds	Total Internal Service Funds		
	\$ 1,154,408 -	\$ 263,106,310 4,371,623	\$ 40,309,790		
	-	8,333,809			
	22,035	22,035	44.040.00		
	159,660 1,676,033	1,040,323	11,849,980		
	1,676,022 28,875	1,676,022 243,535	78,04		
	-	718,345	70,01		
	1,001,195	4,778,500	3,003,11		
	123,455	123,455	921,48		
	4,165,650	284,413,957	56,162,42		
	666,859	666,859			
	801,121	801,121			
	60,734	60,734			
	2,900	8,600	15,10		
	1,531,614	1,537,314	15,10		
	-	-	26,15		
	- 79,173	1,184,229	412,53 49,224,57		
	(70,639)	(650,459)	(24,544,49		
	8,534	533,770	25,118,77		
	5,705,798	286,485,041	81,296,29		
	48,305	9,469,877	4,816,16		
	73,530	488,629	2,076,48		
	-	3,256,533	33,404,41		
		172,227 1,045,710	113,49		
	425,022	425,022	24,295,47		
	-	879,715	,,		
	946,080	1,219,725_	1,313,73		
	1,492,937	16,957,438	66,019,77		
	666,859	666,859			
	2,900	308,600	15,10		
	669,759	975,459	15,10		
	2,162,696	17,932,897	66,034,870		
	8,534	533,770	25,118,77		
	-	264,989,370	20,,.		
	3,534,568	3,029,004	(9,857,349		
		A 000 FF0 111	4 - 4 - 4 - 4		
	\$ 3,543,102	\$ 268,552,144	\$ 15,261,42		
of internal ser	\$ 3,543,102 reflect the consolidation vice activities related to		\$ 15,261,42		
of internal ser enterprise fur	\$ 3,543,102 reflect the consolidation	93,079	\$ 15,261,42		

**Business-type Activities - Enterprise Funds** 

Governmental Activities

# STATE OF VERMONT COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENSES AND CHANGES IN NET ASSETS PROPRIETARY FUNDS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2003

	Business-type	Activities - Enter	rprise Funds
	Unemployment Compensation Trust Fund	Liquor Control Fund	Vermont Lottery Commission
Operating Revenues			
Charges for sales and services	\$ 38,309,410	\$ 33,043,684	\$ -
Ticket sales	-	-	79,402,557
Rental income	-	-	-
License fees	-	224,867	9,890
Federal donated property	-	-	-
Advertising revenue	-	-	-
Other operating revenues	25,323,628	985,596	_
Total operating revenues	63,633,038	34,254,147	79,412,447
Operating Expenses			
Cost of sales and services	124,394,658	27,019,386	-
Cash and free ticket prizes	-	-	51,400,033
Agents commissions and fees	-	-	4,590,682
Megabucks expenses	-	-	3,400,237
Lottery tickets	-	-	1,528,323
Salaries and benefits	-	-	1,053,634
Insurance premium expense	-	-	-
Transportation	-	-	152,356
Warehouse expense	-	923,548	-
Depreciation	-	123,544	56,927
Rentals	-	-	54,094
Utilities	-	_	, <u> </u>
Stores and agencies expense	-	3,602,228	_
Promotions and advertising	-	-,, -	_
Administration	-	1,339,853	701,285
Inspection and enforcement expense	-	1,320,495	-
Supplies and parts	_	-,020,.00	25,800
Distribution and postage	_	_	
Travel	-	_	_
Loss on bad debts	_	_	11,774
Other operating expenses	5,921,068	2,153	681,729
Total operating expenses	130,315,726	34,331,207	63,656,874
Operating income (loss)	(66,682,688)	(77,060)	15,755,573
	(00,002,000)	(11,000)	13,733,373
Non-Operating Revenues (Expenses)		2 2 4 0	(2.200)
Gain (loss) on disposal of fixed assets	2.570	2,348	(3,280)
Other	3,578	-	-
Interest expense	47 500 007	-	470.044
Investment income	17,526,867		470,311
Total non-operating revenues (expenses)	17,530,445	2,348	467,031
Income (loss) before contributions			
and transfers	(49,152,243)	(74,712)	16,222,604
Capital contributions from other funds	-	-	-
Transfer in	247,497	_	_
Transfer (out)	(318,075)	(359,779)	(16,222,604)
Changes in net assets	(49,222,821)	(434,491)	-
Total net assets July 1, restated (see Note 10)	314,212,191	56,632	397,531
Total net assets June 30	\$ 264,989,370	\$ (377,859)	\$ 397,531
	Ţ 201,000,010	<del>\$ (577,555)</del>	<del>-</del>

	Business-type Activities - Total Nonmajor Enterprise Funds	Total Enterprise Funds	Total Internal Service Funds
	\$ 1,691,876	\$ 73,044,970 79,402,557	\$ 140,768,461
	-	-	9,679,965
	-	234,757	-
	559,263	559,263	-
	486,239	486,239	-
	182,698	26,491,922	1,943,762
	2,920,076	180,219,708	152,392,188
	1,188,006	152,602,050	103,428,502
	-	51,400,033	· · · · -
	-	4,590,682	-
	-	3,400,237	-
	-	1,528,323	-
	868,657	1,922,291	20,553,291
	-	-	5,550,479
	32,936	185,292	32,680
	-	923,548	-
	4,766	185,237	4,464,101
	30,402	84,496	1,878,930
	922	922	448,117
	-	3,602,228	-
	317,252	317,252	-
	199,505	2,240,643	7,802,265
	-	1,320,495	-
	20,873	46,673	1,448,991
	217,329	217,329	37,762
	16,177	16,177	-
	7,838	19,612	-
	118,034	6,722,984	10,855,406
	3,022,697	231,326,504	156,500,524
	(102,621)	(51,106,796)	(4,108,336)
		(000)	05.700
	-	(932)	65,798 19,424
	<del>-</del>	3,578	(1,168)
	- 14,459	- 18,011,637	420,136
	14,459	18,014,283	504,190
	<u> </u>		
	(88,162)	(33,092,513)	(3,604,146)
	<del>-</del>	-	6,723
	318,075	565,572	1,995,698
	(247,497)	(17,147,955)	(2,798,208)
	(17,584)	(49,674,896)	(4,399,933)
	3,560,686	318,227,040	19,661,358
		\$ 268,552,144	\$ 15,261,425
	\$ 3,543,102	Ψ 200,002,111	<del>+ 10,201,120</del>
•	\$ 3,543,102 et assets reported above ustment of internal service	(49,674,896)	¥ 10,201,120
tion adj	et assets reported above		<del>-</del>

#### STATE OF VERMONT STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS PROPRIETARY FUNDS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2003

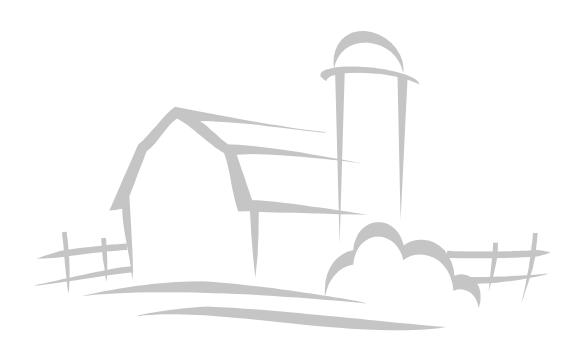
	Business-type Activities - Ente			terprise Funds			
	Unemployment		7.	Liquor	Vermont		
		Compensation Control		Lottery			
Cash Flows from Operating Activities:	_	Trust Fund		Fund		Commission	
Cash received from customers	\$	44,298,795	\$	44,661,700	\$	79,502,346	
Cash paid to suppliers for goods and services		-		(31,124,252)		-	
Loans received (made)		-		-		-	
Cash paid to employees for services		-		(2,852,977)		(793,597)	
Cash paid to plaiments		(405 202 424)		-		(55,989,673)	
Cash paid to claimants Liquor taxes and licenses paid		(105,293,121)		- (11,467,664)		-	
Cash paid for fees, operations and other		_		(11,407,004)		(7,292,158)	
Other operating revenues (expenses)		(5,493,159)		983,444		9,890	
Net cash provided (used) by		(=, ==, ==,		,			
operating activities		(66,487,485)		200,251		15,436,808	
Cash Flows from Noncapital							
Financing Activities:							
Operating/equity transfers in (out)		-		(359,779)		(15,534,133)	
Other		-		-		-	
Interfund loans and advances		-		-		(200,000)	
Net cash provided (used) by noncapital							
financing activities		0		(359,779)		(15,734,133)	
Cash Flows from Capital and Related							
Financing Activities:							
Acquisition and construction of capital assets		-		(194,846)		(13,750)	
Proceeds from sale of capital assets				6,718			
Net cash provided (used) by capital and related financing activities		0		(188,128)		(13,750)	
and related infancing activities		0		(100,120)		(13,730)	
Cash Flows From Investing Activities:							
Interest and dividends on investments		17,530,445		-		96,039	
Proceeds from sales/maturities of investments		(000 057)		-		434,000	
Interest & penalties received (paid)  Excess cash transferred		(329,057)		-		-	
Net cash provided (used) by		247,497					
investing activities		17,448,885		o		530,039	
Net increase (decrease) in cash and							
cash equivalents		(49,038,600)		(347,656)		218,964	
Cash and cash equivalents at July 1,		308,429,651		2,330,482		364,761	
Cash and cash equivalents at June 30 ( see note below)	\$	259,391,051	\$	1,982,826	\$	583,725	
Reconciliation of Operating Income to Net							
Cash Provided by Operating Activities:							
Operating income (loss)	\$	(66,682,688)	\$	(77,060)	\$	15,755,573	
Adjustments to reconcile operating income to							
net cash provided by operating activities:				100 514		FC 007	
Depreciation and amortization		- 198,780		123,544		56,927 65,013	
(Increase) decrease in accounts/taxes receivable(Increase) decrease in loans receivable		190,780		(74,514)		-	
(Increase) decrease in accrued interest receivable		_		_		_	
(Increase) decrease in due from other funds		_		_		_	
(Increase) decrease in inventory		-		179,274		19,944	
(Increase) decrease in prepaid expenses		-		-		-	
(Increase) decrease in other assets		(137,696)		-		-	
Increase (decrease) in accounts payable		-		3,225		(476,523)	
Increase (decrease) in accrued salaries and benefits		-		13,822		-	
Increase (decrease) in claims payable		20,767		(0.504)		(414,375)	
Increase (decrease) in future and unalsimed prizes payable		-		(8,501)		- 205 470	
Increase (decrease) in future and unclaimed prizes payable  Increase (decrease) in deferred revenue		-		-		395,472 34,777	
Increase (decrease) in due to other funds		-		40,461		-	
Increase (decrease) in other liabilities		113,352		-		-	
Increase (decrease) in subscription reserves		<u> </u>					
Total adjustments		195,203		277,311		(318,765)	
Net cash provided (used) by operating activities	\$	(66,487,485)	\$	200,251	\$	15,436,808	

NOTE: Total cash/cash equivalents at June 30 on the cash flow statement is equal to cash/cash equivalents, cash-subscription reserve fund, and Imprest cash on the Statement of Net Assets.

Rusi	ness-type Activi	ties - Ent	terprise Funds		overnmental Activities
	l Nonmajor	uco Em	Total	<del></del>	Activities
	nterprise		Enterprise	To	tal Internal
	Funds		Funds		rvice Funds
				-	
\$	3,533,614	\$	171,996,455	\$	151,023,770
	(2,469,629)		(33,593,881)		(57,354,232)
	51,260		51,260		-
	(860,712)		(4,507,286)		(21,233,820)
	-		(55,989,673)		(68,552,442)
	-		(105,293,121)		-
	-		(11,467,664)		-
	-		(7,292,158)		-
	35,690		(4,464,135)		1,279,587
	290,223	-	(50,560,203)		5,162,863
	-		(15,893,912)		(732,310)
	-		-		19,424
	51,374		(148,626)		6,232,471
	51,374		(16,042,538)		5,519,585
	(13,300)		(221,896)		(7,483,401)
			6,718		420,986
	(13,300)		(215,178)		(7,062,415)
	14,459		17,640,943		419,348
	-		434,000		-
	329,057		_		_
	(247,497)				
	96,019		18,074,943		419,348
	424,316		(48,742,976)		4,039,381
	1,399,851		312,519,045		36,270,409
\$	1,824,167	\$	263,776,069	\$	40,309,790
\$	(102,621)	\$	(51,106,796)	\$	(4,108,336)
	4,766		185,237		4,464,101
	118,414		307,693		181,371
	334,629		334,629		-
	(9,579)		(9,579)		_
	-				2,238
	(106,237)		92,981		(506,822)
	22,581		22,581		(126,264)
	-		(137,696)		-
	(62,658)		(535,956)		(901,712)
	5,964		19,786		394,792
	-		(393,608)		5,396,479
	-		(8,501)		-
	-		395,472		-
	108,079		142,856		1,141,285
	-		40,461		(774,269)
	-		113,352		-
	(23,115)		(23,115)		
•	392,844		546,593		9,271,199
\$	290,223	\$	(50,560,203)	\$	5,162,863

Governmental

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Vermont



# FIDUCIARY FUNDS FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

# STATE OF VERMONT STATEMENT OF FIDUCIARY NET ASSETS FIDUCIARY FUNDS JUNE 30, 2003

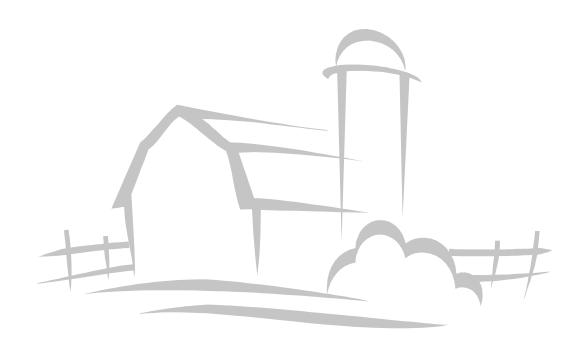
		Private Purpose Trust Funds	
	Pension Trust Funds	Unclaimed Property Fund	Agency Funds
ASSETS			
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 61,861,404	\$ 1,702,329	\$ 16,811,060
Investments at fair value	2,308,399,895	-	-
Receivables:			4 000 070
Taxes	4.050.440	-	1,392,976
Contributions	4,059,113	-	-
Investment principal and interest	11,193,441 115,049,787	-	-
Other	10,244,344	-	- 447,584
Due from other funds.	10,244,344	-	224,262
Prepaid expenses	894,847	_	224,202
Trepaid expenses	034,041		
Total assets	2,511,702,831	1,702,329	18,875,882
LIABILITIES			
Liabilities:			
Accounts payable	2,505,202	8,240	-
Accrued liabilities	41,900	8,300	-
Claims payable	-	1,365,221	-
Due to other funds	-	30,337	4,690,276
Interfund loans payable	-	-	428,476
Due to depositories	-	-	361,964
Intergovernmental payable - other governments	-	-	2,464,176
Amounts held in custody for others	-	-	10,014,008
Payable for investments purchased	155,299,422	-	-
Other liabilities			916,982
Total liabilities	157,846,524	1,412,098	\$ 18,875,882
Net assets held in trust for benefits & other purposes	\$ 2,353,856,307	\$ 290,231	
RECONCILIATION OF NET ASSETS HELD IN TRUST:			
Employees' pension benefits	\$ 2,353,856,307	\$ -	
Other purposes	-,,,,	290,231	
Net assets held in trust for benefits & other purposes	\$ 2,353,856,307	\$ 290,231	

# STATE OF VERMONT STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN FIDUCIARY NET ASSETS FIDUCIARY FUNDS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2003

Private

		Purpose Trust
	Pension Trust Funds	Funds Unclaimed Property Fund
ADDITIONS		
Contributions:		
Employer	\$ 52,380,128	\$ -
Plan member	36,992,076	-
Transfers from non-state systems	17,664,477	
Total contributions	107,036,681	0
Investment Income:		
Net appreciation in		
fair value of investments	48,668,431	-
Dividends	24,469,494	-
Interest income	40,275,814	52,700
Securities lending income	1,853,172	-
Other income	300,694	-
Less Investment Expenses:		
Investment managers and consultants	(8,395,535)	-
Securities lending expenses	(1,416,944)	
Net investment income	105,755,126	52,700
Escheat property remittances	<u>-</u>	1,761,422
Total additions	212,791,807	1,814,122
DEDUCTIONS		
Retirement benefits	104,644,799	-
Refunds of contributions	2,430,218	-
Death claims	242,090	-
Operating expenses	18,651,283	291,380
Transfers out	-	1,682,549
Total deductions	125,968,390	1,973,929
Change in net assets	86,823,417	(159,807)
Net assets held in trust for benefits & other purposes:		
beginning of fiscal year	2,267,032,890	450,038
end of fiscal year	\$ 2,353,856,307	\$ 290,231

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Vermont



Component Unit Financial Statements

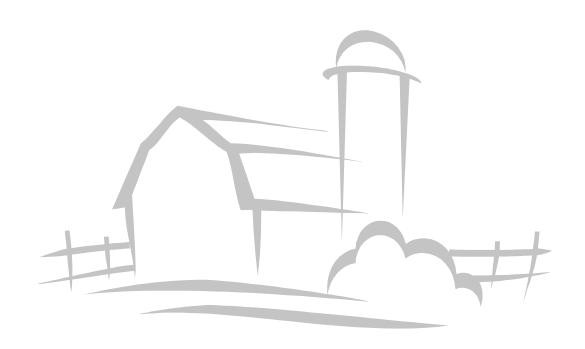
## STATE OF VERMONT STATEMENT OF NET ASSETS COMPONENT UNITS June 30, 2003

		Vermont Student Assistance Corporation	Ve	niversity of rmont and Agricultural College		Vermont State Colleges		Total Nonmajor Component		Total Component
ASSETS		06/30/03		06/30/03		06/30/03		Units		Units
Current Assets:										
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	261,668,000	\$	18,823,000	\$	6,487,350	\$	34,812,344	\$	321,790,694
Investments		10,870,000		85,221,000		3,080,124		24,968,137		124,139,261
Accounts receivable		-		23,181,000		8,550,389		213,071		31,944,460
Accrued interest receivable - Ioans		23,489,000		-		-		8,360,670		31,849,670
Accrued interest receivable - investments		278,000		-		-		81,526		359,526
Loans and notes receivable - current portion		95,335,000		3,175,000		-		42,622,397		141,132,397
Other receivables		800,000		2,925,000		-		36,722		3,761,722
Due from federal government		410,000		-		-		14,693,246		15,103,246
Due from primary government		-		-		-		41,655		41,655
Inventories (at cost)		-		1,922,000		111,154		130,255		2,163,409
Prepaid expenses		-		7,398,000		-		10,382		7,408,382
Other current assets		1,485,000				493,243		269,516		2,247,759
Total current assets	_	394,335,000		142,645,000		18,722,260		126,239,921		681,942,181
Restricted and Non-Current Assets:										
Cash		-		3,857,000		826,671		4,296,906		8,980,577
Investments		-		301,305,000		21,110,369		42,693,315		365,108,684
Deferred bond issue costs		6,428,000		-		-		5,137,806		11,565,806
Loans and notes receivable (net)		1,028,319,000		30,173,000		5,099,520		457,540,787		1,521,132,307
Other assets		-		15,531,000		-		26,718		15,557,718
Total restricted and noncurrent assets		1,034,747,000		350,866,000		27,036,560		509,695,532		1,922,345,092
Capital Assets				<u> </u>						
Capital Assets:				14 904 000		2 924 267		170 FC1		17,810,928
Land		-		14,804,000		2,834,367		172,561		
Construction in process		1 351 000		207 959 000		640,729		12,157		652,886
Building and leasehold improvements		1,351,000		297,858,000		88,993,971		13,432,272 3,409,283		401,635,243
Equipment, furniture and fixtures		4,414,000		87,356,000		5,383,993		3,409,283		100,563,276
Infrastructure		(2.004.000)		(170 050 000)		16,213,062		(40,400,340)		16,213,062
Accumulated depreciation		(2,901,000)		(178,858,000)		(68,787,958)		(10,180,318)		(260,727,276)
Total capital assets, net of depreciation  Total assets	_	2,864,000 1,431,946,000		714,671,000		45,278,164 91,036,984		6,845,955 642,781,408		276,148,119 2,880,435,392
		1,101,010,000		,,						
LIABILITIES										
Current Liabilities:										
Accounts payable		3,103,000		8,127,000		5,718,184		1,014,944		17,963,128
Accrued salaries and benefits		-		20,154,000		-		1,121,378		21,275,378
Accrued interest payable		_		,,		-		265,734		265,734
Bond interest payable		1,211,000		-		-		1,741,117		2,952,117
Deferred revenue		2,743,000		25,207,000		4,102,417		177,572		32,229,989
Accrued arbitrage rebate		1,260,000		,,		-		254,889		1,514,889
Current portion - bonds, notes and leases payable		40,935,000		2,633,000		1,118,874		87,496,813		132,183,687
Due to primary government		-		-,,		-		8,231,711		8,231,711
Escrowed cash deposits		_		-		_		175,521		175,521
Other current liabilities		_		854,000		-		10,160,328		11,014,328
Total current liabilities		49,252,000		56,975,000		10,939,475		110,640,007		227,806,482
Restricted and Non-Current Liabilities:										
Bonds, notes and leases payable		1,291,258,000		179,978,000		18,880,187		385,728,846		1,875,845,033
Accounts payable and accrued liabilities		· · · · · · · · · · · ·		-		1,337,941		<del>-</del>		1,337,941
Accrued arbitrage rebate		11,747,000		· · · · · · · · · · · ·		-		796,626		12,543,626
Other liabilities		-		15,933,000		4,662,117		30,465		20,625,582
Advances from primary government		<del></del>		<del></del>		<del></del>		1,921,695		1,921,695
Total liabilities payable from restricted assets		1,303,005,000		195,911,000 252,886,000		24,880,245 35,819,720		388,477,632 499,117,639		1,912,273,877
Total liabilities		1,332,231,000	-	232,000,000	-	33,013,720	-	700,111,008		2,140,080,359
NET ASSETS										
Invested in capital assets, (net of related debt)		2,864,000		116,995,000		27,456,037		6,753,336		154,068,373
Restricted		48,681,000		249,629,000		11,244,596		94,672,225		404,226,821
Unrestricted - designated		28,144,000						30,000		28,174,000
Unrestricted		· · ·		95,161,000		16,516,631		42,208,208		153,885,839
Total net assets	\$	79,689,000	\$	461,785,000	\$	55,217,264	\$	143,663,769	\$	740,355,033
	<u> </u>	,		, -,	<u> </u>		<u> </u>	,	<u> </u>	,,

# STATE OF VERMONT STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES COMPONENT UNITS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2003

		P				
	Expenses	Charges for Services	S .		Net (Expense) Revenue and Changes in Net Assets	
Function/Program  Vermont Student Assistance						
Corporation	\$ 93,829,000	\$ 57,775,000	\$ 41,700,000	\$ -	\$	5,646,000
University of Vermont	379,503,000	182,705,000	182,640,000	11,475,000		(2,683,000)
Vermont State Colleges	106,498,224	58,679,187	45,488,379	874,755		(1,455,903)
Total nonmajor component units	61,389,984	37,123,566	16,069,747			(8,196,671)
Total component units	\$ 641,220,208	\$ 336,282,753	\$ 285,898,126	\$ 12,349,755		(6,689,574)
		0				
	,	General Revenues:	tav			11,088,000
		Property transfer tax				27,195,488
		Miscellaneous				62,323
		Total general revenues				38,345,811
		Extraordinary items				
		•	ss of debt			7,500,000
		Loss on extinguishment of debt				
		Total extraordi	nary items			6,744,185
		Changes in net a	ssets			38,400,422
	I	Net assets - beginn	ing, restated (see N	Note 10)		701,954,611
	1	Net assets - ending			\$	740,355,033

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Vermont

# State of Vermont Notes To The Financial Statements Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2003

	INDEX	<u>Page No.</u>
Note 1	Reporting Entity	64
Note 2	Cash, Cash Equivalents, and Investments	74
Note 3	Not Utilized	-
Note 4	Capital Assets	77
Note 5	Retirement Plans	78
Note 6	Restricted Net Assets - Discretely Presented Component Units	84
Note 7	Lease Commitments	84
Note 8	General Obligation Bonds and Notes Payable	85
Note 9	Prior Years' Bond Refundings	88
Note 10	Accounting Method Changes and Fund Equity Restatements	88
Note 11	Segment Information for Enterprise Funds	89
Note 12	Contingent and Limited Liabilities	90
Note 13	Litigation	91
Note 14	Budget Stabilization Reserves	91
Note 15	Joint Venture	91
Note 16	Risk Management	91
Note 17	Deficit Fund Balances	94
Note 18	Interfund Balances	96
Note 19	Changes in Long-Term Liabilities	99
Note 20	Subsequent Events	100

# STATE OF VERMONT NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2003

### Note 1. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

The accompanying financial statements of the State of Vermont have been prepared in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles as prescribed by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB). Newly implemented in these statements are the requirements of GASB Technical Bulletin 2003-1-"Requirements for Derivatives Not Reported At Fair Value On The Statement Of Net Assets." Vermont reports its derivatives at fair value in its financial statements.

The accompanying financial statements present the financial position of the State, the results of operations of the State and the various funds and fund types, and the cash flows of the various proprietary funds. The financial statements are presented as of and for the period ending June 30, 2003.

# A. Reporting Entity

The financial statements include the various agencies, boards, commissions, public trusts, and authorities of the State as well as legally separate entities over which the State's executive, legislative, and judicial branches exercise oversight responsibility. Oversight responsibility as defined by GASB includes the following considerations:

Financial interdependency Selection of governing authority Designation of management Ability to significantly influence operations Accountability for fiscal matters

In addition, the following criteria were considered during the evaluation of the legally separate entities for inclusion in the CAFR as Component Units:

The scope of public services as to whether its activity benefits the State or its citizens, and whether the activity is conducted within the geographic boundaries of Vermont and is generally available to Vermont residents.

The existence of any special relationships regardless of whether the government exercises oversight responsibility that would cause the State's financial statements to be misleading or incomplete if the entity's financial activity were to be omitted.

Entities that may meet only one of the above criteria for inclusion in this report have not been included.

As required by generally accepted accounting principles, these financial statements present the primary government and component units of the State of Vermont.

# **COMPONENT UNITS**

Component Units are entities that are legally separate from the State, but which are either financially accountable to the State, or whose relationships with the State are such that exclusion would cause the State's financial statements to be misleading or incomplete. Their activity may be "blended" into the activity of the primary government or may be reported separately. If they are reported separately, they are called "discretely presented component units." Vermont does not report any blended component units in this CAFR but does report discretely presented component units that may report blended component units in their financial statements (See the Vermont Municipal Bond Bank). Component Unit's designation as either "major" or "non-major" has been determined by applying the criteria of GASB Statement No. 34. See Section C – Fund Financial Statements – for definitions of major and non-major funds. Additional information as well as separately issued financial reports may be obtained by contacting the individual entity desired at the address given in the following text.

The Component Units columns of the government-wide financial statements report the financial results of the following entities:

### Major Component Units

*Vermont Student Assistance Corporation (VSAC)* – VSAC was established by the general assembly to provide opportunities for persons who are residents of Vermont to attend colleges or other institutions of higher education by awarding grants and by making, financing, servicing, and guaranteeing loans to qualifying students. For further information, contact their administrative offices at the Champlain Mill, P.O. Box 2000, Winooski, Vermont 05404-2601

*University Of Vermont (UVM)* - The University of Vermont's financial report includes both the university and the State Agricultural College. Additional information may be obtained by contacting the university's administrative offices in Burlington, Vermont.

Vermont State College System (VSC) – The Vermont State College System's annual report includes the financial activity for the following organizations:

System Offices and Services
Community College of Vermont
Castleton State College
Johnson State College
Lyndon State College
Vermont Technical College
Vermont Interactive Television
Practical Nursing Program
Vermont Manufacturing Extension Center

Additional information about the system itself or about any of the individual organizations included in the system may be obtained by contacting the Office of the Chancellor, Vermont State Colleges, Post Office Box 359, Waterbury, Vermont 05676.

#### Non-Major Component Units

Vermont Educational and Health Buildings Financing Agency (VEHBFA) – VEHBFA is a non-profit entity which finances or assists in the financing of projects for eligible educational or health related entities. It has a December 31 (annual) year-end and issues audited financial statements under separate cover. For additional information, they may be contacted at 133 State Street, Montpelier, Vermont 05633.

Vermont Housing and Conservation Board (VHCB) – The Legislature created and charged this non-profit organization with two goals: Create affordable housing for Vermont residents; and conserve and protect Vermont's agricultural lands, historic properties, important natural areas, and recreational lands. VHCB issues audited financial statements under separate cover. Additional information may be obtained by contacting them at 149 Main Street, Montpelier, Vermont 05602.

Vermont Economic Development Authority (VEDA) – VEDA, a tax exempt entity, was created by the Vermont Legislature for the purpose of promoting economic prosperity in the State by directly financing eligible businesses and projects including manufacturing, agricultural, and travel and tourism enterprises; and by operating programs which provide eligible borrowers with access to capital.

VEDA also administers the State Infrastructure Bank (SIB) and the Drinking Water State Revolving Loan Fund – Private Loans. These two funds are administered for the benefit of the State and are consolidated and reported in VEDA's agency fund. Audited financial statements and additional information may be obtained by contacting them at 56 East State Street, Montpelier, Vermont 05602.

Vermont Municipal Bond Bank (VMBB) – The Vermont Legislature established the VMBB for the express purposes of fostering and promoting adequate capital markets and facilities for borrowing money by governmental units of the State of Vermont for the financing of public improvements or other public purposes. VMBB is authorized to carry out these charges by borrowing money or by issuing its own bonds and notes to obtain funds which are then utilized to purchase bonds and notes issued by local governmental entities. It has an annual fiscal year (December 31) and issues audited financial statements under separate cover.

VMBB also administers the *Special Environmental Revolving Fund* in accordance with 24 V.S.A. 4753(b). This fund, which has a June 30 year-end and issues its own audited financial statements, was created by the General Assembly for the purpose of fostering and promoting timely expenditures by municipalities for water supply, water pollution control, and solid waste management. For financial reporting purposes, its financial statements have been consolidated with the State's Federal Revenue Fund financial statements in this CAFR. Further information regarding VMBB or the Special Environmental Revolving Fund may be obtained by contacting VMBB at 133 State Street, Montpelier, Vermont 05633.

Vermont Center For Geographic Information (VCGI) – The Vermont Legislature established VCGI and charged it with creating a comprehensive strategy for the development and use of a geographic information system. Audited financial statements or additional information may be obtained by contacting them at 58 South Main Street, Waterbury, Vermont 05671.

Vermont Sustainable Jobs Fund, Inc. – The Vermont Legislature established a jobs program and directed VEDA to set up a non-profit 503(c)(3) corporation to implement the program and to establish policies and procedures in order to fulfill the goals of the jobs program as listed in 10 V.S.A. 326(a). Audited financial statements and additional information may be obtained by contacting them at 56 East State Street, Montpelier, Vermont 05602.

Vermont Transportation Authority (VTA) – The Vermont Legislature specifically authorized the creation of VTA pursuant to the acquisition, operation, and support of an authorized transportation facility as defined in 29 V.S.A. 701. Its only current activity is managing the commuter rail line running from Shelburne to Burlington, Vermont whose operations were discontinued on February 28, 2003. Audited financial statements and additional information may be obtained from VTA at 1 Main Street, Suite 101, Burlington, Vermont 05401.

Vermont Veterans' Home – The Vermont Veterans' Home was originally chartered in 1884 by the Vermont Legislature and incorporated on November 24, 1884. A Board of Trustees appointed by the Governor oversees the operations of the home. The home issues its own audited financial statements under separate cover. Additional information may be obtained by contacting them at 325 North Street, Bennington, Vermont 05201.

Vermont Rehabilitation Corporation – The Vermont Rehabilitation Corporation is a non-profit quasi-public corporation that was incorporated in 1935 in accordance with 10 V.S.A. 272-277. It main purpose is to provide a limited source of loan funds to family farmers or prospective family farmers under terms and conditions which will reduce their investment costs to an extent that offers them a reasonable chance to succeed. Additional information may be obtained by contacting the Vermont State Treasurer at 133 State Street, Montpelier, Vermont 05633-6200.

### JOINT VENTURES

A joint venture is a legal entity or other contractual arrangement that is owned, operated or governed by two or more participants as a separate and specific activity subject to joint control, in which the participants retain an ongoing financial interest or responsibility. The following entities in which the State has been participating have been classified as joint ventures. The financial activities of these organizations have not been included in the State's financial statements; however, see Note 15 for a summary of the financial activity of the Tri-State Lotto Commission.

Connecticut River Atlantic Salmon Committee (10 V.S.A. 4654)
Connecticut River Valley Flood Control Commission (10 V.S.A. 1153)
New England Board of Higher Education (16 V.S.A. 2692)
New England Interstate Water Pollution Control Commission (10 V.S.A. 1333)
Northeastern Forest Fire Protection Commission (10 V.S.A. 2503)
Tri-State Lotto Commission (31 V.S.A. 673)
Texas Low Level Radioactive Waste Disposal Compact (10 V.S.A. 7013)

### **RELATED ORGANIZATIONS**

Related organizations are separate legal entities for which the primary government is accountable only because it appoints a voting majority of the board but for which it is not financially accountable. The following entities have been classified as related organizations but their financial activity has not been included in the State's financial statements.

Vermont State Housing Authority (24 V.S.A. 4005) Vermont Housing Finance Agency (10 V.S.A. 611)

### **EXCLUDED ORGANIZATIONS**

The following entities have been determined not to be part of the reporting entity after applying the criteria of GASB Statement No. 14 "The Financial Reporting Entity."

Vermont Council On The Humanities Vermont Council On The Arts Vermont Historical Society Vermont Public Power Supply Authority These organizations have not been included in the reporting entity because they are legally separate entities and the voting majority of their governing boards are not appointed by the State. They are not fiscally dependent on the State's primary government and exclusion from the reporting entity would not render Vermont's financial statements incomplete or misleading.

### **B. Government-wide Financial Statements**

Vermont's Government-wide Financial Statements (the Statement of Net Assets and the Statement of Activities) report Information on all of the financial activities of both the primary government and its component units except fiduciary activity. Fiduciary fund activity has not been included in these entity-wide statements in accordance with the requirements of GASB Statement No. 34. For the most part, the effect of interfund activity has also been removed from these government-wide statements. Primary government activities are segregated between governmental activities and business-type activities. Governmental activities' sources of revenues are normally taxes and inter-governmental revenues. Business-type activities rely, to a significant extent, on fees and charges for support. Further, the primary government is reported separately from its legally separate component units.

The statement of activities demonstrates the degree to which direct expenses of a given function, segment, or component unit are offset by program revenues. Direct expenses are those that are clearly identifiable with a specific function, segment, or component unit. Program revenues include charges to customers who purchase, use, or directly benefit from goods or services provided by a given function, segment, or component unit. Program revenues also include grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular function, segment, or component unit. Items not properly included among program revenues are reported instead as general revenues. Taxes and other resources that are dedicated internally are reported as general revenues rather than as program revenues. The State does not allocate general government (indirect) expenses to other functions.

Net assets are restricted when constraints placed on them are either externally imposed or are imposed by constitutional provisions or enabling legislation. Internally imposed designations of resources by management are not presented as restricted net assets. When both restricted and non-restricted resources are available for use, generally it is the State's policy to use restricted assets first with unrestricted resources utilized as needed.

#### C. Fund Financial Statements

Separate financial statements are provided for governmental funds, proprietary funds, fiduciary funds, and major component units. Major governmental funds, major proprietary funds, and major component units are reported in individual columns in their respective fund financial statements. Non-major funds are consolidated and reported in a single column. The single test for classifying a fund as either major or non-major consists of applying the following two steps:

- a. Total assets, liabilities, revenues, or expenditures/expenses of that individual governmental or enterprise fund are at least 10 percent of the corresponding element total (assets, liabilities, etc) for all funds in that category or type (that is total governmental or total enterprise), <u>and</u>
- b. The same element that met the 10 percent criterion in (a) is at least 5 percent of the corresponding element total for all governmental and enterprise funds combined.

In addition to the above major fund criteria, any other governmental or enterprise fund that the government officials believe is particularly important to financial statement users (i.e. because of public interest or for consistency) may be reported as a major fund.

## D. Measurement Focus, Basis of Accounting, and Financial Statement Presentation

Government-wide Financial Statements – The government-wide financial statements are reported using the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recorded when earned and expenses are recorded when a liability is incurred, regardless of the timing of related cash flows. Grants and similar items are recognized as revenue as soon as all eligibility requirements have been met.

Governmental Fund Financial Statements – The governmental fund financial statements are reported using the current financial resources measurement focus and the modified accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recognized as soon as they are both measurable and available. Revenues are considered to be available when they are collectible within the current period or soon enough thereafter to pay liabilities of the current period. For this purpose, the State generally considers revenues to be available if they are collected within 60 days of year-end. Principle revenue sources considered susceptible to accrual include federal grants, interest on investments, and sales and income taxes. See fiscal year 2003 change in special consideration for personal income tax revenue recognition under the "Receivables" section of this footnote.

Expenditures generally are recorded when a liability is due and payable. See the "Tax Refunds" section of this footnote for the special consideration afforded the recognition of personal income tax refunds in this report. Modifications to the modified accrual basis of accounting include:

Employees vested annual, personal, and compensated leave time is recorded as expenditures when utilized. The amount of accumulated leave unpaid at the end of the fiscal year has been reported only in the government-wide financial statements and does not include any accruals for the State's share of any taxes due when the expenditures are actually paid. See the "Compensated Absences" section of this footnote for additional information.

Interest on general long-term debt is recognized when due to be paid.

Debt service expenditures and claims and judgments are recorded only when payment is due to be paid.

Proprietary Funds, Fiduciary Funds, and Discretely Presented Proprietary Fund Type Component Units – The financial statements presented for these types of funds use the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recognized when earned and expenses are recorded when the liabilities are incurred. The State's proprietary funds have elected not to apply standards issued by the Financial Accounting Standards Board (FASB) after November 30, 1989.

Proprietary funds distinguish operating revenues and expenses from non–operating items. Operating revenues and expenses generally result from providing services and producing and delivering goods in connection with the proprietary fund's principal ongoing operation(s). Revenues and expenses not meeting this definition are categorized as non-operating revenues and expenses.

University of Vermont (UVM) and the Vermont State College System (VSC) – These entities account for their activity using the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles set forth for public colleges and universities.

#### E. Fund Accounting

The financial activities of the State are recorded in individual funds, each of which is deemed to be a separate accounting entity. A fund is a separate accounting entity with a self-balancing set of accounts. The State uses fund accounting to report on its financial position and results of operations. Fund accounting is designed to demonstrate legal compliance and to aid financial management by segregating transactions related to certain government functions or activities.

The financial activities of the State that are reported in the accompanying financial statements have been classified into the following governmental, proprietary and fiduciary funds:

### **GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS**

General Fund – The General Assembly has established the General Fund as the basic operating fund of the State. As such, the General Fund is used to finance and to account for all expenditures for which no special revenues have otherwise been provided by law. All revenues received by the State and not otherwise required by law to be deposited in any other designated fund or used for any designated purpose are deposited in the General Fund. Unexpended and/or unencumbered appropriation balances will, unless otherwise directed by law, revert to fund balance at the end of the fiscal year.

Special Revenue Funds - These funds are used to account for revenues specifically earmarked to finance only particular or restricted programs and activities and include the following:

Transportation Fund – This fund is used primarily for preservation, maintenance, and improvements to the State's transportation infrastructure. This infrastructure includes highways, bridges, railroads, airports, public transportation, and other related activities. The fund is also used for maintenance and staffing of highway rest areas, construction of transportation capital facilities, and to provide funding for transportation related debt service requirements. The principle sources of revenue in this fund are motor fuel taxes, motor vehicle purchase and use tax, motor vehicle license and registration fees, traffic ticket revenue, other statutorily specified revenues, as well as reimbursements from the federal government for federal aid transportation projects.

Education Fund – This fund was established by the Vermont Legislature to equalize statewide funding requirements. Expenditures authorized for funding are codified in 16 V.S.A. 4025(b) and may include only legitimate items of current education expense. Sources of funding are described in 16 V.S.A. 4025(a). A stabilization reserve for the Education Fund has also been established in accordance with 16 V.S.A. 4026.

Fish and Wildlife Fund – This fund's revenue is restricted by statute and can only be utilized for fish and wildlife purposes. Principle sources of revenue include license fees and federal grants.

Federal Revenue Fund – All federal grant receipts are recorded in this fund except for those federal funds specifically designated for transportation or fish and wildlife purposes. Federal grants of these latter two types are recorded in the State's Transportation Fund or Fish and Wildlife Fund respectively.

Special Fund – This fund consolidates many individual special revenue funds that account for proceeds or specific revenues not categorized above that are legally restricted to expenditures for specific purposes. These purposes cross the entire gamut of state government activities.

Capital Projects Funds – These funds, consisting of the General Bond Fund and the Transportation Bond Fund, account for capital improvement expenditures. These appropriations are primarily funded by the issuance of State capital bonds. These capital expenditures may be for the State directly or for outside organizations such as the Vermont State College System, municipalities, etc.

Permanent Funds – These funds report resources that are legally restricted to the extent that only earnings, not principal, may be expended for purposes that benefit the government or citizenry, such as higher education, cemetery care, monument preservation, etc. In previous years, these funds were reported as non-expendable trust funds.

### PROPRIETARY FUNDS

These funds account for those activities for which the intent of management is to recover the cost of providing goods or services to the general public or other departments of government primarily through user charges; or where prudent financial management dictates that periodic determinations of results of operations are appropriate. These funds include the following types:

Enterprise Funds – These funds are used to account for operations that are financed and operated in a manner similar to private business enterprises. The State's intent in these funds is to recover the costs including depreciation expense associated with providing the goods and services to the public primarily through user charges. The Unemployment Trust Fund, previously reported as an expendable trust fund, is now reported as an enterprise fund as required by GASB Statement No.34.

Internal Service Funds – These funds are used to account for the financing of goods and services provided by one state department to other state agencies, departments, or intergovernmental units. Their objective is not to make a profit but rather to recover the total cost of providing these goods and services by charging users of their services and products. The State added one new Internal Service Fund – Financial and Human Resource Information Fund – in FY2003. In the government-wide financial statements, Internal Service Funds are reported within the governmental activities.

### FIDUCIARY FUNDS

These funds are used to account for assets held in a trustee capacity or as an agent for individuals, private organizations, other governmental units, or other funds. These funds include the following:

Pension Trust Funds -- These funds are used to report assets and associated financial activity that are held in trust for the members and beneficiaries of the Vermont State Retirement (defined benefit) System, the Vermont State Defined Contribution Retirement System, the State Teachers' Retirement System of Vermont, the Vermont Municipal Employees' (defined benefit) Retirement System, the Vermont Municipal Employees' Defined Contribution Plan, and the State's Single Deposit Investment Account.

Private Purpose Trust Fund — The State reports only one fund under this category, the Unclaimed Property Fund managed by the State Treasurer's Office. This fund accounts for all abandoned property in the State that is required to be reported and sent to the State for safekeeping. The State Treasurer is required to return this property to its rightful owner if he/she can be determined. If no one claims the property after a prescribed amount of time has passed, the Treasurer is required to transfer it to the General Fund where the Legislature will appropriate it. However, if a valid claim is submitted after the Legislature has appropriated this property, the State is still required to return this property or its equivalent value to the rightful owner.

Agency Funds – These funds report assets and liabilities for deposits and investments entrusted to the State as agent for others. They have no fund balance and report items such as Federal income tax withholding, social security tax withholding, etc.

### **BUDGETARY PROCESS**

Vermont statutes require the head of every State department, board, and commission and any officer or individual responsible for any activity for which funds are appropriated by the General Assembly to provide, on or before September 1 preceding any biennium, statements to the Commissioner of Finance and Management showing in detail the amounts appropriated and expended for both the current and preceding fiscal years and the amount estimated to be necessary for similar activity for the ensuing two fiscal years. The Commissioner of Finance and Management and the Secretary of Administration are then required to submit to the Governor by the November 1 preceding each biennium, the estimates as received along with any other estimates for the ensuing two fiscal years. The Governor then submits to the General Assembly, no later than the third Tuesday of every annual session, a budget that embodies estimates, requests, and recommendations for appropriations or other authorizations for expenditures from the State treasury for at least the succeeding fiscal year. The General Assembly then enacts into law an appropriations act that must be approved by the Governor before any expenditures can be made. In recent years in accordance with Act 250 of 1979 Section 125, it has been the practice of the Governor to submit an annual budget and the General Assembly to enact appropriations on an annual basis.

Budgets are prepared and appropriated on a cash basis usually at the program level. The Governor may amend appropriations within limits established by statute. The Agency of Administration maintains budgetary control by fund at the appropriation level. Governmental funds' unspent appropriation balances revert to the fund balance at the end of each fiscal year for re-appropriation unless authorized to be carried forward to the following year(s) by legislative act. Unexpended balances of capital projects funds are available for expenditure in the following fiscal year(s).

#### CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS

Cash balances for most funds are deposited with the State Treasurer, except for the Pension Trust Funds, Capital Projects Funds, and the Single Deposit Investment Account Fund. Cash balances deposited with the State Treasurer are pooled together and amounts that are not immediately required are invested in short-term investments.

Income earned by these short-term investments is allocated to those funds authorized to receive it while any remaining earnings are deposited in the General Fund.

Cash and cash equivalents as reported in the financial statements include bank accounts, imprest cash, short-term investments with an original maturity of 3 months or less such as certificates of deposit, commercial paper, federal government agencies' discount notes, money market accounts, and repurchase agreements.

# **RECEIVABLES**

Receivables in the government-wide financial statements represent amounts due to the State at June 30 that will be collected at some time in the future. They consist primarily of accrued taxes and federal grants receivable.

Receivables reported in the governmental funds financial statements consist primarily of accrued taxes (see change in personal income tax revenue recognition criteria below), federal grants receivable, and notes receivable from component units. Revenues accrued in the governmental funds financial statements consist primarily of accrued taxes, federal grants receivable, and notes receivable from component units that will be collected by the State within sixty days. Amounts estimated to be collected after the sixty-day period will be recorded as deferred revenues. Prior to fiscal year 2003 personal income tax accrued revenue recognition included receivables that are assessed or estimated to be owed by the taxpayer as of June 30 that will be received by the State during the following ten months. Beginning with fiscal year 2003, the State changed its personal income tax accrued revenue recognition policy to only recognize personal income tax accrued revenues in the amount to be collected within the sixty-day period after year-end. These revenues are accrued in accordance with measurable and available criteria under the modified accrual basis of accounting. Federal receivables are amounts due from the federal government to reimburse the State for expenditures incurred pursuant to federally funded programs. Notes receivable in the General Fund consist primarily of advances in the form of Vermont Economic Development Authority notes purchased by the State. See Note 12 – Contingent Liabilities for further information. No allowances for uncollectible amounts have been recognized in these notes receivable.

The "Investments Sold" receivable balance on the Statement of Fiduciary Net Assets – Pension Trust Funds represent monies due to the respective retirement funds for investments sold or matured prior to June 30, 2003, but for which the receipts were received subsequent to June 30, 2003.

The "Other" receivable balance in the Vermont Municipal Employees' Retirement Fund represents the remaining cash balance due from several municipal entities that recently joined this plan. Please see Note 5A – Retirement Plan Descriptions for further information regarding these new entities.

#### **INVENTORIES**

Inventories of materials and supplies reported in the governmental funds are recorded as expenditures when purchased. Inventories reported in the proprietary funds are generally valued at the lower of average cost or market. However, inventories reported in the Federal Surplus Property Fund (an enterprise fund) are reported at the federal acquisition cost.

#### CAPITAL ASSETS AND DEPRECIATION

Capital assets, which include property, plant, equipment, and infrastructure assets are recorded in the Government-wide Statement of Net Assets at historical cost if available or, if donated or the actual cost is not known, at the estimated fair market value at the date the State acquired them. Interest incurred on debt issued for construction of these capital assets is not capitalized.

Vermont defines a Capital Asset as a physical resource that costs at least \$5,000 and provides a future economic benefit for a minimum of 2 years. This includes capital leases and buildings that are not considered to be part of an infrastructure asset. All land regardless of cost, is capitalized and is not depreciated.

Infrastructure assets are defined as long-lived economic resources that are normally stationary in nature; utilized primarily by the general public as compared to state employees; cost at least \$50,000 and provide future economic benefit for at least 3 years. Normally, they can be preserved for a significantly greater number of years than most capital assets. They are generally much greater in value and have a longer economic life than capital assets.

Capital assets are depreciated over their useful lives using the straight-line mid-month depreciation method. Useful lives for buildings are 20 to 50 years and equipment are 3 to 24 years. Additional disclosures related to capital assets and assets acquired through capital leases are found in Notes 4 and 7 respectively.

Capital assets in the proprietary funds are capitalized at cost when acquired. Depreciation is calculated and recorded using the straight-line method with estimated useful lives being the same as those for the governmental capital assets.

When a capital asset is disposed of, its cost and related accumulated depreciation are removed from the accounts and any resulting gain or loss is reflected in income for the period. Significant renewals and improvements that increase the life expectancy are capitalized and deductions are made for retirements resulting from the renewals or improvements.

#### **DEFERRED REVENUE**

Revenues in the government-wide financial statements and the proprietary fund financial statements are deferred if cash has been received prior to being earned. In governmental fund statements deferred revenues are recognized when revenues are unearned or unavailable.

#### **PAYABLES**

The accounts payable balances contained in the financial statements consist of operating liabilities that were incurred and payment was due prior to year-end (usually June 30) and where payment was actually made subsequent to year-end. When paying its liabilities, it is the policy of the State to apply restricted resources first to situations where either restricted or unrestricted net assets may be used.

The "payable for investments purchased" balance for the Pension Trust Funds represents amounts due for securities purchased prior to June 30, 2003, which were paid subsequent to June 30, 2003.

## **ACCRUED LIABILITIES**

Accrued liabilities consist of employee wages and related fringe benefit accruals earned by employees as of June 30, 2003. Retainage payable consists of portions of progress payment amounts due to contractors that have been withheld and which will be paid by the State to the contractors upon final completion and acceptance of the contracted item or service.

#### TAX REFUNDS

Tax refunds primarily represent amounts owed by the State to taxpayers because of overpayment of their 2002 calendar year and first and second quarter 2003 calendar year personal income tax liabilities. Tax refunds payable, which reduce respective tax revenues, are accrued to the extent they are measurable based on payments and estimates. The amount reported as tax refunds payable at June 30, 2003 in the governmental funds statements is comprised of tax refunds for filed

tax returns due and payable at June 30, 2003. The amount reported as tax refunds payable at June 30, 2003 in the government—wide financial statements is comprised of estimated tax liability overpayments for the first and second calendar quarters of year 2003 tax liability as well as overpayments for calendar year 2002 and prior years' tax liabilities that have not been paid out as of June 30, 2003.

#### **ENCUMBRANCES**

Contracts and purchasing commitments are recorded as encumbrances when the contract or purchase order is executed. When the terms of the purchase order or contract have been fulfilled and payment to the contracting party is due, the encumbrance is liquidated and the liability and expenditure are recorded. Un-liquidated encumbrances remaining at fiscal year-end are reported in the Reserved For Encumbrances account as a component of fund equity for the governmental fund types.

#### **FUND BALANCES**

Fund balances for governmental funds are either reserved or unreserved. Reserved fund balances reflect either (1) assets which, by their nature, are not available for appropriation; (2) funds legally separated for a specific use such as "reserved for encumbrances;" or (3) funds segregated by legal restrictions.

Certain other reservations of the Governmental Funds' fund balances are described below.

Budget Stabilization Reserve – These reserves are established in the General, Transportation, and Education funds. They were created to reduce the effects of annual variations in state revenues by reserving certain surpluses of revenue. See Note 14 for a more complete disclosure of these reserves as it pertains to the current fiscal year.

The following reservations apply to the General Fund:

Reserve For Debt Service – During fiscal year 1993, the State initiated a lawsuit to recover costs associated with asbestos removal. A settlement agreement between the contractor and the State was reached which resulted in net proceeds of \$1,734,543 being credited to and reserved in the General Fund to meet future debt obligations associated with issuance of bonds relating to asbestos removal. The reserved amount is reduced annually through fiscal year 2009 in proportion to the repayment schedule of the bonds issued to refinance the asbestos removal. The remaining reserved balance at June 30 2003 is \$50,197.

Reserve For Human Caseload Management— The reserve for human caseload management, established pursuant to 32 V.S.A. Section 308b(a) was created to be available for appropriation to meet caseload-related needs at the Agency of Human Services. The Secretary of Administration may transfer to this reserve any general fund unexpended appropriations directly attributable to Aid To Needy Families With Children (ANFC) caseload reductions and the effective management of related federal receipts.

# **COMPENSATED ABSENCES**

Compensated absences include accumulated unpaid vacation, compensatory time, and personal leave credits. Classified State employees may accrue vacation leave based on the number of years employed up to a maximum rate of 24 days annually and may not accumulate more than a maximum of 45 days (360 hours) at any one time. This liability is expected to be liquidated in future periods as either salary payments or cash payments upon termination of employment. Compensatory time and personal leave time accumulates as earned by the employees but must be taken within an accrual year or forfeited.

Liabilities for compensated absences are recorded in the fund where the employees are assigned. The amounts are calculated based on an employee's pay rate in effect on June 30, 2003. Additional information including changes in balances may be found in Note 19 – Changes In Long-term Liabilities.

Employees earn sick leave credits based on the number of years employed with a maximum accrual rate of 21 days per fiscal year. Sick leave may only be liquidated if and when sickness or injury is incurred. Additionally, if employment is terminated, any sick leave that the individual may have accrued is forfeited without any payout; therefore, it is not an accruable liability to the State. There is no limit on the amount of sick leave an employee may accumulate.

## BOND DISCOUNTS, PREMIUMS, AND ISSUANCE COSTS

In the government-wide financial statements, bond discounts/premiums and issuance costs are deferred and amortized over the term of the bonds using the straight-line method. Bonds payable are reported net of the applicable bond premium or discount. Bond issue costs are reported as deferred charges.

In the fund financial statements, governmental fund types recognize bond discounts, premiums and issuance costs in the period the bond proceeds are received. The face amount of the debt issued is reported as other financing sources. Premiums received on debt issued are reported as other financing sources while discounts are reported as other financing uses. Issuance costs, whether or not withheld from the actual debt proceeds, are reported as expenditures.

#### INTERFUND TRANSACTIONS

INTERFUND LOANS – Short-term loans between funds outstanding at year-end for such things as cash overdrafts are recorded as Interfund Receivables/Payables. Advances To/From Other Funds represent long-term interfund loans receivable and payable.

REIMBURSEMENTS – Reimbursements result when one fund makes an expenditure for a second fund when that expenditure or expense is properly applicable to the second fund. Reimbursement transactions reduce expenditures in the reimbursed fund and increase expenditures/expenses in the reimbursing fund.

QUASI-EXTERNAL TRANSACTIONS – These transactions occur between two government funds that would be accounted for as revenue and expenditures if they occurred between a government entity and a private sector entity.

RESIDUAL EQUITY TRANSFERS — These transfers are defined as non-recurring and non-routine transfers of equity between two funds.

OPERATING TRANSFERS – These transfers encompass all types of transfers, except for the residual equity transfers, and are primarily routine transfers of appropriation resources between funds. Operating transfers are not revenue, expenditures, or expenses, and are classified as "Other Funding Sources (Uses)" in the operating statements of the governmental funds and in a separate subsection before net income in the proprietary funds.

# PREPAID EXPENSES

In governmental funds, all purchases are recorded as expenditures when paid. In the proprietary and fiduciary funds, certain payments reflect costs applicable to future accounting periods and as such, are recorded as prepaid expenses. These prepaid items will be expensed as they are liquidated.

# **USE OF ESTIMATES**

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect reported amounts of assets and liabilities, that affect disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities as of the date of the financial statements, and that affect the reported amounts of revenues and expenses for the reporting period. Actual results could differ from these estimates. During fiscal year 2003, the State changed from using 4 months of subsequent payments for prior year Medicaid liabilities to an accounting estimate of the total liability.

# Note 2: CASH, CASH EQUIVALENTS, AND INVESTMENTS:

The State pools substantially all cash and investments of governmental, proprietary, and agency funds, except those which are maintained separately in accordance with legal restrictions. Separate cash and investment accounts are generally maintained for pension funds and capital projects funds. Each fund's equity share of the total pooled cash and investments and restricted assets are included on the accompanying balance sheets.

# Schedule of Deposit and Investment Disclosures June 30, 2003 Primary Government and Component Units

Cash and Cash Equivalents Investments Restricted Cash	\$	865,300,911 2,838,404,409 14,776,659
Total	\$_	3,718,481,979
Deposits, Investments, and Reconciling Items		
Carrying Value of Deposits Carrying Value of Investments Cash on Hand U.S. Treasury - Unemployment Account	\$ 	461,208,672 2,995,003,270 613,604 261,656,433

#### **DEPOSITS:**

**Total** 

The following statutory requirement and Treasury Department policy have been implemented to minimize risk associated with deposits. 32 V.S.A. Sec. 431 establishes the requirements the State Treasurer must adhere to when depositing public monies. The statute sets parameters regarding the amount of funds that may be on deposit with any particular institution at any one time. Although not statutorily required, the State Treasurer requires State cash deposits to be collateralized with either United States Treasury securities or Vermont Municipal securities or a combination of same with a current market value equal to at least 102% of the amount of the deposit.

3,718,481,979

Deposits are classified as to credit risk by the three categories described below:

Category 1 Fully insured or collateralized with securities held by the State or its agent in the State's name.

Category 2 Collateralized with securities held by the pledging institution's trust department or its agent in the State's name.

Category 3 Uncollateralized.

The U.S. Treasury - Unemployment Account balance of \$261,656,433 at June 30, 2003 is on deposit with the U.S. Treasury and is not categorized.

At June 30, 2003, the State's deposits, listed by credit risk category, are shown in the following schedule:

			Categories				Bank		Reported
	_	1	2	_	3		Balance	_	Amount
Primary Government	\$	5,470,581 \$	11,932,936	\$	134,954,581	\$	152,358,098	\$	130,437,401
Component Units		2,448,768	20,150,788	_	294,488,637	_	317,088,193	_	330,771,271
Total	\$	7,919,349_\$	32,083,724	\$_	429,443,218	\$	469,446,291	\$_	461,208,672

#### INVESTMENTS:

Effective July 1, 1997, the State adopted provisions of GASB No.31, "Accounting and Reporting for Certain Investments and for External Investment Pools." GASB No.31 requires investments to be reported at fair value in the balance sheet. Effective with fiscal year 2003, the State reports any derivatives at fair value in accordance with GASB TB 2003-1, "Disclosure Requirements for Derivatives Not Reported at Fair Value on the Statement of Net Assets."

The disclosure of carrying (book) amounts by type of investment are classified in the following three categories of credit risk:

- 1. Insured, registered or securities held by the State or its agent in the State's name.
- 2. Uninsured and unregistered, with securities held by counterparty's Trust Department or agent in the State's name.
- 3. Uninsured and unregistered, with securities held by the counterparty or by its trust department or agent, but not in the State's name.

32 V.S.A. Section 433 defines the parameters the Treasurer must adhere to when investing State monies. Types of investments the Treasurer may utilize include obligations of the United States, its agencies and instrumentalities, and any repurchase agreements whose underlying collateral consists of such obligations; certificates of deposit issued by banks and savings and loan associations approved by the Treasurer; prime bankers' acceptances; prime commercial paper; tax exempt securities; and domestic money market funds. The boards overseeing the various pension funds have adopted their own set of investment guidelines.

At June 30, 2003 the State's investments, categorized by the credit risk categories listed above, are shown in the following schedule:

#### **INVESTMENTS**

	_			Carrying				
	_	1	1 2				_	Amount
Primary Government								
Stocks	\$	1,277,643,853	\$	-	\$	-	\$	1,277,643,853
U.S. Government Securities		390,064,442		-		-		390,064,442
Corporate Bonds and Notes		464,861,278		-		-		464,861,278
Other Investments	_	-			_	39,996,386	_	39,996,386
Subtotals		2,132,569,573		0		39,996,386		2,172,565,959
Not Categorized:								
Real Estate/Venture Capital		-		-		-		199,459,231
Mutual Funds		-		-		-		132,908,862
Lottery Annuity		-		-		-		805,863
Mortgages	_	-		-	-		_	15,410
Totals - Primary Government	\$_	2,132,569,573	\$	0	\$_	39,996,386	\$_	2,505,755,325
Component Units								
U.S. Government Obligations	\$	52,424,994	\$	10,379,000	\$	12,876,167	\$	75,680,161
Corporate Bonds		5,184,312		3,681,000		-		8,865,312
Stocks		38,990,848		-		-		38,990,848
Other	_	8,847,877		229,676,747	_	120,241,000	_	358,765,624
Subtotals		105,448,031		243,736,747		133,117,167		482,301,945
Not Categorized:								
UVM Partnerships	_	-			_		_	6,946,000
Total Component Units	\$_	105,448,031	\$	243,736,747	\$_	133,117,167	-	489,247,945
Totals - Reporting Entity							\$_	2,995,003,270

#### **Securities Lending Transactions**

State statutes and boards of trustees policies permit the Office of the Vermont State Treasurer to use investments of the three pension plans to enter into securities lending transactions - loans of securities to broker dealers and other entities for collateral with a simultaneous agreement to return the collateral for the same securities in the future. The pension plans' securities dealer, State Street Bank and Trust Company (State Street), is the agent in lending the plans' domestic securities for cash collateral of 102% and international securities for cash collateral of 105%. At year-end the pension plans have no credit risk exposure to borrowers because the amounts the plans owe the borrowers exceed the amounts the borrowers owe the plans. The lending agent indemnified Vermont by agreeing to purchase replacement securities or to return cash collateral in the event borrowers fail to return the securities (and if the collateral is inadequate to replace the securities lent) or fail to pay Vermont for income distributions by the securities' issuers while the securities were on loan. There were no losses during the fiscal year resulting from a default of the borrowers or State Street.

During the fiscal year, Vermont and the borrowers maintained the right to terminate all securities loans on demand. The cash collateral received on each loan was invested in collective investment pools with an average duration of 64 days at June 30, 2003. Because loans were terminable at will, their duration did not generally match the duration of the investments made with the cash collateral. On June 30, 2003, the collateral held and the market value of the securities on loan for Vermont were \$121,002,238 and \$116,594,328, respectively.

Below are the statutory references that allow the pension plans to participate in the securities lending program.

# Statute Reference Retirement Plan

3 V.S.A. Section 471(m) Vermont State Employees' Retirement Fund
16 V.S.A. Section 1942(q) Vermont Teachers' Retirement Fund
24 V.S.A. Section 5062(o) Vermont Municipal Employees' Retirement Fund

Note 3: NOT UTILIZED

# Note 4: Capital Assets:

Capital Assets activities for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2003 were as follows:

# **Primary Government**

Governmental Activities		Beginning Balance		Additions		Deletions	and	justments d Reclass- fications		Ending Balance
Capital assets, not being depreciated:										
Land and land improvements	\$	66,249,447	\$	311,147	\$	-	\$	-	\$	66,560,594
Construction in process		328,775,171		123,098,205		(87,873,301)		-		364,000,075
Works of Art		111,521		-		-		-		111,521
Total capital assets, not being depreciated		395,136,139		123,409,352		(87,873,301)		0		430,672,190
Capital assets, being depreciated:										
Buildings and improvements		241,516,067		13,164,477		-		-		254,680,544
Machinery and equipment		85,790,070		32,295,034		(9,449,544)		(235,373)		108,400,187
Infrastructure		1,013,524,508		71,980,704		(5,082,045)		-		1,080,423,167
Total capital assets, being depreciated		1,340,830,645		117,440,215		(14,531,589)		(235,373)		1,443,503,898
Less accumulated depreciation for:										
Buildings and improvements		(104,671,197)		(5,964,745)		-		-		(110,635,942)
Machinery and equipment		(52,619,363)		(15,142,260)		8,793,764		170,901		(58,796,958)
Infrastructure		(580,770,562)		(40,651,865)		5,082,045		-		(616,340,382)
Total accumulated depreciation		(738,061,122)		(61,758,870)		13,875,809		170,901		(785,773,282)
Total capital assets, being depreciated, net		602,769,523		55,681,345		(655,780)		(64,472)		657,730,616
Governmental activities capital assets, net	\$	997,905,662	\$	179,090,697	\$	(88,529,081)	\$	(64,472)	\$	1,088,402,806
Business-type Activities		Beginning Balance		Additions		Deletions	and	justments d Reclass- fications		Ending Balance
Capital assets, being depreciated:										
Buildings and improvements	\$	41.850	\$	_	\$	_	\$	_	\$	41,850
Machinery and equipment	Ψ	1,004,747	Ψ	221,896	Ψ	(84,264)	Ψ	_	Ψ	1,142,379
Total capital assets, being depreciated		1,046,597		221,896		(84,264)		0		1,184,229
Total depital accosts, boiling depresented		1,010,001		221,000	_	(01,201)				1,101,220
Less accumulated depreciation for:										
Buildings and improvements		(16,616)		(5,231)		-		-		(21,847)
Machinery and equipment		(525,219)		(180,006)		76,613				(628,612)
Total accumulated depreciation		(541,835)		(185,237)		76,613		0		(650,459)
Total capital assets, being depreciated, net		504,762		36,659		(7,651)		0		533,770
Business-type activities capital assets, net	\$	504,762	\$	36,659	\$	(7,651)	\$	0	\$	533,770

Current period depreciation expense was charged to functions of the Primary Government as follows:

#### Governmental Activities: Business-type Activities: General Government 12,607,492 Liquor Control 123,544 Protection to Persons and Property 1,642,406 Lottery 56,927 **Human Services** 706.523 Federal Surplus Property 4.766 **Employment & Training** 122.308 Total 185.237 General Education 12,160 Natural Resources 1,126,186 Commerce and Community Development 61,172 Transportation 41,016,522 Depreciation on Capital Assets held by the Internal Service Funds 4,464,101 Total 61,758,870

## **Discretely Presented Component Units**

	Beginning Balance	Additions	Deletions	Adjustments nd Reclass- ifications	 Ending Balance
Capital assets, not being depreciated:					
Land and land improvements	\$ 13,177,213	\$ 4,697,715	\$ (64,000)	\$ -	\$ 17,810,928
Construction in process	1,394,558	1,056,639	<u> </u>	(1,798,311)	652,886
Total capital assets, not being depreciated	14,571,771	 5,754,354	 (64,000)	 (1,798,311)	 18,463,814
Capital assets, being depreciated:					
Buildings and improvements	379,737,410	21,881,275	(366,500)	383,058	401,635,243
Machinery and equipment	94,933,071	11,302,783	(5,999,303)	326,725	100,563,276
Infrastructure	16,173,670	39,392	-	-	16,213,062
Total capital assets, being depreciated	490,844,151	33,223,450	(6,365,803)	709,783	518,411,581
Less accumulated depreciation	(250,104,012)	 (16,866,827)	 6,208,032	 35,531	 (260,727,276)
Total capital assets, being depreciated, net	 240,740,139	 16,356,623	 (157,771)	 745,314	 257,684,305
Component unit capital assets, net	\$ 255,311,910	\$ 22,110,977	\$ (221,771)	\$ (1,052,997)	\$ 276,148,119

#### Note 5: RETIREMENT PLANS AND OTHER POST EMPLOYMENT BENEFITS:

#### A. Retirement Plan Descriptions

# **Defined Benefit Retirement Plans**

In accordance with State Statutes, the State Treasurer and the individual retirement systems' Board of Trustees administer the State's three defined benefit pension plans and two defined contribution plans. These systems are considered part of the State's reporting entity and are included in the accompanying financial statements as pension trust funds in the fiduciary fund type. There are no separate stand-alone financial statements issued for these plans.

The Vermont State Retirement System (VSRS) (3 V.S.A. Chapter 16) is a single-employer public employee defined benefit retirement system which covers substantially all general state employees and State Police, except employees hired in a temporary capacity. Membership in the system is a condition of employment. The membership consists of:

(1) general employees who did not join the non-contributory system on July 1, 1981(Group A) with a

contribution rate of 5.1% of payroll (contributions cease upon attainment of 25 years of creditable service),

- (2) state police, law enforcement positions and airport firefighters hired after July 1, 2000 (Group C) with a contribution rate of 6.28% of payroll,
- (3) judges (Group D) with a contribution rate of 5.1% of payroll,
- (4) terminated vested members of the non-contributory system (Group E), and
- (5) all other general employees (Group F) with a contribution rate of 3.35% of payroll.

The State Teachers' Retirement System (STRS) (16 V.S.A. Chapter 55) is a cost sharing multiple-employer public employee retirement system. It covers nearly all public day school and nonsectarian private high school teachers and administrators as well as teachers in schools and teacher training institutions within and supported by the State that are controlled by the state board of education. Membership in the system for those covered classes is a condition of employment. The membership is made up of:

- (1) general teachers who did not join the non-contributory system on July 1, 1981 (Group A) with a contribution rate of 5.5% of payroll (contributions cease upon attainment of 25 years of creditable service),
- (2) terminated vested members of the non-contributory system (Group B), and
- (3) all other general teachers (Group C) with a contribution rate of 3.4% of covered payroll.

The State appropriates funding for pension costs associated with the above two plans. In fiscal years prior to 1982, both systems were solely contributory. Under legislation effective July 1, 1981, Vermont State employees and State teachers could elect to transfer their current memberships from a contributory to a non-contributory membership class (see Note 5 E. Single Deposit Investment Account). However, in 1990, the Legislature again made both systems contributory effective July 1, 1990 for the STRS and January 1, 1991 for the VSRS. The State's contribution to each system is based on percentage rates of each member's annual earnable compensation. These rates include a "normal contribution" rate and an "accrued liability contribution" rate and are calculated based upon the liabilities of each system as determined by actuarial valuations. Present law provides that each system's unfunded accrued liability will be amortized over 30 years. This amortization began July 1, 1988 and has 15 years remaining (the liability will be fully amortized in fiscal year 2018).

The Vermont Municipal Employees Retirement System (MERS) (24 V.S.A., Chapter 125) is a cost sharing multiple-employer public employees' retirement system that is administered by the State Treasurer and its Board of Trustees. It is designed for school districts and other municipal employees that work on a regular basis and also includes employees of museums and libraries if at least half of that institution's operating expenses are met by municipal funds. An employee of any employer that becomes affiliated with the system may join at that time or at any time thereafter. Any employee hired subsequent to the effective participation date of their employers is required to join the system upon the completion of three years of continuous service.

Prior to July 1, 1987, the State was statutorily responsible for contributions to the MERS's pension accumulation fund. Effective July 1, 1987 and thereafter, all payments to the system's pension accumulation fund are supported entirely by employer (municipal) and employee contributions. Employers make quarterly payments into the pension accumulation fund. These payments are percentages of annual earnable compensation for each membership group and consist of a "normal" and an "accrued liability" portion. The percentage rates of such contributions are fixed on the basis of the liabilities of the system pursuant to actuarial evaluations.

During fiscal year 2003, three municipal entities (Town of Bennington, City of Montpelier and Montpelier School System) joined the MERS. The transfers from non-state systems balance in the Statement of Changes in Fiduciary Net Assets includes the \$17,561,264 of actuarially determined contributions for the members added by these three municipal entities. Cash in the amount of \$7,316,920 was paid to MERS and the remaining balance of \$10,244,344 will be paid over a period of 30 years.

#### **Defined Contribution Retirement Plans**

In accordance with Title 3 of the Vermont Statutes Annotated, Chapter 16A, the State established an optional defined contribution plan for exempt state employees effective January 1, 1999. The Vermont State Defined Contribution Plan is reported in the Pension Trust Funds.

The actuarial calculations were performed on a cost-neutral basis so that the accrued balances and liabilities were equivalent. 374 exempt employees representing approximately 45% of the eligible employees elected to transfer to the defined contribution plan. Assets totaling \$21 million were transferred from the defined benefit plan to the defined contribution plan on January 4, 1999 as a result of the election. As the attendant decrease in liabilities in the defined benefit plan was equal to \$21 million, there was no material effect on the financial health of the defined benefit system resulting from the transfer. Exempt employees hired after January 1, 1999 have a one-time opportunity to elect either the defined benefit or defined contribution plan.

Employees are required to contribute at the rate equivalent to the contribution rate for Group F members of the VSRS. The State is required to contribute, to each employee's account, at the rate of 7% of the employee's compensation for each payroll period. An employee becomes vested in the plan after completion of 23 months of creditable service as a State employee. For the fiscal year ended June 30, 2003, plan member contributions were \$557,333 and State employer contributions were \$1,391,658. As of June 30, 2003, the Vermont State Defined Contribution Plan's net assets totaled \$26,920,943 and there were 551 participants.

The Legislature granted authority (24 V.S.A. Section 5070) to the Vermont Municipal Employees' Retirement System's Board of Trustees to establish a defined contribution plan that could be offered in lieu of the defined benefit plans currently available under the Municipal Retirement System. The board implemented a defined contribution plan that became available to new members effective July 1, 2000. The defined contribution plan was offered by municipal employers to one or more groups of their eligible employees. Once offered by the employer, each eligible employee was required to make an election to participate. Employees participating in one of the municipal defined benefit plans who elected to participate in the defined contribution plan had the July 1, 2001 actuarial value of their accrued defined benefit plan transferred to the defined contribution plan. Employers that did not offer the defined contribution plan to their employees as of December 31, 1999 will have an opportunity to do so no later than December 31 of any subsequent year with the transfer effective the following year's July 1.

Participating municipal employees and their employers are required to contribute at the rate of 5%. Employees become vested in the plan after 12 months of service. For fiscal year ending June 30, 2003, plan participants and the municipalities each contributed \$442,375 and \$440,071 respectively, while members transferred \$30,455 into the defined contribution plan from other pension plans. As of June 30, 2003, the Municipal Employees' Defined Contribution Plan's net assets at fair value totaled \$5,775,959 and there were 447 participants.

Copies of each individual defined benefit retirement plan's annual actuarial valuation report, information describing each defined benefit plan's provisions including vesting requirements, benefits provided, post retirement adjustments, etc., and information relating to the two defined contribution plans are available for inspection at the Retirement Division, Office of the Vermont State Treasurer, 133 State Street, Montpelier, Vermont 05633-6901.

#### B. Plan Membership

At June 30, 2003, VSRS, STRS, and MERS membership consisted of:

	<u>VSRS</u>	<u>STRS</u>	<u>MERS</u>
Active employees:			
Vested	5,235	7,546	2,494
Non-vested	2,641	2,809	2,966
Total active employees	7,876	10,355	5,460
Retirees and beneficiaries of deceased retirees			
currently receiving benefits	3,728	4,169	1,028
Terminated employees entitled to benefits			
but not yet receiving them (vested)	767	2,901	224
Inactive members	1,033	583	2,342
Total participants	13,404	18,008	9,054

# C. Schedules of Employer Contributions and Funding Progress

 $Below\ are\ listed\ the\ various\ actuarial\ methods\ and\ significant\ assumptions\ used\ to\ determine\ the\ annual\ required\ contributions.$ 

	VSRS	STRS	MERS
Valuation date	06/30/03	06/30/03	07/01/03
Actuarial cost method	Entry age normal cost with frozen initial liability	Entry age normal cost with frozen initial liability	Projected benefit cost method
Amortization method	Level percentage of payroll	Level percentage of payroll	Level percentage of payroll
Remaining amortization period	15 years	15 years	15 years
Asset valuation method	Actuarial value of assets	Actuarial value of assets	Actuarial value of assets using a five year smoothing technique
Actuarial assumptions Investment rate of return	8.0%	8.0%	8.0%
Projected salary increases Cost-of-living adjustments	4.5%-7.79% 1.5%-3.0%	4.41%-10.68% 1.5%-3.0%	5.6% 2%-2.3%
Post Retirement Adjustments Allowances in payment for at least one year adjusted for cost of living based on CPI but not in excess of percentage indicated	Groups A, C,D - 5%	Group A - 5%	N/A
Allowances in payment for at least one year adjusted for cost of living based on one-half of CPI but not in excess of percentage indicated	Group F - 5%	Group C - 5%	Group A - 2% Group B,C, D - 3%

# Schedule Of Employer Contributions

	VS	RS	ST	RS	N	IERS
Year	Annual		Annual		Annual	
Ended	Required	Percentage	Required	Percentage	Required	Percentage
6/30	Contribution	Contributed	Contribution	Contributed	Contribution	Contributed
1994	27,224,000	80.04%	25.805.000	79.75%	3,003,674	100.00%
1995	29,245,000	69.70%	27,452,000	65.86%	3,045,585	100.00%
1996	24,222,000	88.52%	28,712,000	39.98%	3,365,821	100.00%
1997	24,098,000	99.48%	30,722,000	58.85%	3,541,692	100.00%
1998	22,598,000	104.26%	26,927,000	67.14%	3,665,833	100.00%
1999	23,268,000	98.66%	20,724,000	87.24%	4,233,559	100.00%
2000	19,548,817	97.26%	19,936,345	93.23%	4,788,671	100.00%
2001	19,679,398	99.34%	20,970,278	91.29%	4,571,993	100.00%
2002	24,189,000	98.34%	22,146,880	92.33%	4,984,484	100.00%
2003	24,715,309	98.70%	28,279,810	72.30%	5,854,111	100.00%

# Schedule of Funding Progress

(dollar amounts in 1000's)

		Actuarial				UAAL as a
Actuarial	Actuarial	Accrued	Unfunded			Percentage of
Valuation	Value of	Liability	AAL	Funded	Covered	Covered
Date	Assets	(AAL)	(UAAL)	Ratio	Payroll	Payroll
6/30	(a)	(b)	(b-a)	(a/b)	(c)	((b-a)/c)
<u>VSRS</u>						
1994	428,678	665,427	236,749	64.4%	217,043	109.1%
1995	480,049	679,427	199,378	70.7%	225,089	88.6%
1996	560,659	664,173	103,514	84.4%	226,792	45.6%
1997	639,128	753,883	114,755	84.8%	227,000	50.6%
1998	733,716	804,501	70,785	91.2%	235,956	30.0%
1999	804,970	876,412	71,441	91.9%	238,281	30.0%
2000	895,151	967,064	71,913	92.6%	266,519	27.0%
2001	954,821	1,026,993	72,172	93.0%	278,507	25.9%
2002	990,450	1,017,129	26,679	97.4%	300,994	8.9%
2003	1,025,469	1,052,004	26,535	97.5%	319,855	8.3%
<u>STRS</u>						
1994	473,229	597,851	124,622	79.2%	335,155	37.2%
1995	520,850	648,052	127,202	80.4%	346,975	36.7%
1996	570,776	700,377	129,601	81.5%	355,895	36.4%
1997	717,396	849,179	131,783	84.5%	364,695	36.1%
1998	821,977	955,694	133,717	86.0%	357,899	37.4%
1999	931,056	1,066,400	135,344	87.3%	372,299	36.4%
2000	1,037,466	1,174,087	136,621	88.4%	387,999	35.2%
2001	1,116,846	1,254,341	137,496	89.0%	403,258	34.1%
2002	1,169,294	1,307,202	137,908	89.5%	418,904	32.9%
2003	1,218,001	1,358,822	140,821	89.6%	437,239	32.2%
MERS	00.040	50.054	(4.00.4)	100.107	00.000	0.00/
1994	60,646	59,251	(1,394)	102.4%	62,300	-2.2%
1995	70,082	67,039	(3,043)	104.5%	79,056	-4.9%
1996	81,396	73,401	(7,994)	110.9%	68,700	-11.6%
1997	96,197	85,686	(10,510)	112.3%	70,800	-14.8%
1998	113,678	102,005	(11,673)	111.4%	87,328	-14.8%
1999	137,454	114,481	(22,973)	124.6%	70,808	-32.4%
2000	161,900	138,697	(23,203)	116.7%	87,147	-26.6%
2001	177,928	158,786	(19,142)	112.1%	101,873	-18.8%
2002	193,278	176,109	(17,169)	109.7%	106,986	-16.0%
2003	222,854	218,533	(4,321)	102.0%	126,216	-3.4%

#### D. State of Vermont's Annual Pension Cost and Net Pension Obligation

The State's annual pension cost and net pension obligation (NPO) to the Vermont State Retirement System and the State Teachers' Retirement System at June 30, 2002 were as follows:

	VSRS	STRS
Annual Required Contribution (ARC)	\$24,715,309	\$28,279,810
Interest on NPO	3,076,151	7,444,098
Adjustment to ARC	(3,372,972)	(8,012,591)
Annual Pension Cost (APC)	24,418,488	27,711,317
Employer Contribution Made	(24,394,934)	(20,446,282)
Increase (Decrease) in NPO	23,554	7,265,035
NPO - Beginning of Year	38,451,886	87,577,620
NPO - End of Year	\$38,475,440	\$94,842,655
Percentage of APC contributed	99.90%	73.78%

#### E. Single Deposit Investment Account

Public Act 41 of the 1981 Session authorized a new Group B non-contributory plan within the State Teachers Retirement System (STRS) and a new Group E non-contributory plan within the Vermont State Retirement System (VSRS). The Single Deposit Investment Account (SDIA), a non-contributory defined contribution plan reported in the Pension Trust Funds, was also established according to the provisions of this Act.

The STRS's members in the Group A contributory plan could elect to either remain in the Group A plan or transfer to the new Group B non-contributory plan. Group A members electing to transfer to the Group B plan had their choice between the following three options:

- (1) have both their accumulated employee contributions and accumulated interest returned to them; or
- (2) have their accumulated contributions returned to them and only their accumulated interest invested by the retirement board in the SDIA; or
- (3) have both their accumulated employee contributions and accumulated interest invested by the retirement board in the SDIA.

The VSRS's members in the Group A contributory plan could elect to either remain in the Group A plan or transfer to the new Group E non-contributory plan. Group A members electing to transfer to the Group E plan had their choice between the following three options:

- (1) have both their accumulated employee contributions and accumulated interest returned to them; or
- (2) have their accumulated contributions returned to them and only their accumulated interest invested by the the retirement board in the SDIA; or
- (3) have both their accumulated employee contributions and accumulated interest invested by the retirement board in the SDIA.

No additional contributions could be made to the SDIA beyond those described above. The SDIA funds are not available to the members until they retire or terminate employment. At June 30, 2003, there were 1,581 STRS members and 1,220 VSRS members, with net assets of \$106,788,184 in the Single Deposit Investment Account.

#### F. Other Post Employment Benefits

The State offers both post employment medical insurance and life insurance benefits in addition to providing pension benefits.

Employees retiring for any reason (disability, early, or normal) including the State Police, are entitled to receive medical coverage for themselves and their dependents over the lifetime of the retiree, with 20% of the cost to be paid by the retiree. If the retiree chooses the joint and survivor pension option, and predeceases his or her spouse, the medical benefits also continue for the spouse, along with the pension. However, generally, the surviving spouse must pay 100% of the cost.

In the case of life insurance, if a state employee retires or terminates due to disability prior to age 60, and proper documentation is approved by the life insurance company, full life insurance coverage will continue at the State's expense up to age 65. At that time, if the retiree has a total of 20 years or more of active and retired (while receiving disability) service, life insurance automatically changes to \$5,000 fully paid and 100% of the premium is paid by the State.

## Note 6: RESTRICTED NET ASSETS - Discretely Presented Component Units

Restricted net assets are those portions of total net assets that are not appropriable for expenditure or that are legally segregated for a specific future use. Net assets restricted at June 30, 2003 are as follows.

Discretely Presented Component Units		Vermont Student Assistance Corp		University Of Vermont	Vermont State Colleges	Non-major Component Units
Restricted for:	•		•			
Bond Resolution	\$	48,288,000	\$	- \$	- \$	-
Grants and Scholarships		393,000		-	-	-
Project Commitments		-		-	-	22,186,204
Restricted- Nonexpendable		-		52,722,000	8,703,707	-
Restricted- Expendable		-		196,907,000	2,540,889	6,500,000
Loans Receivable (1)	_	-		<u>-</u>	-	65,986,021
Total Component Units	_				·	
Restricted Net Assets	\$	48,681,000	\$	249,629,000 \$	11,244,596 \$	94,672,225

<sup>(1)</sup> Loans receivable for the Vermont Housing & Conservation Board include federally restricted funds.

#### **Note 7: LEASE COMMITMENTS:**

## **Operating Leases**

The State is committed under various operating leases covering real property (land and buildings) and equipment. Although lease terms vary, certain leases continue subject to appropriation by the General Assembly. If continuation is reasonably assured, leases requiring appropriation by the General Assembly are considered non-cancelable leases for financial reporting purposes.

The following is a summary of the estimated future minimum rental commitments under operating leases for real property and equipment:

Fiscal Year	Non Cancelable Leases	Cancelable Leases	Primary Government Totals	Vermont State Colleges	Vermont Student Assistance Corporation	Total Reporting Entity
2004	\$4,614,344	\$196,249	\$4,810,593	\$1,630,057	\$654,000	\$7,094,650
2005	3,879,739	100,990	3,980,729	1,379,034	299,000	5,658,763
2006	2,978,742	45,702	3,024,444	1,167,227		4,191,671
2007	2,408,802	31,295	2,440,097	1,056,026		3,496,123
2008	2,146,032	2,825	2,148,857	848,564		2,997,421
2009 to 2014	2,062,077	5,600	2,067,677	92,626		2,160,303
Totals	<u>\$18,089,736</u>	<u>\$382,661</u>	<u>\$18,472,397</u>	<u>\$6,173,534</u>	<u>\$953,000</u>	<u>\$25,598,931</u>

#### **Capital Leases**

The future minimum lease obligation and the net present value of the minimum lease payments as of June 30, 2003 are as follows:

Fiscal Year	Vermont State Colleges	Total Reporting Entity
2004 2005 2006	\$34,338 34,338 20,030	\$34,338 34,338 20,030
Total Minimum Lease	88,706	88,706
Payments Less: interest	(6,985)	(6,985)
Present value of minimum lease payments	<u>\$81,721</u>	<u>\$81,721</u>

The State of Vermont, acting through its Agency of Transportation (AOT) entered into a capital lease with Main Street Landings Company, for premises in and adjacent to Union Station at 1 Main Street, Burlington, Vermont on January 20, 1998. The term of the lease was for a 20 year period and the entire 20 year rent of \$1,500,000 was prepaid in four equal installments beginning November 26,1996 and ending in 1998. The terms of the lease give the State the right to purchase a condominium interest in their leased property at the end of the lease term for \$500,000 subject to certain terms and conditions. The State is also required to pay its share of certain annual operating costs throughout the terms of the lease. The State has allowed the Vermont Transportation Authority (VTA) to utilize these premises under the terms of a Memorandum of Agreement between AOT and VTA.

#### Note 8: GENERAL OBLIGATION BONDS AND NOTES PAYABLE:

General obligation bonds and notes payable have been authorized and issued primarily to provide funds for acquisition and construction of capital facilities for higher education, public and mental health, correctional facilities, environmental conservation purposes, maintenance and construction of highways and assistance to municipalities for construction of water and sewage systems and local schools. Also, bonds have been authorized and issued to refund outstanding general obligation bonds.

Once authorized by the Legislature, the State Treasurer, with the approval of the Governor, may issue general obligation bonds. Except for zero coupon capital appreciation bonds, the bonds are to be payable in substantially equal or diminishing amounts, the first such payment to be payable not later than five years after the date of the bonds, and the last such payment to be made no later than twenty years after the date of the bonds.

Changes in bond and note principal payable during fiscal year 2003 are summarized as follows:

			General
		(	Obligation Bonds
Balance, July 1, 2002		\$	486,465,090
Additions:			
Issuances	67,355,000		
Accretions	3,320,784		
Total			70,675,784
Deductions:			
Redemptions	51,355,000		
Defeased	32,000,000		
Total			(83,355,000)
Balance, June 30, 2003		\$	473,785,874

During fiscal years 1991, 1992, and 1994, the State issued zero coupon capital appreciation bonds. Zero coupon capital appreciation bonds are bonds issued at a discount to their face value. Instead of interest being paid on a periodic (i.e. semi-annual) basis, an increase in the principal due (accreted amount) is recognized on a regular basis. The total accreted amount at maturity will be the face value of the bonds.

On December 1,1993, the State issued capital appreciation bonds with a maturity value of \$32,625,000 maturing on August 1 in the years 1999 through 2013. Proceeds from these bonds totaled \$17,987,640. At June 30, 2003, the accreted value of these bonds was \$16,964,279.

On October 30,1991, capital appreciation bonds with a maturity value of \$20,575,000 were issued. These bonds mature on October 15 in the years 1996 through 2011. Proceeds from these bonds totaled \$9,999,837 and have an accreted value of \$8,783,695 at June 30, 2003.

During fiscal year 1991, capital appreciation bonds were issued with a maturity value of \$48,935,000 and are scheduled to mature on December 1 in the years 1995 through 2010. Proceeds from these bonds totaled \$19,310,002 and have an accreted value of \$25,282,902 at June 30, 2003.

Future general obligation debt service requirements at June 30, 2003 are as follows:

				Capital			
Fiscal	Current Inte	erest E	Bonds	Appreciation			
Year	Principal	Interest		 Bonds	Total		
2004	\$ 42,265,000	\$	20,122,018	\$ 8,230,000	\$ 70,617,018		
2005	38,635,000		17,906,621	7,400,000	63,941,621		
2006	36,855,000		16,081,356	7,410,000	60,346,356		
2007	36,235,000		14,309,636	7,495,000	58,039,636		
2008	34,885,000		12,686,254	7,500,000	55,071,254		
2009-2013	145,590,000		40,223,059	26,565,000	212,378,059		
2014-2018	71,045,000		12,134,151	2,000,000	85,179,151		
2019-2022	 17,245,000		1,387,993	 	18,632,993		
Totals	\$ 422,755,000	\$	134,851,088	\$ 66,600,000	\$ 624,206,088		

At June 30, 2003, there remains \$39,200,868 of authorized but unissued General Obligation Bonds.

See following page for a schedule of General Obligation Bonds outstanding at June 30, 2003.

# General Obligation Bonds outstanding at June 30, 2003 are comprised of the following issues:

				Maturity Value	alue Maturity Value of Bonds Outstanding							
				of Capital								
Date	Date Series	Interest	Amount of	<b>Appreciation</b>		General	Tra	nsportation		Special		
Issued	Matures	Rates %	Original Issue	Bonds		Fund		Fund		Fund		Total
General Ob	ligation Currer	nt Interest Bon	ds:									
8/1/1992	8/1/2008	3.0 to 5.75	\$ 71,280,000		\$	17,860,000	\$	755,000	\$		\$	18,615,000
8/1/1993	2/1/2012	3.0 to 5.0	58,415,000			44,395,000		5,275,000				49,670,000
10/15/1993	4/15/2008	3.7 to 6.6	85,000,000			11,401,500		598,500				12,000,000
11/15/1994	1/15/2014	5.6 to 7.0	70,000,000			10,321,800		208,200				10,530,000
12/1/1995	1/15/2015	4.875 to 5.125	60,000,000			37,880,000						37,880,000
11/20/1996	1/15/2016	5.0 to 5.125	38,000,000			26,000,000						26,000,000
12/12/1996	1/15/2016	3.7 to 5.6	15,000,000			10,260,000						10,260,000
10/29/1997	1/15/2017	4.5 to 5.0	28,500,000			19,617,316		1,382,684				21,000,000
12/3/1997	1/15/2017	3.9 to 5.2	14,990,000			11,040,000						11,040,000
3/15/1998	1/15/2014	4.25 to 5.0	64,575,000			37,431,775		2,778,225		10,755,000		50,965,000
5/1/1998	1/15/2017	4.5 to 5.0	7,755,000							6,140,000		6,140,000
11/23/1998	1/15/2018	4.5 to 4.75	26,630,000			20,497,176		512,824				21,010,000
12/22/1998	1/15/2004	3.6 to 4.0	7,655,000			1,530,000						1,530,000
11/1/1999	2/1/2019	4.5 to 6.5	32,000,000			26,945,000						26,945,000
12/16/1999	2/1/2010	4.55 to 5.05	5,000,000			3,500,000						3,500,000
11/14/2001	8/1/2020	3.25 to 4.75	46,000,000			43,815,000						43,815,000
12/27/2001	8/1/2011	4.0 to 4.375	5,000,000			4,500,000						4,500,000
12/11/2002	8/1/2019	3.0 to 5.0	30,800,000			30,800,000						30,800,000
12/17/2002	8/1/2013	2.0 to 5.0	31,555,000			29,959,000		1,596,000				31,555,000
2/4/2003	8/1/2007	2.0 to 2.2	5,000,000			5,000,000						5,000,000
	neral Obligation				_	392,753,567		13,106,433		16,895,000		422,755,000
, Je.					_	,,		-,,	_	-,,		,,
General Oh	ligation Capita	I Appreciation	Bonds:									
12/13/90	12/01/10	N/A	19,310,002	48,935,000		32,895,000						32,895,000
10/30/91	10/15/11	N/A	9,999,837	20,575,000		11,565,000						11,565,000
12/01/93	08/01/13	N/A	17,987,640	32,625,000		22,140,000						22,140,000
Total Mat	urity Value					66,600,000						66,600,000
Less:	Unaccreted Intere	est				15,569,126					_	15,569,126
Total Gen	neral Obligation	Capital Appreci	ation Bonds			51,030,874	_		_			51,030,874
Total Genera	l Obligation Bon	ıds			\$	443,784,441	\$	13,106,433	\$	16,895,000	\$	473,785,874
	-				_		_		_			

#### Note 9: BOND REFUNDINGS:

#### A. Bonds Defeased Through Refunding

As authorized by Vermont statutes, during fiscal year 2003, the State of Vermont advance refunded a portion of its General Obligation Bonds, 1993 Series B maturing in 2006-2013 with an average coupon rate of 4.72%, through the issuance of \$31,555,000 of general obligation refunding bonds with an average coupon rate of 4.68%. Net proceeds totaling approximately \$33,778,426 (of which \$2,352,637 was premium and \$129,211 were issuance costs, underwriter discount, and contingency) were used to purchase U.S. Government securities that were deposited in irrevocable trusts with an escrow agent to provide for all future debt service payments of the refunded bonds of which \$32,000,000 remain outstanding as of June 30, 2003. As a result, the refunded bonds are considered to be defeased and the liabilities have been removed from long-term obligations in the Statement of Net Assets. As a result of this refunding, the State decreased current year debt service payments; has taken advantage of lower interest rates; and has decreased its aggregate debt service payments by approximately \$1,423,130 over the next 11 years (to August 1, 2013). Further, the State will experience an economic gain (the difference between the present values of the debt service payments to the refunded and refunding bonds) of approximately \$942,907.

#### B. Prior Defeasance

During fiscal year 1998, the State of Vermont defeased "in-substance" certain general obligation bonds by issuing new bonds and by placing the proceeds of these new bonds in an irrevocable trust. These trust assets will be utilized to make all future debt service payments on the old bonds. Accordingly, these trust assets and the liability for the old (now defeased) bonds are not included in the State's financial statements. As of June 30, 2003, \$28,080,000 of these defeased bonds remains outstanding.

#### Note 10: ACCOUNTING METHOD CHANGES AND FUND EQUITY RESTATEMENTS:

The Vermont Rehabilitation Corporation was previously reported in the Special Fund, renewed its registration as a corporation in fiscal year 2003, and is now reported as a discretely presented component unit.

The Federal Surplus Property Fund in fiscal year 2002 had reported the inventory as a restricted net asset. Because title to this remains with the federal government until the property is sold, the restricted net asset has been reclassified to deferred revenue.

The Governmental Activities beginning net assets has been restated for the reclassification of the Vermont Rehabilitation Corporation to a discretely presented component unit and the correction of prior period accounting errors, including the governmental activities capital assets.

The Business Activities beginning net assets has been restated due to the reclassification of the restricted net asset for federal surplus property inventory to deferred revenue.

The Vermont Veteran's Home beginning net assets has been restated to remove the fiduciary funds net assets from the business-type activities net asset balance.

During fiscal year 2003, the State changed the recognition of the medicaid liability from using 4 months of subsequent payments for prior year services to an accounting estimate of the total liability.

In the General Fund, prior to fiscal year 2003, personal income tax accrued revenue recognition included receivables that are assessed or estimated to be owed by the taxpayer as of June 30 that will be received by the State during the following 10 months. Beginning with fiscal year 2003, the State changed its personal income tax accrued revenue recognition policy to only recognize personal income tax accrued revenues in the amount to be collected within the sixty-day period after year end.

	Ear Ba	Retained nings/Fund alance/Net sets, July 1	Reclassification of Fund		Change in accounting method		Correction of prior period error		Retained Earnings/Fund Balance/Net Assets, July 1, as restated	
GOVERNMENTAL - MAJOR										
Special Fund	\$	46,285,433	\$	(275,996)	\$	-	\$	-	\$	46,009,437
PROPRIETARY - NONMAJOR Enterprise Funds										
Federal Surplus Property		329,635		-	(	(479,005)				(149,370)
GOVERNMENT WIDE										
Government Activities		825,653,218		(275,996)			33,9	20,352		859,297,574
Business Activities		318,822,744			(	(479,005)				318,343,739
COMPONENT UNITS - NONMAJOR										
Vermont Rehabilitation Corporation		-		275,996		-				275,996
Vermont Veterans' Home		5,046,086		-		(54,403)				4,991,683

# Note 11: SEGMENT INFORMATION FOR ENTERPRISE FUNDS:

The State reports three major and six non-major enterprise funds relating to sales of lottery tickets, liquor, Vermont Life Magazine and related products, industrial homework products, federal surplus property, adaptive equipment loans, municipal equipment loans, and Unemployment Compensation Trust Funds. Segment Information for the year ended June 30, 2003 is as follows:

is as idilows.	Vermont Lottery		Liquor Control	С	nemployment ompensation	Er	on-major nterprise	Total Enterprise
Condensed Statement of Net Assets	Commission		Fund	_	Trust Fund		Funds	Funds
				•		•		• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •
Due From Other Funds Total Other Current Assets	\$ 214,660	\$	- 	\$	-	\$	28,875	\$ 243,535
	5,901,679		5,546,736		268,585,232	•	4,136,775	284,170,422
Total Capital Assets (Net) Other Assets	79,666		445,570 5,700		-		8,534 1,531,614	533,770 1,537,314
Total Assets	6,196,005		5,998,006		268,585,232		5,705,798	286,485,041
Total Assets	0,190,003		3,990,000		200,000,202		3,703,730	200,400,041
Due To Other Funds	730,713		286,122		28,875		425,022	1,470,732
Total Other Current Liablilities	4,767,761		6,084,043		3,566,987	•	1,067,915	15,486,706
Total Restricted Liabilities	300,000		5,700		_		669,759	975,459
Total Liabilities	5,798,474		6,375,865		3,595,862		2,162,696	17,932,897
Invested in capital assets, net of								
related debt	79,666		445,570		-		8,534	533,770
Restricted	-		-		264,989,370		-	264,989,370
Unrestricted	317,865		(823,429)		-	;	3,534,568	3,029,004
Total Net Assets	\$ 397,531	\$	(377,859)	\$	264,989,370	\$ :	3,543,102	\$ 268,552,144
Condensed Statement of Revenues, E.	•	ges In						
Charges For Sales/Service	\$ 79,402,557	\$	33,043,684	\$	38,309,410		1,691,876	\$ 152,447,527
Other Operating Revenues	9,890		1,210,463		25,323,628		1,228,200	27,772,181
Total Operating Revenues	79,412,447		34,254,147		63,633,038	:	2,920,076	180,219,708
Depreciation Expense	56,927		123,544		-		4,766	185,237
Other Operating Expenses	63,599,947		34,207,663		130,315,726	;	3,017,931	231,141,267
Total Operating Expenses	63,656,874		34,331,207		130,315,726	,	3,022,697	231,326,504
Operating Income (Loss)	15,755,573		(77,060)		(66,682,688)		(102,621)	(51,106,796)
Non-operating Revenues/Expenses	467,031		2,348		17,530,445		14,459	18,014,283
Transfers In (Out)-Net	(16,222,604)		(359,779)		(70,578)		70,578	(16,582,383)
Changes in Net Assets	-		(434,491)		(49,222,821)		(17,584)	(49,674,896)
Beginning Net Assets	397,531		56,632		314,212,191	;	3,560,686	318,227,040
Ending Net Assets	\$ 397,531	\$	(377,859)	\$	264,989,370	\$ :	3,543,102	\$ 268,552,144
Condensed Statement Of Cash Flows								
Net Cash Provided By:								
Operating Activities	\$ 15,436,808	\$	200,251	\$	(66,487,485)	\$	290,223	\$ (50,560,203)
Noncapital Financing Activities	(15,734,133)	Ф	(359,779)	Ф	(00,407,400)	Ф	51,374	(16,042,538)
Capital and Related Financing	(10,704,100)		(555,115)		-		01,014	(10,042,000)
Activities	(13,750)		(188,128)		-		(13,300)	(215,178)
Investing Activities	530,039		(100,120)		17,448,885		96,019	18,074,943
	300,000				,		55,010	10,014,040
Cash and Cash Equivalent-July 1	364,761		2,330,482		308,429,651		1,399,851	312,524,745
Cash and Cash Equivalent-June 30	\$ 583,725	\$	1,982,826	\$	259,391,051	\$	1,824,167	\$ 263,781,769

#### Note 12: CONTINGENT AND LIMITED LIABILITIES:

#### **CONTINGENT LIABILITIES**

## Vermont Economic Development Authority:

In 1974, the General Assembly created the Vermont Industrial Development Authority, renamed it the Vermont Economic Development Authority (VEDA or the Authority) in 1993; and transferred the functions and the responsibilities of the Vermont Industrial Building Authority, Industrial Park Authority, and the Vermont Industrial Aid Board to it. Each of these original entities was relegated to a particular segment of industrial development. The Authority was established as a body corporate and politic and a public instrumentality of the State. It is governed by a twelve member board which consists of the Secretary of Commerce & Community Development, the State Treasurer, the Secretary of Agriculture, Food and Markets, and nine public members appointed by the Governor with the advice and consent of the Senate.

The Authority has the power to insure up to \$15 million of mortgages made by lenders for the purchase of land and construction of industrial building facilities in the State; to finance the purchase of machinery and equipment; and to provide working capital. The refinancing of existing mortgages is also possible under the act that created the Authority. As of June 30, 2003, the Authority had mortgage insurance contracts totaling \$5,098,145. The full faith and credit of the State is pledged to support these activities of the Authority.

The Authority is authorized to reimburse lenders participating in the Vermont Financial Access Program for losses incurred on loans that the lenders register with the Authority. The full faith and credit of the State is pledged in an amount equal to the reserve premium payment deposited by the participating lenders for each registered loan, with the aggregate amount of credit that may be pledged not to exceed \$2 million at any one time. The State's contingent liability at June 30, 2003 was \$915.022. The State's net cash contribution since inception is \$265.646.

The 1999 General Assembly created the Vermont Agricultural Credit Corporation (VACC) to be operated by the Authority. The VACC assumed all of the assets and liabilities of the Family Farm Debt Stabilization Program (DSP) and the Agriculture Finance Program (AFP). These programs were previously administered by the Authority. In 1988, the DSP borrowed \$20,000,000 from a group of Vermont banks. A pledge of the full faith and credit of the State secured the 3repayment of the debt. In 1996, the authority borrowed an additional \$2,000,000 from a single Vermont bank, also secured by the pledge of the full faith and credit of the State. As of June 30, 2003, these obligations were paid in full.

#### Federal Grants:

The State receives federal grants that are subject to audit and review by federal grantor agencies. This could result in expenditures being disallowed under the terms of the grants. However, it is believed that required reimbursements resulting therefrom would not be material.

# LIMITED LIABILITIES

#### Vermont Economic Development Authority:

The State has a limited liability for the Vermont Economic Development Authority. The Authority may create one or more debt service reserve funds in accordance with 10 V.S.A. Section 219. Annually, the Authority must report to the State the amount necessary to bring the reserve balances up to the minimum required by statute. This sum so certified may be appropriated by the State. It has not been necessary for the State to appropriate money to maintain the reserve and it is not anticipated that any appropriation will have to be made.

# Vermont Municipal Bond Bank:

The State has a limited liability for the Vermont Municipal Bond Bank (Bank). The Bank is required to maintain debt service reserve funds. Title 24, V.S.A. Section 4675 requires the State to provide annual appropriations to restore the reserve funds to the required minimum balance, if necessary. It has never been necessary for the State to appropriate money to the reserve fund and it is not anticipated that it will need to make an appropriation in the future.

# **Vermont Housing Finance Agency:**

The State has a limited liability for the Vermont Housing Finance Agency (Agency). The Agency may create one or more debt service reserve funds in accordance with 10 V.S.A. Section 632. Annually, the Agency must report to the State the amount necessary to bring reserve fund balances up to the minimum required by statute. This sum so certified may be appropriated by the State. It has not been necessary for the State to appropriate money to maintain the reserve fund and it is not anticipated that any appropriation will have to be made.

#### **Note 13: LITIGATION**

The State, its agencies, officials and employees are defendants in numerous lawsuits involving funding for social welfare programs, civil rights actions, public education funding, breach of contract and negligence. The Attorney General is unable to predict the ultimate outcome of the majority of these suits, some of which seek recovery of monetary damages of unspecified amounts. However, based on information provided by the Attorney General, it is believed that any ultimate liability to the State resulting from these suits, not covered by various insurance policies, would not materially affect the State's overall financial condition.

#### **Note 14: BUDGET STABILIZATION RESERVES**

The 1993 Legislature amended action taken by the 1987 Legislature by repealing legislation creating the Budget Stabilization Trust Fund and created separate Budget Stabilization Reserves within both the General Fund and Transportation Fund. The Education Fund Budget Stabilization Reserve was created by the 1999 Legislature. These reserves were created to reduce the effects of annual variations in state revenues upon these funds by reserving certain surpluses of revenues.

The reserves balances will consist of any unreserved undesignated surplus at the close of the fiscal year, provided the balance in each fund's Budget Stabilization Reserve shall not exceed an amount equal to five percent of its appropriations for the prior fiscal year plus any additional amounts as may be authorized by the General Assembly. Use of the reserve is limited to offsetting the respective fund's deficit at the close of a fiscal year. Pursuant to action taken by the Legislature, the Transportation Fund's Budget Stabilization Reserve at June 30, 2003 was \$9,156,195, the General Fund's Budget Stabilization Reserve was \$23,564,564 at June 30, 2003, and the Education Fund's Budget Stabilization Reserve at June 30, 2003 was \$11,075,612.

# **Note 15: JOINT VENTURE**

The State of Vermont has entered into a Tri-State Lotto Compact (Compact) with the States of New Hampshire and Maine for the purpose of operating a tri-state lottery. This lottery does not replace Vermont's individual lottery games but is run in addition to the existing games. The Compact provided for the creation of a Tri-State Lottery Commission (Commission) which is an interstate body, both corporate and politic, serving as a common agency of the party states and representing them both collectively and individually in the exercise of its powers and duties. The Commission is composed of one member from each of the party states. Each state's lottery commission appoints one of its members to this position. The three-member Commission annually elects a chairperson from among its members. The Commission is empowered to operate and administer Tri-State Lotto and to promulgate rules and regulations governing the establishment and operation of the lotto. Tri-State Lotto tickets are sold in each of the party states and processed in a central location as determined by the Commission. Fifty percent of the gross sales from each state are aggregated in a common prize pool, and operating costs are charged proportionally to each of the party states. The remaining revenues generated within each state remain in that particular state.

At June 28, 2003, the Commission had total assets of \$233,612,722 and total liabilities of \$200,419,007. For the fiscal year ended June 28, 2003, the Commission has operating revenues of \$77,078,618, interest income of \$137,465, commissions, fees, and bonus expenses of \$9,831,398, prize awards of \$38,336,744, and other operating expenses of \$4,077,849. During the fiscal year, the Commission made operating transfers to member states of \$24,970,092, which includes \$2,167,568 transferred to Vermont.

#### Note 16: RISK MANAGEMENT

#### A. Workers' Compensation and Liability Risk Management

The Risk Management Division of the Department of Buildings and General Services administers all risk management for state government with the exception of the health and life insurance plans listed below. State policy is to minimize the purchase of commercial insurance by either self-funding or otherwise retaining the risk when it makes sense to do so. The Risk Management Division sets aside assets and pays claims utilizing the following three Internal Service Funds:

Workers' Compensation Self Insurance Fund State Liability Self Insurance Fund Risk Management – All Other Fund (used for the purchase of commercial insurance)

The Workers' Compensation Fund covers all State employees pursuant to State statute. Certain quasi-governmental entities may also request coverage through this program. The State has unlimited exposure to liability and has not purchased any stop-loss insurance to limit this exposure. This liability is reviewed annually by an outside actuary, including a review of

incurred but not reported claims (IBNR). All claims are processed by Risk Management Division personnel and are audited annually by an outside claims adjuster to ensure that the claims-based statistical information used to calculate the State's workers' compensation exposure is reliable. The contribution required to fully fund losses is calculated annually by an outside actuary. Allocation to each participating entity is done by the Risk Management Division utilizing departmental exposure and experience factors.

The State Liability Insurance Fund covers general and employment practices liability, discrimination, and auto liability risk. The coverage is comparable to standard private commercial policies. It offers coverage to the same group of participants as those covered by the workers' compensation program described above. Its exposure to risk in Vermont is subject to the doctrine of sovereign immunity and is governed by the Vermont Tort Claims Act, 12 V.S.A. §5601. Exposure outside of Vermont is potentially unlimited. It is self-insured for the first \$250,000 of exposure and has purchased excess commercial insurance to cover the additional per-occurrence exposure in amounts of up to \$1,000,000 in Vermont and \$10,000,000 for claims that are not subject to the Vermont Tort Claims Act. This liability is reviewed annually by an outside actuary, including a review of incurred but not reported claims (IBNR). The contribution required to fully fund losses is calculated annually by an outside actuary. Allocation to each participating entity is done by the Risk Management Division, utilizing departmental exposure and experience factors. A third-party administrator (TPA) administers all claims other than minor property damage claims, which are administered by division staff. The liability loss projections and the claims processing data are audited annually by outside claims adjusters.

The Risk-Management – All Other Fund provides insurance coverage through purchased commercial policies for risks not covered in the above funds or which are self-assumed. This coverage provides insurance for State-owned real property, bonds for various categories of employees, robbery and burglary coverage for the federal food stamp program, errors and omissions coverage for judges, and various other miscellaneous coverage. The State's liability exposure is limited to the amount of the various deductibles associated with the respective coverage. Premium charges from the various insurers plus a 5% surcharge to cover administration costs are either assessed directly against the entity specifically requiring the coverage or apportioned among those entities receiving the benefits of the coverage. Entities eligible for coverage are the same as those listed above for the other funds.

# B. <u>Health Care, Dental Insurance, Life Insurance, Employee Assistance, and Long Term Disability Funds</u> For State Employee Benefit Plans

The Employee Benefits and Wellness Division of the Department of Personnel maintains medical, dental, life insurance, employee assistance, and long term disability program funds for the benefit of current State employees, retirees, retired former employees allowed participation by statute or labor agreement, legislators, employees and certain former employees of outside groups which have been declared eligible to participate by statute. All or some of these named groups may participate in each plan depending upon the plan. Temporary and contractual employees are not eligible to participate in these plans.

Participating employees share in the premium cost of all of the medical plans. Premium rate setting is performed by an outside actuary in conjunction with the Employee Benefits and Fiscal and Information Management groups. The State's liability for incurred but not yet reported (IBNR) claims is calculated by the actuary and is based on the State's prior claims experience.

The current medical plan offerings include four plan options. TotalChoice, HealthGuard PPO, and SafetyNet are "preferred provider organization" indemnity-type plans. There is a lifetime limit on coverage for a participant in these three plans. The SelectCare POS is a "point of service" plan option, similar to an open-ended HMO. Members may opt out of the network but must meet a deductible and coinsurance to do so. There is no lifetime coverage limit, however, benefits are administered under a managed care arrangement. All four health plan options are self insured by the State. The State employs a third party administrator to provide administrative services, including claim payment. To limit the State's large claims exposure, the State has purchased stop loss insurance.

The self-funded State of Vermont Employee Dental Assistance Plan, provides up to \$1,000 regular dental benefits annually and up to \$1,750 lifetime for orthodontic expenses for each participant. These plan caps effectively limit the State's exposure to catastrophic loss so no stop-loss insurance has been purchased. The Fiscal and Information Management group within the Department of Personnel sets the premium rates, in consultation with the dental plan administrator's actuary. Participants include all groups mentioned in paragraph 1 above except for retirees. The State pays 100% of the premium for State employee participants and their covered dependents.

The State of Vermont Employee Life Insurance Program consists of a Life benefit and an Accidental Death and Dismemberment (AD&D) benefit, each of which provides coverage equal to two times a participant's base salary rounded down to the nearest \$100. Retirees who work for the State for at least twenty years and who have life insurance at the time of retirement receive a retiree life benefit of \$5,000 with no AD&D coverage. Both Life and AD&D are fully insured benefits. The State purchases insurance under which the carrier retains liability for all claims. The Fiscal and Information

Management group calculates the premium rates charged to departments for both of these programs. The State pays 75% of active employees premiums and 100% of retirees' premium costs. Only current State employees, retired State employees and current members of outside groups are eligible to participate.

A Flexible Spending Account Program is available to active State employees only. This account allows pre-tax salary deductions to be used to reimburse eligible medical and dependent care expenses.

An Employee Assistance Program (EAP) is provided for the benefit of State employees and members of their immediate household. This program assists employees and family members in addressing problems that impact their lives including stress, family issues, financial, drugs and substance abuse, and other issues. Active State employees and their families are eligible for this program. The EAP Program Manager is paid a monthly fee based on the number of employees who work for the State. The plan provides up to 5 counseling sessions per case through a network of providers. No claims costs, or claims liabilities are incurred under this plan by the State. The State pays 100% of the premium for this plan.

A Long Term Disability Program is provided as an income replacement benefit for certain State employees who become permanently disabled. The plan provides financial protection for State employees and their families by continuing a portion of their income while disabled. Only State employees who are not eligible to be represented by the employees' union, the Vermont State Employees Association, are eligible for this benefit. There is a one-year eligibility waiting period before coverage is effective. This plan is fully insured through an insurance company, so there is no liability to the State for claims. The premium is based on a percentage of the salaries of eligible participants. The State issues payment to the insurance company for the premium and the cost is then recovered from eligible employees in the following manner: Those eligible employees who are covered by a leave plan forfeit one day of sick leave per year. Those eligible employees who are not covered by a leave plan have a one-time .2% salary reduction in their next cost-of-living increase.

Presented below is a table displaying three years' changes in the respective funds' claims liability amounts.

		Current FY		
	Liability at	Claims and	Current	Balance of
	Beginning of	Changes	FY Claims	Liability at End
Fund and Fiscal Year	the Fiscal Year	<u>in Estimates</u>	<u>Payments</u>	of Fiscal Year
Workers' Compensation				
Fund				
FY 2001	10,206,695	7,470,814	5,686,611	11,990,898
FY 2002	11,990,898	6,258,621	5,296,358	12,953,161
FY 2003	12,953,161	10,014,881	7,479,065	15,488,977
State Liability				
Insurance Fund				
FY 2001	5,107,857	3,020,229	1,395,800	6,732,286
FY 2002	6,732,286	607,876	960,545	6,379,617
FY 2003	6,379,617	1,853,539	1,523,564	6,709,592
Medical				
Insurance Fund				
FY 2001	5,516,812	31,122,193	30,178,494	6,460,511
FY 2002	6,460,511	38,189,077	36,322,720	8,326,868
FY 2003	8,326,868	60,927,903	58,395,510	10,859,261
Dental Insurance Fund				
FY 2001	255,754	3,717,131	3,646,996	325,889
FY 2002	325,889	4,363,223	4,340,822	348,290
FY 2003	348,290	4,529,471	4,531,176	346,585

## **NOTE 17: DEFICIT FUND BALANCES**

The following individual funds had deficit total net assets or deficit unrestricted net assets at June 30, 2003:

#### **Business-type Proprietary Funds**

Liquor Control Fund: had a deficit unrestricted net asset balance of \$823,429 and a deficit total net asset balance of \$377,859 at June 30, 2003. It had a net loss before contributions and transfers of \$74,712 and transferred \$359,779 to the General Fund thereby reducing its total net asset balance by \$434,491 from a positive balance of \$56,632 at June 30, 2002 to a deficit balance of \$377,859 at June 30, 2003. The department has taken several steps to reduce these deficits including lowering the inventory levels in the outlets by using a weekly delivery schedule instead of a bi-weekly one; raising prices; etc; and expects to eliminate all deficit balances within three years.

Federal Surplus Property Fund: had an operating loss of \$91,174 for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2003, which further increased its total net asset deficit from \$149,370 at June 30, 2002 to \$240,544 at June 30, 2003. Its unrestricted net asset total was a deficit \$249,078 at June 30, 2003. Management is currently reviewing the fee structure associated with this activity with plans to raise them to increase the revenue. They also are looking at increasing efficiencies where possible so as to reduce costs.

#### **Internal Service Funds**

Financial & HR Information Fund: in its first year of operation, experienced an operating loss of \$534,965 while ending the year with a deficit unrestricted net asset balance of \$559,697 at June 30, 2003. This deficit will be extinguished over a three-year period primarily through rate increases and cost reduction measures.

Communications & Information Technology Fund: had a deficit unrestricted net asset balance of \$1,731,381 and a deficit total net asset balance of \$831,861 at June 30, 2003. For fiscal year 2003, it incurred a net operating loss of \$983,308, had non-operating expenses of \$88,841 and made contributions and transfers of \$161,501, all of which resulted in a change to its total net asset balance from a positive \$401,789 at June 30, 2002 to the deficit \$831,861 indicated above. This deficit will be extinguished over a two-year period through rate adjustments and efficiencies in normal business operations.

GOVNet Fund: incurred an operating loss of \$141,667 during fiscal year 2003 which resulted in an increase in the deficit in both its deficit unrestricted net asset balance of \$583,062 and its deficit total net asset balance of \$358,950 at June 30, 2003. These deficits will be recovered via rate adjustments to its customers.

Copy Center Fund: had a deficit unrestricted net asset balance of \$2,036,827 but a positive total net asset balance of \$246,000 at June 30, 2003. The fund incurred an operating loss of \$123,126 during fiscal year 2003, which is the major component in the Change in Net Assets of \$185,235 that reduced the fund's total net asset balance from \$431,235 at June 30, 2002 to \$246,000 at June 30, 2003. This operating deficit will be addressed via a change in the current rate structure.

Postage Center Fund: had a deficit unrestricted net asset balance of \$66,956 but a positive total net asset balance of \$58,361 at June 30, 2003. For fiscal year 2003, it had operating income of \$150,919 and received \$85,570 in non-operating revenues. After transferring \$70,200 to the General Fund, its total net asset balance increased by \$166,289 from a deficit balance of \$107,928 at June 30, 2002 to a positive balance of \$58,361 at June 30, 2003. The deficit unrestricted net asset balance will be addressed via a change in the current rate structure charged to customers if necessary.

Facilities Operations Fund: had both a deficit unrestricted net asset balance of \$9,135,840 and a deficit total net asset balance of \$8,720,547 at June 30, 2003 as compared to deficits in the same categories of \$5,952,287 and \$5,584,944 respectively at June 30, 2002. It had an operating loss of \$3,130,776 for FY2003 as compared to an operating loss of \$3,642,274 for fiscal year 2002. In fiscal year 2004, the State transferred \$8.4 million via one-time appropriations that reduced the deficit fund balance to an unaudited \$1 million at June 30, 2004. The State intends to eliminate the balance of these deficits via a rent surcharge over a ten-year period.

Workers' Compensation Fund: had a deficit unrestricted net asset balance of \$7,242,117 and a deficit total net asset balance of \$7,218,111 at June 30, 2003. It incurred an operating loss of \$1,854,362 for FY2003. The State expects to eliminate these deficits through rate adjustments over the next five years.

Property Management Fund: had a deficit unrestricted net asset balance of \$4,191,445 and a deficit total net assets balance of \$4,170,567 at June 30, 2003. For FY2003, it had operating income of \$959,468 but transferred \$2,385,035 to the Special Fund for funding of bond principal and interest payments during fiscal year 2003 resulting in an increase of its deficit total net asset balance of \$1,425,567. This deficit net asset balance is a structural one resulting from a mismatch between twenty-year life bonds being used as the funding source for the purchase cost of a fifty-year life building. Tenants' annual rents cover 100% of the interest costs plus 2% of the bond principal amount so it will take fifty years to collect the total bond principal even though the underlying bond principal will be paid off in twenty years. The fund total net asset balance will continue to increase negatively until the bonds are paid off, and then will become less negative each succeeding year as the 2% annual principal payments are received until it finally goes to zero after fifty years.

# Note 18: INTERFUND BALANCES

**A.** Interfund assets and liabilities for each individual fund within the Primary Government and within the Component Units at June 30, 2003 were:

Fund Type/Fund	Due From Other Funds	Due To Other Funds	Interfund Loans Receivable	Interfund Loans Payable
PRIMARY GOVERNMENT GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS				
General Fund	\$ 523,742	\$ 905,830	\$ 25,148,970	\$
Special Revenue Funds Transportation Fund Education Fund Special Fund Federal Revenue Fund	214,789 730,713 6,759,770 1,583,899	675,614 214,660 850,470 1,585,405		
Non-major Governmental Funds Fish & Wildlife Fund General Bond Fund	4,596	32,926 218,631		
PROPRIETARY FUNDS				
Enterprise Funds Unemployment Compensation Trust Fund Liquor Control Fund		28,875 286,122		
Vermont Lottery Fund	214,660	730,713		
Non-major Enterprise Funds Industrial Homework Find Federal Surplus Fund Vermont Life Magazine Fund	20.075			242,211 182,811
Unemployment Compensation Contingency Fund  Internal Service Funds	28,875			
Highway Garage Fund Offender Work Programs Single Audit Revolving Fund	38			365,121 350,445
Finance & Human Resource Information Fund Communication & Information Technology Fund GOVnet Fund	00			307,559 3,981,090 504,592
Supply Center Fund Copy Center Fund				368,540 2,568,186
Postage Fund Facilities Operations Fund Property Management Fund				1,409,455 8,346,138 4,201,207
Equipment Revolving Fund State Liability Insurance Fund Risk Management Fund	70,587	1,478 4,258 3,164		1,768,276 124,863
Workers' Compensation Fund	7,422	104,594		124,003
FIDUCIARY FUNDS Pension Trust Funds				
Vermont State Retirement System Vermont State Defined Contribution Plan	60,808	55,049		
State Teachers' Retirement Plan Vermont Municipal Employees' Retirement Fund Vermont Municipal Employees' Defined Contribution Plan	74,028	5,759 74,028		
Private Purpose Trust Funds Abandoned Property Fund		30,337		
Agency Funds				
Retirement Contributions & Withholdings Fund Federal Income Tax Witholdings Fund		457 1,048		19,979 25,453
State Income Tax Withholdings Fund Social Security Contributions & Withholdings Fund		368 849		97,068
Employees Insurance Contributions & Withholdings Fund Employees Deferred Income Withholdings Fund		1,642		15,644 2,308
Child Support Collections Fund	2,367	4,677,740		_,
Unidentified Receipts Fund	2,150	2,150		175,727
Vendor and Other Deposits Fund Other Employees Contributions & Withholdings Fund	219,745	6,012 10		28,945 63,352
Total Primary Government Funds	10,498,189	10,498,189	25,148,970	25,148,970
COMPONENT UNITS  Vermont Student Assistance Corporation				
Non-major Component Units Vermont Economic Development Authority Vermont Housing and Conservation Board Vermont Transportation Authority				
Total Reporting Entity	\$ 10,498,189	\$ 10,498,189	\$ 25,148,970	\$ 25,148,970

Т	Advances From Other Funds  Advances From From Other Funds		From Component Other Units/Primary		(	Due To Component Units/Primary Government	Co: Uni	vances To mponent its/Primary vernment	Advances From Component Units/Primary Government	y
\$	323,700	\$	\$	2,806,037	\$		\$	1,921,695	\$	
				1,599,285		41,655				
				3,826,389						
		5,700 300,000								
		1,700								
		1,200								
		15,100								

323,700 323,700 8,231,711 41,655 1,921,695 0

5,425,674 1,921,695
41,655

\$ 323,700 \$ 323,700 \$ 8,273,366 \$ 8,273,366 \$ 1,921,695 \$ 1,921,695

# **B.** Operating Transfers between the individual funds of the primary government for the fiscal year ending June 30, 2003 were:

Fund Type/Fund		Transfers In	Transfers Out		
GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS					
General Fund	\$	33,335,916	\$ 314,955,861		
Special Revenue Funds					
Transportation Fund		1,674,543	11,086,148		
Education Fund		270,210,675	1,071,234		
Special Fund		92,772,078	25,352,367		
Federal Revenue Fund		2,926,589	22,959,234		
Non-major Governmental Funds					
Fish & Wildlife Fund		370,201			
General Bond Fund			6,797,716		
PROPRIETARY FUNDS					
Enterprise Funds					
Unemployment Compensation Trust Fund		247,497	318,075		
Liquor Control Fund		247,407	359,779		
Vermont Lottery Fund			16,222,604		
vernionit Lottery i una			10,222,004		
Non-major Enterprise Funds					
Unemployment Contingent Trust Fund		318,075	247,497		
Internal Service Funds					
Highway Garage Fund		1,990,649			
Finance & Human Resource Information Fund		5,049	29,781		
Communication & Information Technology Fund			140,000		
Supply Center Fund			70,192		
Property Management Fund			2,385,035		
Postage Fund			70,200		
Long-term Disability Fund			14,000		
Employees Assistance Fund			89,000		
PRIVATE PURPOSE TRUST FUNDS					
			1 692 540		
Unclaimed Property Fund	_		1,682,549		
Total	\$_	403,851,272	\$ 403,851,272		

# Note 19: CHANGES IN LONG-TERM LIABILITIES

During the year ended June 30, 2003, the following changes occurred in long-term liabilities:

# PRIMARY GOVERNMENT

		July 1, 2002, restated		Additions		Reductions		June 30, 2003		Amounts due within one year
Governmental activities:	-		_		-	_	-	_		
Bonds payable (1)	\$	486,465,090	\$	70,675,784	\$	83,355,000	\$	473,785,874	\$	50,495,000
Compensated absences		26,064,083		27,164,332		27,796,445		25,431,970		16,970,133
Claims and judgements		28,007,936		14,071,637		8,675,158		33,404,415		11,205,946
Contingent liabilities		7,000,000		-		-		7,000,000		-
Net pension obligation		126,029,506		7,288,589		-		133,318,095		-
Other liabilities  Total governmental activities	_	421,386	_	2,413,804		517,400		2,317,790	_	-
long-term liabilities	\$	673,988,001	\$	121,614,146	\$	120,344,003	\$	675,258,144	\$	78,671,079
Business-type activities:										
Compensated absences	\$	312,777	\$	231,911	\$	263,489	\$	281,199	\$	183,530
Claims and judgements		3,670,907				414,374		3,256,533	_	3,256,533
Total business-type activities long-term liabilities	\$	3,983,684	\$	231,911	\$	677,863	\$	3,537,732	\$	3,440,063
ŭ	<u>*</u>	0,000,000.	<u>*</u>	201,011	<u>*</u>	0.1,000	<u> </u>	0,00: 1: 02	<u>*</u>	5,110,000
Fiduciary:										
Compensated absences	\$	0	\$	81,118	\$	76,433	\$	4,685	\$	4,653
Total fiduciary long-term liabilities	\$	0	\$	81,118	\$	76,433	\$	4,685	\$	4,653
COMPONENT UNITS										
Bonds and notes payable	\$	1,788,736,479	\$	505,570,556	\$	286,360,036	\$	2,007,946,999	\$	132,151,349
Capital leases payable		118,682		-		36,961		81,721		32,338
Accrued arbitrage rebate		15,661,192		392,526		1,995,203		14,058,515		1,514,889
Other liabilities		41,206,370		5,375,518		23,764,365	_	22,817,523	_	854,000
Total component units long-term liabilities	\$	1,845,722,723	\$	511,338,600	\$	312,156,565	\$	2,044,904,758	\$	134,552,576

<sup>(1)</sup> Governmental activities bonds payable additions include \$3,320,784 of accretions on capital appreciation bonds.

#### Note 20: SUBSEQUENT EVENTS:

#### **Debt Issuances**

The State issued \$137,457,000 of 2004 Series A General Obligation Refunding Bonds dated February 11, 2004. Interest rates on these bonds vary from 1.1% to 5.0%. Payments to the bondholders are scheduled to commence August 1, 2004 and terminate February 1, 2018. The proceeds from this offering will be used to refund the following State's General Obligation Bonds:

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1993 Series A maturing in 2005 - 2012
1993 Series B maturing in 2005
1994 Series A maturing in 2006
1995 Series A maturing in 2008 - 2015
1996 Series B maturing in 2009 - 2016
1996 Series C maturing in 2009 - 2016
1997 Series A maturing in 2010 - 2013
1997 Series B maturing in 2010 - 2014 and in 2017
1998 Series B maturing in 2010 - 2014 and in 2016
1998 Series C maturing in 2010 - 2012
1999 Series A maturing in 2011 - 2018
2001 Series A maturing in 2012 - 2013
2002 Series A maturing in 2013
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The State issued \$42,200,000 of 2004 Series B General Obligation Bonds dated February 15, 2004. The State expects to use approximately \$3.2 million of the proceeds to fund capital improvements authorized by the Legislature in years prior to 2003 and reallocated in Act 63 of 2003; and to use the remaining amount for capital projects authorized by Act 56 of 2003 and Act 63 of 2003. Interest rates vary on these bonds from 2% to 5%. Payments to the bondholders are scheduled to commence September 1, 2004 and terminate March 1, 2023.

The State also issued \$48,000,000 of 2004 Series A General Obligation Revenue Anticipation Note dated September 5, 2003. The proceeds were used to pay the expenses of government for which appropriations had been made but for which anticipated revenues had not been received; and for the purpose of paying expenses connected with the issuance of the note. The interest rate on these notes was 1.18%. The note matured and was paid off on March 5, 2004.

# **Multi-State Lottery Association**

In July 2003, the Vermont Lottery Commission entered into an agreement with the Multi-State Lottery Association (the Association) to participate in the "Powerball" game. Under the terms of the agreement, the Lottery may terminate the agreement at any time without prior notice if authority to participate is withdrawn by executive action or if participation is in conflict with the constitution or statutes of the State; otherwise, the Vermont Lottery Commission shall give the Association at least six months notice of its intention to withdraw.



# SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

Required Supplementary Information

# STATE OF VERMONT BUDGET AND ACTUAL (NON-GAAP BUDGETARY BASIS) SCHEDULE GENERAL FUND FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2003

	 Original Budget	 Final Budget		Actual (Budgetary Based)	Variance- Favorable (Unfavorable)	
Revenues:						
Taxes	\$ 833,235,890	\$ 830,434,300	\$	845,480,549	\$ 15,046,249	
Licenses	2,500,000	2,400,000		2,803,699	403,699	
Fines, Forfeits and Penalties	2,584,000	7,200,000		3,386,646	(3,813,354)	
Earnings of Departments	10,049,000	10,300,000		10,147,139	(152,861)	
Interest and Premiums	3,100,000	2,650,000		1,481,581	(1,168,419)	
Other	108,000	 1,450,000		1,768,661	318,661	
Total Revenues	851,576,890	 854,434,300		865,068,275	 10,633,975	
Expenditures:						
General Government	41,131,676	39,012,808		35,991,283	3,021,525	
Protection to Persons and Property	61,859,163	69,841,722		65,382,174	4,459,548	
Human Services	255,156,362	276,118,036		270,148,777	5,969,259	
Employment and Training	771,393	1,744,003		1,241,582	502,421	
General Education	116,457,667	121,122,381		118,058,482	3,063,899	
Natural Resources	16,609,167	20,812,091		17,510,081	3,302,010	
Commerce and Community Development	12,724,150	14,575,359		13,002,117	1,573,242	
Debt Service	 66,958,806	 68,860,859		67,902,550	958,309	
Total Expenditures	571,668,384	612,087,259		589,237,046	22,850,213	
Excess of Revenues over Expenditures	 279,908,506	 242,347,041		275,831,229	33,484,188	
Other Financing Sources (Uses):						
Proceeds from Sale Refunding Bonds	-	32,131,728		32,131,728	-	
Operating Transfers In	545,352	32,230,853		32,230,853	-	
Payment to Escrow Agent	-	(32,131,728)		(32,131,728)	-	
Premium on Sale of Short Term Note	-	678,750		678,750	-	
Operating Transfers Out	(326,485,935)	(313,837,190)		(313,837,190)	-	
Other Sources (Uses)	-	(2,204,948)		(2,204,948)	-	
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	(325,940,583)	(283,132,535)		(283,132,535)	 -	
Excess of Revenues and Other Sources Over						
(Under) Expenditures and Other Uses	(46,032,077)	(40,785,494)		(7,301,306)	33,484,188	
Fund Balance, July 1	 68,220,238	 68,220,238	_	68,220,238		
Fund Balance, June 30	\$ 22,188,161	\$ 27,434,744	\$	60,918,932	\$ 33,484,188	

# STATE OF VERMONT BUDGET AND ACTUAL (NON-GAAP BUDGETARY BASIS) SCHEDULE TRANSPORTATION FUND FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2003

	Original Final		Actual (Budgetary	Variance- Favorable	
	Budget	Budget	Based)	(Unfavorable)	
Revenues:					
Taxes	\$ 138,086,030	\$ 138,220,000	\$ 138,965,275	\$ 745,275	
Licenses	53,200,000	53,300,000	55,118,973	1,818,973	
Fines, Forfeits and Penalties	-	-	8,723,256	8,723,256	
Earnings of Departments	-	-	4,276,021	4,276,021	
Federal	159,484,369	163,785,135	125,360,580	(38,424,555)	
Interest and Premiums	-	-	1,367	1,367	
Other	15,100,000	15,500,000	3,546,336	(11,953,664)	
Total Revenues	365,870,399	370,805,135	335,991,808	(34,813,327)	
Expenditures:					
General Government	12,498,885	10,241,548	9,994,916	246,632	
Protection to Persons and Property	27,559,736	28,758,250	28,132,959	625,291	
Human Services	2,021,702	2,023,529	1,535,734	487,795	
General Education	5,484,080	5,742,645	5,497,117	245,528	
Natural Resources	1,111,894	1,234,904	1,040,654	194,250	
Transportation	322,576,260	342,575,592	288,721,879	53,853,713	
Debt Service	2,835,622	3,575,329	2,820,400	754,929	
Total Expenditures	374,088,179	394,151,797	337,743,659	56,408,138	
Excess of Revenues over (Under) Expenditures	(8,217,780)	(23,346,662)	(1,751,851)	21,594,811	
Other Financing Sources (Uses):					
Proceeds from Sale of Notes and Bonds	-	1,646,698	1,646,698	=	
Operating Transfers In	-	603,309	603,309	=	
Payment to Escrow Agent	-	(1,646,698)	(1,646,698)	=	
Operating Transfers Out	(3,160,649)	(11,312,706)	(11,312,706)		
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	(3,160,649)	(10,709,397)	(10,709,397)		
Excess of Revenues and Other Sources Over					
(Under) Expenditures and Other Uses	(11,378,429)	(34,056,059)	(12,461,248)	21,594,811	
Fund Balance, July 1	13,861,449	13,861,449	13,861,449		
Fund Balance, June 30	\$ 2,483,020	\$ (20,194,610)	\$ 1,400,201	\$ 21,594,811	

# STATE OF VERMONT BUDGET AND ACTUAL (NON-GAAP BUDGETARY BASIS) SCHEDULE EDUCATION FUND FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2003

						Actual		Variance-	
	Original Budget			Final		(Budgetary		Favorable	
			Budget		Based)		(Unfavorable)		
Revenues:									
Taxes	\$	549,710,000	\$	547,935,000	\$	556,833,262	\$	8,898,262	
Earnings of Departments		2,563,000		2,600,000		2,532,730		(67,270)	
Interest and Premiums		150,000		150,000		(307,382)		(457,382)	
Total Revenues		552,423,000		550,685,000		559,058,610		8,373,610	
Expenditures:									
General Education		842,170,145		842,096,916		837,246,458		4,850,458	
Total Expenditures		842,170,145		842,096,916		837,246,458		4,850,458	
Excess of Revenues over (Under) Expenditures		(289,747,145)		(291,411,916)		(278,187,848)		13,224,068	
Other Financing Sources (Uses):									
Operating Transfers In		271,585,935		269,522,204		269,522,204		-	
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)		271,585,935		269,522,204		269,522,204		-	
Excess of Revenues and Other Sources Over									
(Under) Expenditures and Other Uses		(18,161,210)		(21,889,712)		(8,665,644)		13,224,068	
Fund Balance, July 1		19,880,336		19,880,336		19,880,336			
Fund Balance, June 30	\$	1,719,126	\$	(2,009,376)	\$	11,214,692	\$	13,224,068	

#### STATE OF VERMONT BUDGET AND ACTUAL (NON-GAAP BUDGETARY BASIS) SCHEDULE SPECIAL FUND FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2003

	Original Budget	Final Budget	Actual (Budgetary Based)	Variance- Favorable (Unfavorable)	
Revenues:					
Taxes	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 117,874,988	\$ 117,874,988	
Licenses	-	-	7,742,536	7,742,536	
Fines, Forfeits and Penalties	-	-	3,227,172	3,227,172	
Earnings of Departments	-	-	53,241,140	53,241,140	
Federal	-	-	3,583,044	3,583,044	
Interest and Premiums	-	-	2,675,153	2,675,153	
Other	-	-	102,603,944	102,603,944	
Special Fund Revenues	290,657,223	332,540,029		(332,540,029)	
Total Revenues	290,657,223	332,540,029	290,947,977	(41,592,052)	
Expenditures:					
General Government	5,671,410	15,890,075	10,998,774	4,891,301	
Protection to Persons and Property	46,574,938	53,987,971	49,246,986	4,740,985	
Human Services	231,812,524	251,543,362	241,526,153	10,017,209	
Employment and Training	3,095,257	3,095,257	2,145,866	949,391	
General Education	3,844,171	22,406,219	15,755,757	6,650,462	
Natural Resources	25,562,189	29,275,114	26,445,435	2,829,679	
Commerce and Community Development	6,048,162	8,487,737	5,980,808	2,506,929	
Transportation	-	485,116	426,564	58,552	
Public Service Enterprises	-	1,986,000	1,710,255	275,745	
Debt Service	2,658,918	2,764,928	2,491,045	273,883	
Total Expenditures	325,267,569	389,921,779	356,727,643	33,194,136	
Excess of Revenues over (Under) Expenditures.	(34,610,346)	(57,381,750)	(65,779,666)	(8,397,916)	
Other Financing Sources (Uses):					
Proceeds from Sale of Bonds	-	224,284	224,284	-	
Operating Transfers In	91,105,116	93,919,721	93,919,721	-	
Operating Transfers Out	(17,795,352)	(26,861,092)	(26,861,092)	-	
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	73,309,764	67,282,913	67,282,913		
Excess of Revenues and Other Sources Over					
(Under) Expenditures and Other Uses	38,699,418	9,901,163	1,503,247	(8,397,916)	
Fund Balance, July 1	59,837,382	59,837,382	59,837,382		
Fund Balance, June 30	\$ 98,536,800	\$ 69,738,545	\$ 61,340,629	\$ (8,397,916)	

# STATE OF VERMONT BUDGET AND ACTUAL (NON-GAAP BUDGETARY BASIS) SCHEDULE FEDERAL REVENUE FUND FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2003

	 Original Final Budget Budget		Actual (Budgetary Based)		Variance- Favorable (Unfavorable)		
Revenues:							
Federal	\$ 807,577,488	\$	902,296,918	\$	880,414,737	\$	(21,882,181)
Interest and Premiums	-		-		37,047		37,047
Other			-		6,611,635		6,611,635
Total Revenues	 807,577,488		902,296,918	_	887,063,419		(15,233,499)
Expenditures:							
General Government	2,808,795		3,096,857		2,729,601		367,256
Protection to Persons and Property	38,231,931		41,761,121		32,632,169		9,128,952
Human Services	617,934,517		688,008,878		649,629,965		38,378,913
Employment and Training	24,098,356		24,125,420		23,901,538		223,882
General Education	99,239,930		88,595,687		87,278,389		1,317,298
Natural Resources	11,837,727		27,270,985		24,121,840		3,149,145
Commerce and Community Development	13,426,232		29,437,970		14,200,341		15,237,629
Total Expenditures	 807,577,488		902,296,918		834,493,843		67,803,075
Excess of Revenues over Expenditures					52,569,576		52,569,576
Other Financing Sources (Uses):							
Operating Transfers In	-		608,919		1,081,868		-
Operating Transfers Out	(1,185,116)		(22,552,234)		(22,552,234)		-
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	(1,185,116)		(21,943,315)		(21,470,367)		-
Excess of Revenues and Other Sources Over							
(Under) Expenditures and Other Uses	(1,185,116)		(21,943,315)		31,099,209		52,569,576
Fund Balance, July 1	 (4,720,941)		(4,720,941)		(4,720,941)		<u> </u>
Fund Balance, June 30	\$ (5,906,057)	\$	(26,664,256)	\$	26,378,268	\$	52,569,576

### Notes to Required Supplementary Information - Budgetary Reporting For the fiscal year ended June 30, 2003

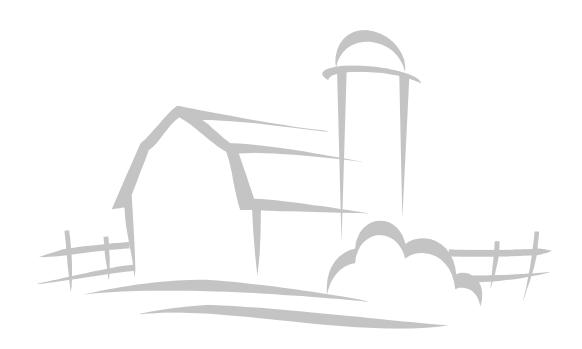
#### RECONCILIATION OF BUDGETARY TO GAAP

The State's annual budget is prepared on a basis (cash) other than GAAP. The actual results column of the "Budget and Actual" non-GAAP budgetary schedules are presented on a modified cash basis to provide a meaningful comparison to budget. The General and major Special Revenue Funds' statements are prepared on a modified accrual basis (GAAP). The major differences between the modified cash basis and the modified accrual basis are:

- 1 Expenditures are recognized when cash is paid or committed (budgetary) rather than when the obligation is incurred.
- On a GAAP basis, major inter-agency and intra-agency transactions are eliminated in order not to double count revenues and expenditures.

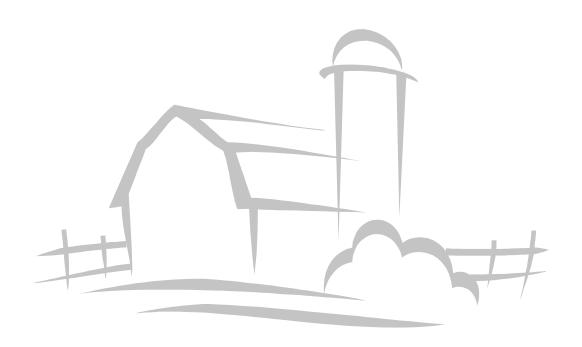
The following schedule reconciles the general and special revenue funds of the primary government for differences between budgetary accounting methods and the GAAP basis accounting principles for the year ended June 30, 2003.

	General Fund	Tra	nsportation Fund	Educati Fund		Special Fund	Federal Revenue Fund
Fired Delever - Devlactory Deci-	 						
Fund Balance - Budgetary Basis	\$ 60,918,932	\$	1,400,201	\$ 11,214	,692	\$61,340,629	\$ 26,378,268
Basis of Accounting Differences:							
To record cash on hand, restricted cash, market value of investments	36		1,675,523		-	1,601,840	225
To record taxes receivable	121,537,086		6,900,181	6,466	,646	4,024,166	-
To record loans/notes receivable, due from other funds, and other receivables	2,078,880		10,302,700	730	,713	20,959,333	11,822,040
To record due from federal government	-	2	22,908,370		-	-	111,577,788
To record accounts and retainage payable, accrued liabilities, deferred revenue.	(83,513,002)	(4	40,483,235)	(11,155	,173)	(49,834,321)	(122,798,759)
To record tax refunds payable	(538,060)		-		-	-	-
To record due to other funds	(905,830)		(675,614)	(214	,660)	(850,470)	(1,585,405)
To record due to component units	-		(41,655)		-	-	-
To record effects of blended component units	-		2,471,632		-	3,247,000	16,948,258
To record removal of discretely presented component unit	174,633		<u>-</u>			2,188,101	(747,067)
Fund Balance - GAAP Basis	\$ 99,752,675	\$	4,458,103	\$ 7,042	,218	\$42,676,278	\$41,595,348





### **COMBINING FINANCIAL STATEMENTS**





### NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

#### State of Vermont Combining Balance Sheet Nonmajor Governmental Funds June 30, 2003

	Special Revenue		Capital Projects			
	Fis	h & Wildlife Fund	Ge	eneral Bond Fund	-	ortation Fund
ASSETS:			_			
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	3,718,118	\$	45,067,393	\$	-
Investments.		-		-		-
Receivables: Taxes receivable		84,812		_		_
Other receivables		452,429		3,919		_
Intergovernmental receivable - federal		102, 120		0,010		
government		489,637		-		-
Due from other funds		4,596				
Total assets	\$	4,749,592	\$	45,071,312	\$	
LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCE						
LIABILITIES:						
Accounts payable	\$	529,307	\$	1,818,230	\$	-
Accrued liabilities		398,731		2,701		-
Due to other funds		32,926		218,631		-
Retainage payable		-		115,127		-
Total Liabilities		960,964		2,154,689		0
FUND BALANCE:						
Reserved for:						
Encumbrances		132,851		5,617,360		-
Endowments		-		-		-
Unreserved:				27 200 202		
Designated for specific purposes  Undesignated		- 3,655,777		37,299,263		-
Ondoong lated		3,030,177				
Total fund balance		3,788,628		42,916,623		0
Total liabilities and fund balance	\$	4,749,592	\$	45,071,312	\$	_

#### **Permanent Funds**

ner Education owment Fund	/ermont torum Fund	Albert C. Lord Trust Fund		nberjack Fund
\$ (826) 8,572,981	\$ 15,709 235,327	\$ 24,193 208,792	\$	14,620 10,403
-	-	-		-
<u>-</u>	- -	 - -		-
\$ 8,572,155	\$ 251,036	\$ 232,985	\$	25,023
\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$	-
- - -	 - - -	 - - -		- - -
 0_	 0_	 0_		0
- 7,000,000	- 206,502	- 183,217		- 9,129
- 1,572,155	- 44,534	 - 49,768		- 15,894
8,572,155	251,036	232,985		25,023
\$ 8,572,155	\$ 251,036	\$ 232,985	\$	25,023

#### State of Vermont Combining Balance Sheet Nonmajor Governmental Funds June 30, 2003

	Permanent Funds					
	Couching Lion Farm Cemetery Fund		Carrie P. Underwood Fund		Laura H. Morgan Fund	
ASSETS:	_				_	
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	17,376	\$	2,797	\$	173
Investments		2,199		12,661		2,849
Receivables:				-		
Taxes receivable Other receivables.		-		-		-
		-		-		-
Intergovernmental receivable - federal						
government  Due from other funds		-		-		-
Due nom other funds	-	<del>-</del>				
Total assets	\$	19,575	\$	15,458	\$	3,022
LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCE						
LIABILITIES:						
Accounts payable	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-
Accrued liabilities		-		-		-
Due to other funds		-		-		-
Retainage payable		-				
Total Liabilities		0		0		0_
FUND BALANCE:						
Reserved for:						
Encumbrances		-		-		-
Endowments		1,930		11,110		2,500
Unreserved:						
Designated for specific purposes		-		-		-
Undesignated		17,645		4,348		522
Total fund balance		19,575		15,458		3,022
Total liabilities and fund balance	\$	19,575	\$	15,458	\$	3,022

Permanen			
ton Battle ent Fund	ıs H. Ellis Fund	Total Nonmajor Governmental Funds	
\$ 224 1,214	\$ 205 1,140	\$	48,859,982 9,047,566
- -	-		84,812 456,348
 - -	 <u>-</u>		489,637 4,596
\$ 1,438	\$ 1,345	\$	58,942,941
\$ - - - -	\$ - - -	\$	2,347,537 401,432 251,557 115,127
0	0		3,115,653
- 1,065	1,000		5,750,211 7,416,453
 - 373	- 345		37,299,263 5,361,361
 1,438	 1,345		55,827,288
\$ 1,438	\$ 1,345	\$	58,942,941

## STATE OF VERMONT COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2003

	Special Revenue		Capital Projects			
	Fis	h & Wildlife Fund	General Bond Fund		Transportation Bond Fund	
REVENUES:						
Taxes:	Φ.	4.045.400	Φ.		•	
Motor fuel tax	\$	1,015,426	\$	-	\$	-
Earnings of departments:		004 450				
Fees		231,456		-		-
Rents and leases		66,256		-		-
Federal grants		4,109,066		-		-
Fines, forfeits and penalties		34,760		-		-
Investment income		37,339		-		-
Licenses:		4.005				
Business		1,865		-		-
Non-business		6,088,509		-		-
Special assessments		19,699		-		-
Other revenues		404,135	4	46,555		-
Total revenues		12,008,511		46,555		0
EXPENDITURES:						
General government		-	9,16	54,326		-
Protection to persons and property		-	2,16	61,948		-
Human services		-	2,33	37,855		-
General education		=	23,40	02,939		-
Natural resources		13,662,034	2,7	55,215		-
Commerce and community development		=	87	79,810		-
Transportation		-		-		3
Total expenditures		13,662,034	40,70	02,093		3
Excess of revenues over						
(under) expenditures		(1,653,523)	(40,6	55,538)		(3)
Other Financing Sources (Uses):						
Proceeds from the sale of bonds		-	35,80	00,000		-
Transfers in		370,201		-		-
Transfers (out)		-	(6,79	97,716)		-
Total other financing sources (uses)		370,201	29,00	02,284		0
Net change in fund balances		(1,283,322)	(11,6	53,254)		(3)
Fund balance, July 1		5,071,950	54,50	69,877		3
Fund balance, June 30	\$	3,788,628	\$ 42,9	16,623	\$	<u>-</u>

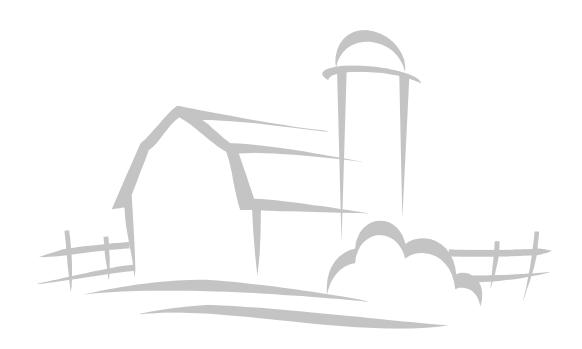
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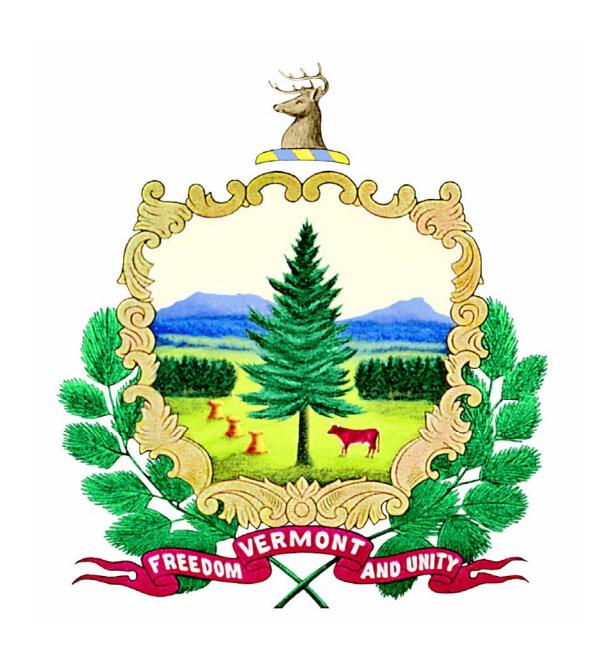
Permanent Funds					
Higher Education Indowment Fund	Vermont Sanitorium Fund		ert C. Lord ust Fund		berjack Fund
\$ -	\$ -	\$	-	\$	-
_	_		_		_
-	-		-		_
-	-		-		-
-	-		-		-
634,352	20,698		18,531		1,016
-	-		-		-
-	-		-		-
-	-		-		-
634,352	20,698		18,531		1,016
-	-		-		_
-	-		-		-
-	7,507		-		-
477,199	-		5,042		-
-	-		-		_
-	-		-		-
 477,199	7,507		5,042		0
 ,			0,0	-	
157,153	13,191		13,489		1,016
· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	•		· · · · · ·		
<u>-</u>	_		_		_
-	-		-		-
-	-		-		-
0	0		0		0
157,153	13,191		13,489		1,016
 8,415,002	237,845		219,496		24,007
\$ 8,572,155	\$ 251,036	\$	232,985	\$	25,023

## STATE OF VERMONT COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2003

	Permanent Funds					
	Couching Lion Farm Cemetery Fund	Carrie P. Underwood Fund	Laura H. Morgan Fund			
REVENUES:						
Taxes:						
Motor fuel tax	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -			
Earnings of departments:						
Fees	-	-	-			
Rents and leases	-	-	-			
Federal grants	-	-	-			
Fines, forfeits and penalties	-	-	-			
Investment income	385	1,135	224			
Licenses:						
Business	-	-	-			
Non-business	=	=	=			
Special assessments	=	=	=			
Other revenues	-	-	-			
Total revenues	385	1,135	224			
EXPENDITURES:						
General government	-	-	-			
Protection to persons and property	-	-	-			
Human services	-	-	-			
General education	-	-	-			
Natural resources	-	-	-			
Commerce and community development	-	-	-			
Transportation	=	=	=			
Total expenditures		0	<u>_</u>			
•						
Excess of revenues over						
(under) expenditures	385_	1,135	224_			
Other Financing Sources (Uses):						
Proceeds from the sale of bonds	-	-	-			
Transfers in	-	-	-			
Transfers (out)	-	-	-			
Total other financing sources (uses)	0	0	0			
Net change in fund balances	385	1,135	224			
Fund balance, July 1	19,190	14,323	2,798			
Fund balance, June 30	\$ 19,575	\$ 15,458	\$ 3,022			

	Permaner	nt Funds	<u> </u>	
B Mon	nington attle nument fund	ttle ument Zenus H. Ellis		tal Nonmajor overnmental Funds
\$	-	\$	-	\$ 1,015,426
	_		_	231,456
	=		_	66,256
	=		_	4,109,066
	-		_	34,760
	109		102	713,891
	-		-	1,865
	-		-	6,088,509
	=		-	19,699
	=		=	450,690
	109		102	12,731,618
	-		-	9,164,326
	-		-	2,161,948
	-		-	2,345,362
	=		-	23,880,138
	-		-	16,422,291
	-		-	879,810
	-		-	3
	0		0	 54,853,878
	109		102	 (42,122,260)
	-		-	35,800,000
	-		-	370,201
	-		-	(6,797,716)
	0		0	29,372,485
	109		102	(12,749,775)
	1,329		1,243	68,577,063
\$	1,438_	\$	1,345	\$ 55,827,288





### NONMAJOR ENTERPRISE FUNDS

## STATE OF VERMONT COMBINING STATEMENT OF NET ASSETS NONMAJOR ENTERPRISE FUNDS June 30, 2003

ASSETS  Current Assets:  Cash and cash equivalents.  Accrued interest receivable.  Accounts receivable (net of allowance for uncollectibles).  Loans receivable.  Due from other funds.  Inventories, at cost.  Prepaid expenses.  Total current assets.  Cash - subscription reserve fund.  Loans receivable.  Accounts receivable receivable.  Accounts receivable.  Cash - subscription reserve fund.  Loans receivable.  Accounts receivable - subscriptions.  Imprest cash and change fund - advances.  Introduct receivable receivable receivable.  Accounts receivable receivable.  Introduction reserve.  Total restricted & noncurrent assets.  Accounts payable.  Total assets, net of depreciation.  Accounts payable.  Interfund payable.  Deferred revenue.  Deferred revenue.  Deferred revenue.  Total ucurrent liabilities.  Liabilities Payable From Restricted Assets:  Unexpired subscriptions.  Cash advances by state treasurer.  Total liabilities payable from restricted assets.  Inexpired subscriptions.  Cash advances by state treasurer.  Cash advances.  Cash advances.  Cash advances.  Cash advances.  Cash		Industrial Homework Office Fund		Su Pro	deral rplus operty und
Cash and cash equivalents.         \$ 46,302         \$ -           Accrued interest receivable.         24,211         5,083           Accounts receivable (net of allowance for uncollectibles)         24,211         5,083           Loans receivable.         24,211         5,083           Due from other funds.         2         907,714           Inventories, at cost.         907,714           Prepaid expenses.         70,513         912,797           Restricted and Noncurrent Assets:           Cash - subscription reserve fund         2         -           Loans receivable.         1         -           Accounts receivable - subscriptions.         1,700         -           Imprest cash and change fund - advances.         1,700         -           Total restricted & noncurrent assets.         1,700         0           Capital Assets:           Machinery, equipment and buildings.         -         13,300           Less accumulated depreciation.         -         4,766)           Total capital assets, net of depreciation.         0         8,534           Total payable.         -         7,169           Accounts payable.         5,417         4,781           Interfund payable.         5	ASSETS				
Accrued interest receivable.         -		Ф	40.000	Φ.	
Accounts receivable (net of allowance for uncollectibles)         24,211         5,083           Loans receivable         -         -           Due from other funds         -         907,714           Prepaid expenses         -         907,714           Prepaid expenses         70,513         912,797           Restricted and Noncurrent Assets:         -         -           Cash - subscription reserve fund         -         -           Loans receivable         -         -           Accounts receivable - subscriptions         -         -           Imprest cash and change fund - advances         1,700         -           Total restricted & noncurrent assets         1,700         0           Capital Assets:         -         13,300           Less accumulated depreciation         -         13,300           Less accumulated depreciation         -         4(4,766)           Total capital assets, net of depreciation         -         7,2213         921,331           LIABILITIES         -         7,169           Current Liabilities:         -         7,169           Accounts payable         -         7,169           Accounts payable         -         907,714	•	Ф	46,302	Ф	-
Loans receivable         -			24 211		- 5 002
Due from other funds	,		24,211		5,065
Inventories, at cost			-		-
Prepaid expenses.         -			-	0	007 714
Total current assets.         70,513         912,797           Restricted and Noncurrent Assets:			_	3	-
Restricted and Noncurrent Assets:           Cash - subscription reserve fund         -		•	70 512		12 707
Cash - subscription reserve fund	Total current assets	-	70,513		112,797
Cash - subscription reserve fund	Restricted and Noncurrent Assets:				
Loans receivable   - subscriptions   -			_		_
Accounts receivable - subscriptions	•		_		_
Imprest cash and change fund - advances         1,700         -           Total restricted & noncurrent assets         1,700         0           Capital Assets:         Second of the process of the pro			_		_
Total restricted & noncurrent assets.         1,700         0           Capital Assets:			1.700		_
Machinery, equipment and buildings.       -       13,300         Less accumulated depreciation.       0       8,534         Total capital assets, net of depreciation.       72,213       921,331         LIABILITIES         Current Liabilities:         Accounts payable.       -       7,169         Accrued salaries and benefits.       5,417       4,781         Interfund payable.       -       242,211         Deferred revenue.       -       907,714         Total current liabilities.       5,417       1,161,875         Liabilities Payable From Restricted Assets:       1,700       -         Unexpired subscriptions.       -       -         Cash advances by state treasurer.       1,700       -         Total liabilities payable from restricted assets.       1,700       0         Total liabilities.       7,117       1,161,875         NET ASSETS       Invested in Capital Assets.       -       8,534         Unrestricted.       65,096       (249,078)		-			0
Machinery, equipment and buildings.       -       13,300         Less accumulated depreciation.       0       8,534         Total capital assets, net of depreciation.       72,213       921,331         LIABILITIES         Current Liabilities:         Accounts payable.       -       7,169         Accrued salaries and benefits.       5,417       4,781         Interfund payable.       -       242,211         Deferred revenue.       -       907,714         Total current liabilities.       5,417       1,161,875         Liabilities Payable From Restricted Assets:       1,700       -         Unexpired subscriptions.       -       -         Cash advances by state treasurer.       1,700       -         Total liabilities payable from restricted assets       1,700       0         Total liabilities       7,117       1,161,875         NET ASSETS       Invested in Capital Assets.       -       8,534         Unrestricted.       65,096       (249,078)					
Less accumulated depreciation.         -         (4,766)           Total capital assets, net of depreciation.         0         8,534           Total assets.         72,213         921,331           LIABILITIES         Current Liabilities:           Accounts payable.         -         7,169           Accrued salaries and benefits.         5,417         4,781           Interfund payable.         -         242,211           Deferred revenue.         -         907,714           Total current liabilities.         5,417         1,161,875           Liabilities Payable From Restricted Assets:         -         -           Unexpired subscriptions.         -         -           Cash advances by state treasurer.         1,700         -           Total liabilities payable from restricted assets.         1,700         0           Total liabilities.         7,117         1,161,875           NET ASSETS         Invested in Capital Assets.         -         8,534           Unrestricted.         65,096         (249,078)	Capital Assets:				
Total capital assets, net of depreciation         0         8,534           Total assets         72,213         921,331           LIABILITIES         Current Liabilities:           Accounts payable         -         7,169           Accrued salaries and benefits         5,417         4,781           Interfund payable         -         242,211           Deferred revenue         -         907,714           Total current liabilities         5,417         1,161,875           Liabilities Payable From Restricted Assets:         -         -           Unexpired subscriptions         -         -           Cash advances by state treasurer         1,700         -           Total liabilities payable from restricted assets         1,700         0           Total liabilities         7,117         1,161,875           NET ASSETS         Invested in Capital Assets         -         8,534           Unrestricted         65,096         (249,078)	Machinery, equipment and buildings		-		13,300
Total assets	Less accumulated depreciation				(4,766)
LIABILITIES         Current Liabilities:         Accounts payable       - 7,169         Accrued salaries and benefits       5,417       4,781         Interfund payable       - 242,211         Deferred revenue       - 907,714         Total current liabilities       5,417       1,161,875         Liabilities Payable From Restricted Assets:        -         Unexpired subscriptions        -         Cash advances by state treasurer       1,700       -         Total liabilities payable from restricted assets       1,700       0         Total liabilities       7,117       1,161,875         NET ASSETS         Invested in Capital Assets       - 8,534         Unrestricted       65,096       (249,078)	Total capital assets, net of depreciation		0		8,534
Current Liabilities:         Accounts payable	Total assets		72,213	9	21,331
Current Liabilities:         Accounts payable	LIABILITIES				
Accounts payable       -       7,169         Accrued salaries and benefits       5,417       4,781         Interfund payable       -       242,211         Deferred revenue       -       907,714         Total current liabilities       5,417       1,161,875         Liabilities Payable From Restricted Assets:       -       -         Unexpired subscriptions       -       -         Cash advances by state treasurer       1,700       -         Total liabilities payable from restricted assets       1,700       0         Total liabilities       7,117       1,161,875         NET ASSETS         Invested in Capital Assets       -       8,534         Unrestricted       65,096       (249,078)					
Accrued salaries and benefits       5,417       4,781         Interfund payable       -       242,211         Deferred revenue       -       907,714         Total current liabilities       5,417       1,161,875         Liabilities Payable From Restricted Assets:       -       -         Unexpired subscriptions       -       -         Cash advances by state treasurer       1,700       -         Total liabilities payable from restricted assets       1,700       0         Total liabilities       7,117       1,161,875         NET ASSETS       -       8,534         Invested in Capital Assets       -       8,534         Unrestricted       65,096       (249,078)			_		7 169
Interfund payable       -       242,211         Deferred revenue       -       907,714         Total current liabilities       5,417       1,161,875         Liabilities Payable From Restricted Assets:       -       -         Unexpired subscriptions       -       -         Cash advances by state treasurer       1,700       -         Total liabilities payable from restricted assets       1,700       0         Total liabilities       7,117       1,161,875         NET ASSETS         Invested in Capital Assets       -       8,534         Unrestricted       65,096       (249,078)			5 417		
Deferred revenue         -         907,714           Total current liabilities         5,417         1,161,875           Liabilities Payable From Restricted Assets:         Unexpired subscriptions         -         -           Cash advances by state treasurer         1,700         -           Total liabilities payable from restricted assets         1,700         0           Total liabilities         7,117         1,161,875           NET ASSETS         Invested in Capital Assets         -         8,534           Unrestricted         65,096         (249,078)			-	2	
Total current liabilities         5,417         1,161,875           Liabilities Payable From Restricted Assets:         Unexpired subscriptions         -         -           Cash advances by state treasurer         1,700         -           Total liabilities payable from restricted assets         1,700         0           Total liabilities         7,117         1,161,875           NET ASSETS         Invested in Capital Assets         -         8,534           Unrestricted         65,096         (249,078)	• •		_		
Unexpired subscriptions         -			5,417		
Unexpired subscriptions         -					
Cash advances by state treasurer					
Total liabilities payable from restricted assets.         1,700         0           Total liabilities	Unexpired subscriptions		-		-
Total liabilities         7,117         1,161,875           NET ASSETS	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·				
NET ASSETS       -       8,534         Invested in Capital Assets.       -       8,534         Unrestricted.       65,096       (249,078)	Total liabilities payable from restricted assets		1,700		0
Invested in Capital Assets.       -       8,534         Unrestricted.       65,096       (249,078)	Total liabilities		7,117	1,1	61,875
Invested in Capital Assets.       -       8,534         Unrestricted.       65,096       (249,078)	NET ASSETS				
Unrestricted. 65,096 (249,078)			_		8 534
			65 096	(2	
		\$			

Vermont Life Magazine Fund	Municipal Equipment Loan Fund	Vermont Adaptive Equipment Revolving Fund	Unemployment Compensation Contingency Fund	Total Nonmajor Enterprise Funds
ф	\$ 633,124	\$ 324,064	\$ 150,918	Ф 4.4E4.4O0
\$ -	\$ 633,124 20,331	\$ 324,064 1,704	\$ 150,918	\$ 1,154,408
- 108,551	20,331	21,815	<u>-</u>	22,035 159,660
100,551	1,203,340	472,682	_	1,676,022
_	1,200,040	-72,002	28,875	28,875
93,481	-	_	20,010	1,001,195
123,455	-	_	_	123,455
325,487	1,856,795	820,265	179,793	4,165,650
666,859	_	_	-	666,859
-	801,121	-	-	801,121
60,734	-	-	-	60,734
1,200				2,900
728,793	801,121	0	0	1,531,614
65,873	-	-	-	79,173
(65,873)				(70,639)
0	0	0	0	8,534
1,054,280	2,657,916	820,265	179,793	5,705,798
22,636	_	18,500	_	48,305
63,332	- -	10,500	_	73,530
182,811	-	_	_	425,022
38,366	-	_	_	946,080
307,145	0	18,500	0	1,492,937
666,859	-	-	-	666,859
1,200	-	-	-	2,900
668,059	0	0	0	669,759
975,204	0	18,500	0	2,162,696
_	_	_	_	8,534
79,076	2,657,916	801,765	179,793	3,534,568
\$ 79,076	\$ 2,657,916	\$ 801,765	\$ 179,793	\$ 3,543,102

# STATE OF VERMONT COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENSES AND CHANGES IN NET ASSET NONMAJOR ENTERPRISE FUNDS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2003

	Industrial Homework Office Fund	Federal Surplus Property Fund
Operating Revenues		
Charges for sales and services	\$ 143,491	\$ 49,600
Advertising revenue	-	-
Federal donated property	-	559,263
Other operating revenues		
Total operating revenues	143,491	608,863
Operating Expenses		
Cost of sales and services	-	592,840
Salaries and wages	140,444	54,888
Transportation	-	-
Depreciation	-	4,766
Rentals	-	30,402
Utilities	-	922
Promotions and advertising	-	-
Administration	-	23,280
Supplies	-	791
Distribution and postage	-	112
Travel	-	2,193
Loss on bad debts	-	-
Other operating expenses	-	(10,157)
Total operating expenses	140,444	700,037
Operating income (loss)	3,047	(91,174)
Non-Operating Revenues (Expenses)		
Investment income		-
Total non-operating revenues (expenses)	0	0
Income (loss) before transfers	3,047	(91,174)
Transfers		
Transfer in	-	-
Transfer (out)	-	-
Total transfers in (out)	0	0
Changes in net assets	3,047	(91,174)
Total net assets July 1, restated	62,049	(149,370)
Total net assets June 30	\$ 65,096	\$ (240,544)

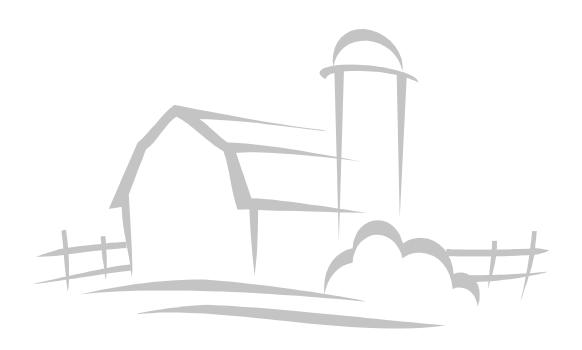
Vermont Life Magazine Fund	Municipal Equipment Loan Fund	Vermont Adaptive Equipment Revolving Fund	Unemployment Compensation Contingency Fund	Total Nonmajor Enterprise Funds	
\$ 1,498,785	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 1,691,876	
486,239	-	-	-	486,239	
-	-	-	-	559,263	
84,419	53,217	45,062	-	182,698	
2,069,443	53,217	45,062	0	2,920,076	
595,166				1,188,006	
673,325	-	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>	868,657	
32,936	_	_	_	32,936	
52,550	_	_	_	4,766	
_	_	_	-	30,402	
<u>-</u>	_	_	<u>-</u>	922	
317,252	_	_	_	317,252	
176,225	_	_	_	199,505	
20,082	_	_	_	20,873	
217,217	_	_	_	217,329	
13,984	-	_	-	16,177	
(5,567)	-	13,405	-	7,838	
38,054	5,662	, -	84,475	118,034	
2,078,674	5,662	13,405	84,475	3,022,697	
(9,231)	47,555	31,657	(84,475)	(102,621)	
5,029	4,875	2,470	2,085	14,459	
5,029	4,875	2,470	2,085	14,459	
(4,202)	52,430	34,127	(82,390)	(88,162)	
-	-	-	318,075	318,075	
			(247,497)	(247,497)	
0	0	0	70,578	70,578	
(4,202)	52,430	34,127	(11,812)	(17,584)	
83,278	2,605,486	767,638	191,605	3,560,686	
\$ 79,076	\$ 2,657,916	\$ 801,765	\$ 179,793	\$ 3,543,102	

## STATE OF VERMONT COMBINING STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS NONMAJOR ENTERPRISE FUNDS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2003

Cash Flows from Operating Activities:	Ind Ho	dustrial mework	F	Federal Surplus roperty Fund		ermont Life Magazine Fund
Cash received from customers	\$	144,825	\$	80,941	\$	2,045,205
Cash paid to suppliers for goods and services	Ψ	-	Ψ	(80,194)	Ψ	(1,477,267)
Loans received (made)		-		(00, 134)		(1,477,207)
Cash paid to employees for services		(1.41.200)		(E2 244)		(666 079)
		(141,390)		(53,244)		(666,078)
Other operating revenues (expenses)		2 425		/EO 407\		84,419
Net cash provided (used) by operating activities		3,435		(52,497)		(13,721)
Cash Flows from Noncapital Financing Activities:  Operating/equity transfers		-		-		-
Interfund loans and advances		-		65,797		(14,423)
Net cash (used) by noncapital financing activities		0		65,797		(14,423)
Cash Flows from Capital and Related Financing Activities:						
Acquisition and construction of capital assets		-		(13,300)		
Net cash provided (used) by capital						
and related financing activities		0		(13,300)		0_
Cash Flows from Investing Activities: Interest earned on investments Interest & penalties received (paid)		-		-		5,029
Excess cash transferred		-		-		-
Net cash provided (used) by investing activities		0		0		5,029
Net increase (Decrease) in cash and cash equivalents  Cash and cash equivalents at July 1  Cash and cash equivalents at June 30 (see note below)		3,435 44,567 48,002	\$	0 -	\$	(23,115) 691,174 668,059
ousir and ousir equivalents at ourie so (see note selow)	Ψ	40,002	<u> </u>		Ψ	000,000
Reconciliation of Operating Income to Net						
Operating income (loss)	\$	3,047	\$	(91,174)	\$	(9,231)
Adjustments to reconcile operating income to Net cash provided by operating activities:						
Depreciation	••••	-		4,766		
(Increase) decrease in accounts/taxes receivable		1,334		31,341		70,620
(Increase) decrease in loans receivable		-		-		-
(Increase) decrease in accrued interest receivable		-				-
(Increase) decrease in inventories		-		(100,552)		(5,685)
(Increase) decrease in prepaid expenses		-		<u>-</u>		22,581
Increase (decrease) in accounts payable		-		2,907		(83,665)
Increase (decrease) in accrued salaries and benefits		(946)		(337)		7,247
Increase (decrease) in deferred revenue		-		100,552		7,527
Increase (decrease) in subscription reserves				-		(23,115)
Total adjustments		388		38,677		(4,490)
Net cash provided (used) by operating activities	\$	3,435	_\$_	(52,497)	\$	(13,721)

NOTE: Total cash/cash equivalents at June 30 on the cash flow statement is equal to cash/cash equivalents, cash-subscription reserve fund, and Imprest cash on the Statement of Net Assets.

Municipal Equipment Loan Fund	Adaptive Equipment Revolving Fund	Unemployment Compensation Contingency Fund	Total Nonmajor Enterprise Funds
Ф 000 242	¢ 274.200	¢	Ф 2 <b>5</b> 22 644
\$ 988,343	\$ 274,300	\$ -	\$ 3,533,614
(782,291)	(129,877) 51,260	-	(2,469,629)
-	31,200	-	51,260 (860,712)
35,746	-	(84,475)	35,690
241,798	195,683	(84,475)	290,223
241,790	193,003	(04,473)	290,223
-	-	-	0
			51,374
0	0	0	51,374
			(12 200)
<u>-</u>		<u>-</u>	(13,300)
0	0	0	(13,300)
			(13,300)
4,875	2,470	2,085	14,459
· -	-	329,057	329,057
		(247,497)	(247,497)
4,875	2,470	83,645	96,019
246,673	198,153	(830)	424,316
386,451	125,911	151,748	1,399,851
\$ 633,124	\$ 324,064	\$ 150,918	\$ 1,824,167
\$ 47,555	\$ 31,657	\$ (84,475)	\$ (102,621)
-	-	-	4,766
200 050	15,119	-	118,414
206,053	128,576	-	334,629
(11,810)	2,231	-	(9,579) (106,237)
-	- -	- -	22,581
-	18,100	-	(62,658)
-	10,100	- -	5,964
-	- -	-	108,079
-	-	-	(23,115)
194,243	164,026		392,844
\$ 241,798	\$ 195,683	\$ (84,475)	\$ 290,223





### **INTERNAL SERVICE FUNDS**

# STATE OF VERMONT COMBINING STATEMENT OF NET ASSETS INTERNAL SERVICE FUNDS JUNE 30, 2003

	Highway Garage Fund	Offender Work Programs	Single Audit Revolving Fund	Financial & HR Information Fund
ASSETS				
Current assets:				
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 108,452	\$ -
Accounts receivable	14,655	567,734	7,882	99,388
Due from other funds	-	-	38	-
Inventories, at cost	1,002,335	564,330	-	-
Prepaid expenses	18,634	4 422 064	116 272	
Total current assets	1,035,624	1,132,064	116,372	99,388
Restricted and Other Assets:				
Imprest fund-advances from state treasurer	_	15,100	_	-
Total restricted and other assets	0	15,100	0	0
Capital Assets:				
Machinery, equipment and buildings	38,675,699	1,955,697	-	-
Accumulated depreciation	(18,221,814)	(1,369,708)		
Net machinery, equipment and buildings	20,453,885	585,989	0	0
Construction in process	- 26.456	-	-	-
Land  Total capital assets	26,156 <b>20,480,041</b>	585,989	0	0
Total assets	21,515,665	1,733,153	116,372	99,388
LIABILITIES				
Current Liabilities:				
Accounts payable	103,094	241,018	_	64,204
Claims payable	-	-	_	-
Deferred revenue	-	-	-	-
Due to other funds	-	-	-	-
Interfund payable	365,121	350,445	-	307,559
Accrued salaries and benefits	192,800	106,576		287,322
Total current liabilities	661,015	698,039	0	659,085
Linking Develop for a Develop I For de				
Liabilities Payable from Restricted Funds:		15 100		
Due to state treasurer - imprest fund advances	-	15,100	-	-
Total liabilities	661,015	713,139	0	659,085
NET ASSETS				
Invested in conital coasts	20 400 044	E0E 000		
Invested in capital assets	20,480,041 374,609	585,989 434,025	- 116,372	- (559,697)
,				
Total net assets	\$ 20,854,650	\$ 1,020,014	\$ 116,372	\$ (559,697)

Com	muncations						
	& formation echnology	GOVNET Fund	Supply Center Fund	Copy Center Fund	Postage Fund	Facilities Operations Fund	Property Management Fund
\$	-	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -
	2,595,502	29,647	676,490	616,950	387,862	1,337,469	448,670
	168,865	-	256,126	43,416	957,643	-	-
	372,416	-	-	22,758	49,964	-	457,717
	3,136,783	29,647	932,616	683,124	1,395,469	1,337,469	906,387
	<u>-</u>						
	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	2,001,787	1,186,224	129,645	3,331,424	543,587	1,321,181	38,072
	(1,514,806)	(962,112)	(84,510)		(418,270)	(905,888)	(17,194)
	486,981	224,112	45,135	2,282,827	125,317	415,293	20,878
	412,539	-	-	-	-	-	-
	899,520	224,112	45,135	2,282,827	125,317	415,293	20,878
	4,036,303	253,759	977,751	2,965,951	1,520,786	1,752,762	927,265
	495,620	62,427	110,030	98,708	4,645	1,220,219	826,664
	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
	156,540	-	-	-	-	-	-
	-	-	200.540	-	4 400 455	-	4 004 007
	3,981,090 234,914	504,592 45,690	368,540 14,483	2,568,186 53,057	1,409,455 48,325	8,346,138 906,952	4,201,207 69,961
	4,868,164	612,709	493,053	2,719,951	1,462,425	10,473,309	5,097,832
	-,,	,	,	_, ,	.,,	,,	-,,
	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
	4,868,164	612,709	493,053	2,719,951	1,462,425	10,473,309	5,097,832
	899,520	224,112	45,135	2,282,827	125,317	415,293	20,878
	(1,731,381)	(583,062)	439,563	(2,036,827)	(66,956)	(9,135,840)	(4,191,445)
\$	(831,861)	\$ (358,950)	\$ 484,698	\$ 246,000	\$ 58,361	\$ (8,720,547)	\$ (4,170,567)

# STATE OF VERMONT COMBINING STATEMENT OF NET ASSETS INTERNAL SERVICE FUNDS June 30, 2003

	Equipment Revolving Fund	State Surplus Property Fund	State Liability Insurance Fund	Risk Management All -Other Plan
ASSETS				
Current assets:	_		•	
Cash and cash equivalents		\$ 129,589	\$ 7,805,465	\$ -
Accounts receivable	1,823,682	-	83,742	179,469
Due from other funds	-	10,400	70,587	-
Inventories, at cost  Prepaid expenses	-	10,400	_	-
Total current assets		139,989	7,959,794	179,469
D 414 1 104 A 4				
Restricted and Other Assets:				
Imprest fund-advances from state treasurer				
Total restricted and other assets				
Capital Assets:				
Machinery, equipment and buildings	-	8,800	6,492	1,623
Accumulated depreciation		(1,146)	(90)	(23)
Net machinery, equipment and buildings	0	7,654	6,402	1,600
Construction in process		-	-	-
Land				
Total capital assets		7,654	6,402	1,600
Total assets	1,823,682	147,643	7,966,196	181,069
LIABILITIES				
Current Liabilities:				
Accounts payable	53,928	3,620	41,157	31,019
Claims payable	-	-	6,709,592	-
Deferred revenue	-	-	-	-
Due to other funds	1,478	-	4,258	3,164
Interfund payable	1,768,276	-	-	124,863
Accrued salaries and benefits		5,009		
Total current liabilities	1,823,682	8,629	6,755,007	159,046
Liabilities Payable from Restricted Funds:				
Due to state treasurer - imprest fund advances	-	-	-	-
Total liabilities	1,823,682	8,629	6,755,007	159,046
NET ASSETS				
Invested in capital assets	-	7,654	6,402	1,600
Unrestricted (deficit)	-	131,360	1,204,787	20,423
Total net assets	\$ 0	\$ 139,014	\$ 1,211,189	\$ 22,023

	Workers' mpensation Plan	Medical Insurance Fund	Dental Insurance Fund	ln:	Life surance Fund	Di	ng-Term sability Fund	Ass	ployees' sistance Fund		Total Internal Service Funds
\$	8,381,870 203,874 7,422	\$ 22,461,984 2,494,809	\$ 510,519 209,627	\$	857,266 57,903	\$	18,003 5,978	\$	36,642 8,647	\$	40,309,790 11,849,980 78,047
	8,593,166	24,956,793	720,146		915,169		23,981		45,289		3,003,115 921,489 <b>56,162,421</b>
	0				- 0		-		0		15,100 <b>15,100</b>
	24,344 (338)	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>		-		<u>-</u>		- -		49,224,575 (24,544,496)
	24,006 - - - 24,006		0 - - 0		0 - - 0		0 - - -		0 - - 0		24,680,079 412,539 26,156 <b>25,118,774</b>
	8,617,172	24,956,793	720,146		915,169		23,981		45,289		81,296,295
	177,571 15,488,977 -	767,875 10,859,261 1,157,195	22,515 346,585 -		460,822 - -		12,761 - -		18,268 - -		4,816,165 33,404,415 1,313,735
	104,594 - 64,141 <b>15,835,283</b>	43,583 12,827,914	2,757 371,857		919 <b>461,741</b>		- - - 12,761		18,268		113,494 24,295,472 2,076,489 <b>66,019,770</b>
	-	-	-		-		-		-		15,100
	15,835,283	12,827,914	371,857		461,741		12,761		18,268		66,034,870
<u> </u>	24,006 (7,242,117)	12,128,879	348,289 <b>\$ 348,289</b>	<u> </u>	453,428 453,428	\$	11,220 11,220	\$	27,021		25,118,774 (9,857,349)
Ψ_	(7,218,111)	\$ 12,128,879	\$ 348,289	Ψ	400,420	φ	11,220	Ψ	27,021	Ψ	15,261,425

#### STATE OF VERMONT COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENSES AND CHANGES IN NET ASSETS INTERNAL SERVICE FUNDS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2003

	Highway Garage Fund	Offender Work Programs	Single Audit Revolving Fund	Financial & HR Information Fund
Operating Revenues:				
Charges for sales and services	\$ 8,991,478	\$ 2,967,656	\$ 1,015,773	\$ 3,120,123
Rental income	178,402	-	-	-
Other operating revenues	32,630	4,479	-	-
Total operating revenues	9,202,510	2,972,135	1,015,773	3,120,123
Operating Expenses:				
Cost of sales and services	4,863,574	1,367,363	937,961	_
Claims expense	-	-	-	-
Salaries and benefits	473,372	1,113,739	_	2,417,212
Supplies and parts	-	42,646	_	10,730
Data processing charges	_	-,-,-	_	18,256
Transportation	_	_	_	9,602
Telephone/telegraph	_	_	_	45,674
Postage	_	_	_	2,725
Printing and duplicating	_	_	_	5,172
Rental of data processing equipment	_	_	_	-
Other equipment rentals	_	_	_	468
Equipment purchased for agencies	_	_	_	2,947
Repairs and maintenance	974,935	_	_	828,171
Administrative services costs	-	_	_	-
Operating overhead	429,248	_	_	_
Office rent	120,210	_	_	83,268
Depreciation	3,103,170	55,108	_	-
Contractual fees	0,100,170	-	_	217,329
Insurance premium expense	_	_	_	3,591
Other operating expenses	36,620	258,704	_	9,943
Total operating expenses	9,880,919	2,837,560	937,961	3,655,088
. Otal opolating expenses				
Operating Income(Loss)	(678,409)	134,575	77,812	(534,965)
Non-Operating Revenues(Expenses):				
Gain(loss) on disposal of capital assets	76,684	-	-	-
Interest expense	-	-	-	-
Interest income	-	-	-	-
Non-operating revenue (expense)	-	-	-	-
Total non-operating revenues(expenses)	76,684	0	0	0
Income (Loss) Before Contributions				
and Transfers	(601,725)	134,575	77,812	(534,965)
Capital contributions from other funds	6,723	, <u>-</u>	-	-
Transfers in	1,990,649	_	-	5,049
Transfers out				(29,781)
Change in net assets	1,395,647	134,575	77,812	(559,697)
Total Net Assets - Beginning	19,459,003	885,439	38,560	0
Total Net Assets - Ending	\$ 20,854,650	\$ 1,020,014	\$ 116,372	\$ (559,697)

Comn	nuncations						
	& ormation chnology	GOVNET Fund	Supply Center Fund	Copy Center Fund	Postage Fund	Facilities Operations Fund	Property Management Fund
\$	9,787,081	\$ 1,667,984	\$ 3,382,119	\$ 2,252,649	\$ 3,262,821	\$ 13,477,207	\$ -
	-	-	-	-	-	- 1,046,940	9,501,563
	9,787,081	1,667,984	3,382,119	2,252,649	3,262,821	14,524,147	9,501,563
	5,700,069	1,031,009	2,908,877	279,271	2,512,663	-	6,509,567
	2,765,174	- 626,242	267,189	- 640,327	389,146	8,645,439	830,724
	61,557	592	12,607	14,390	14,052	1,164,652	55,961
	110,000	-	-	-	-	-	-
	1,680	12	222	324	140	1,756	60
	218,345	-	5,564	5,431	4,959	144,565	4,771
	3,321	118	2,226	2,533	548	2,566	285
	31,315	-	8,919	10,955	1,750	8,731	63
	428,637 328	-	-	-	-	-	-
	184,760	74,047	64	(10)	104	84,358	7,648
	602,888	2,731	10,525	514,328	81,286	1,058,842	50,606
	247,193	-	25,705	31,524	30,555	207,431	54,805
		-		-	-		-
	140,413	29,434	49,729	14,317	24,602	53,712	986,300
	196,564	43,322	56,849	844,196	40,559	119,073	3,663
	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
	21,009	-	3,554	3,554	4,229	764,065	13,291
	57,136 <b>10,770,389</b>	2,144 1,809,651	3,404 <b>3,355,434</b>	2,375,775	7,309 <b>3,111,902</b>	5,399,733 <b>17,654,923</b>	24,351 <b>8,542,095</b>
	10,770,303	1,003,031	3,333,434	2,373,773	3,111,302	17,034,323	0,342,033
	(983,308)	(141,667)	26,685	(123,126)	150,919	(3,130,776)	959,468
				(6,059)		(4,827)	
	-	- -	-	(0,039)	-	(4,027)	-
	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
	(88,841)		100,246	(77,551)	85,570		-
	(88,841)	0	100,246	(83,610)	85,570	(4,827)	0
	(1,072,149)	(141,667)	126,931	(206,736)	236,489	(3,135,603)	959,468
	(21,501)	(141,007)	-	21,501	-	(3,133,003)	-
	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
	(140,000)		(70,192)		(70,200)		(2,385,035)
	(1,233,650)	(141,667)	56,739	(185,235)	166,289	(3,135,603)	(1,425,567)
-	401,789	(217,283)	427,959	431,235	(107,928)	(5,584,944)	(2,745,000)
\$	(831,861)	\$ (358,950)	\$ 484,698	\$ 246,000	\$ 58,361	\$ (8,720,547)	\$ (4,170,567)

#### STATE OF VERMONT COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENSES AND CHANGES IN NET ASSETS INTERNAL SERVICE FUNDS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2003

	Equipment Revolving Fund	State Surplus Property Fund	State Liability Insurance Fund	Risk Management All -Other Plan
Operating Revenues:				
Charges for sales and services	\$ 494,254	\$ 1,111,946	\$ 2,243,668	\$ 1,662,945
Rental income	· -	-	-	-
Other operating revenues	411,628	-	-	-
Total operating revenues	905,882	1,111,946	2,243,668	1,662,945
Operating Expenses:				
Cost of sales and services	_	982,054	427,900	1,548,298
Claims expense	_	-	1,523,564	-
Salaries and benefits	_	72,435	617,508	104,480
Supplies and parts	1,602	6,358	2,027	536
Data processing charges	- 1,002		_,0	-
Transportation	_	_	37	29
Telephone/telegraph	_	2,341	1,819	389
Postage	96	1,224	569	134
Printing and duplicating	30	101	1,523	354
Rental of data processing equipment	_	101	1,323	-
Other equipment rentals				
Equipment purchased for agencies	327,597	2,882	344	1,033
Repairs and maintenance	321,331	1,137	29	7,033
Administrative services costs	1,478	23,280	60,000	50,000
	1,470	23,200	00,000	50,000
Operating overhead	-	44.005	- 0.654	-
Office rent	-	11,685	2,654	664
Depreciation	- 	1,146	90	23
Contractual fees	575,109	-	-	-
Insurance premium expense	-	-	626	100
Other operating expenses		10,182	16,172	3,493
Total operating expenses	905,882	1,114,825	2,654,862	1,709,540
Operating Income(Loss)	0	(2,879)	(411,194)	(46,595)
Non-Operating Revenues(Expenses):				
Gain(loss) on disposal of capital assets	_	_	_	_
Interest expense	_	_	_	_
Interest income	_	_	94,129	_
Non-operating revenue (expense)	_	_		_
Total non-operating revenues(expenses)	0	0	94,129	0
Income (Loca) Refere Contributions				
Income (Loss) Before Contributions	•	(0.070)	(047.005)	(40 505)
and Transfers	0	(2,879)	(317,065)	(46,595)
Capital contributions from other funds	-	-	-	-
Transfers in	-	-	-	-
Transfers out				
Change in net assets	0	(2,879)	(317,065)	(46,595)
Total Net Assets - Beginning	0	141,893	1,528,254	68,618
Total Net Assets - Ending	\$ 0	\$ 139,014	\$ 1,211,189	\$ 22,023

Workers' Compensation Plan	Medical Insurance Fund	Dental Insurance Fund	Life Insurance Fund	Long-Term Disability Fund	Employees' Assistance Fund	Total Internal Service Funds
\$ 7,295,204	\$ 70,901,947	\$ 5,147,633	\$ 1,597,123	\$ 161,890	\$ 226,960	\$ 140,768,461
-	- 448,035	- 50	-	-	-	9,679,965 1,943,762
7,295,204	71,349,982	5,147,683	1,597,123	161,890	226,960	152,392,188
1,200,204	71,040,002	3,147,000	1,007,120			132,332,100
138,242	-	-	-	-	-	29,206,848
7,240,716	60,927,903	4,529,471	-	-	-	74,221,654
737,656	757,215	71,303	24,130	-	-	20,553,291
4,954	55,411	687	229	-	-	1,448,991
-	15,950	1,203	401	-	-	145,810
179	18,510	97	32	-	-	32,680
5,934	7,058	964	303	-	-	448,117
2,434	17,463	1,140	380	-	-	37,762
5,659	13,543	942	313	-	-	89,340
-	-	-	-	-	-	428,637
-	-	-	-	-	-	796
2,020	-	-	-	-	-	687,794
108	5,869	-	-	-	-	4,131,462
84,193	3,937,561	290,643	-	-	220,896	5,265,264
-	2,592	-	-	-	-	431,840
9,953	34,213	6,415	2,138	-	-	1,449,497
338	-	-	-	-	-	4,464,101
740,836	293,427	-	19,708	23,602	-	1,870,011
2,366	2,844,807	-	1,731,332	157,955	-	5,550,479
173,978	15,564	1,588	1,194	-	-	6,036,150
9,149,566	68,947,086	4,904,453	1,780,160	181,557	220,896	156,500,524
(1,854,362)	2,402,896	243,230	(183,037)	(19,667)	6,064	(4,108,336)
-	_	-	_	-	_	65,798
(1,168)	-	-	-	-	-	(1,168)
100,770	213,028	4,972	7,237	-	-	420,136
· -	· -	-	, -	-	-	19,424
99,602	213,028	4,972	7,237	0	0	504,190
(1,754,760)	2,615,924	248,202	(175,800)	(19,667)	6,064	(3,604,146)
-	-	-	-	-	-	6,723
-	-	-	-	-	-	1,995,698
				(14,000)	(89,000)	(2,798,208)
(1,754,760)	2,615,924	248,202	(175,800)	(33,667)	(82,936)	(4,399,933)
(5,463,351)	9,512,955	100,087	629,228	44,887	109,957	19,661,358
\$ (7,218,111)	\$ 12,128,879	\$ 348,289	\$ 453,428	\$ 11,220	\$ 27,021	\$ 15,261,425

## STATE OF VERMONT COMBINING STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS INTERNAL SERVICE FUNDS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2003

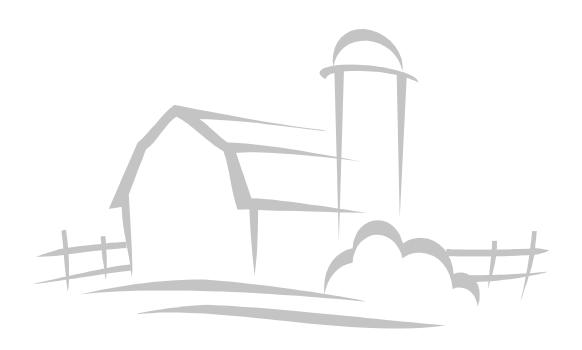
	Highway Garage Fund	Offender Work Programs	Single Audit Revolving Fund	Financial & HR Information Fund
Cash Flows From Operating Activities:				
Cash received from customers	\$ 9,419,119	\$ 2,879,738	\$ 1,008,522	\$ 3,020,735
Cash paid to suppliers for goods and services	(4,155,379)	(969,698)	(937,961)	(1,279,157)
Cash paid to employees for services	(2,694,265)	(1,438,483)	-	(2,024,405)
Cash paid to claimants	-	-	-	-
Other operating revenues	32,630	4,479	-	-
Other operating expenses		(233,031)		
Net cash provided(used) by operating activities	2,602,105	243,005	70,561	(282,827)
Cash Flows From Noncapital Financing Activities:				
Interfund loans	191,928	(222,535)	-	307,559
Non-operating revenue (expense)	-	-	-	-
Operating transfers	1,990,649	-	-	(24,732)
Net cash provided (used) by noncapital		,		
financing activities	2,182,577	(222,535)	0	282,827
Cash Flows From Capital and Related Financing Activities:				
Proceeds from sale of capital assets	420,986	-	-	-
Acquisition and construction of capital assets	(5,205,668)	(20,470)	-	-
Net cash provided(used) by capital & related		·		
financing activities	(4,784,682)	(20,470)	0	0
Cash Flows From Investing Activities:				
Interest earned on investments	-	_	-	_
Net cash provided by investing activities		0	0	0
Net increase(decrease) in cash and cash equivalents	0	0	70,561	0
Cash and cash equivalents at July 1	0	0	37,891	0
Cash and cash equivalents at June 30	\$ 0	\$ 0	\$ 108,452	\$ 0
Reconciliation of Operating Income to Net Cash Provided by Operating Activities:	•		•	
Operating income (loss)	\$ (678,409)	\$ 134,575	\$ 77,812	\$ (534,965)
Adjustments to Reconcile Operating Income to Net Cash Provided by Operating Activities:	0.400.470	55.400		
Depreciation	3,103,170	55,108	- /7.040\	(00.000)
(Increase)decrease in accounts receivable	249,239	(87,918)	(7,213)	(99,388)
(Increase)decrease in due from other funds	-	-	(38)	-
(Increase)decrease in prepaid expenses	(11,923)	1,709	-	-
(Increase)decrease in inventory	(73,135)	43,003	-	-
Increase(decrease) in accounts payable	8,034	101,276	-	64,204
Increase(decrease) in claims payable	-	-	-	-
Increase(decrease) in due to other funds	-	-	-	-
Increase(decrease) in accrued salaries and benefitsIncrease(Decrease) in deferred revenue	5,129 -	(4,748)	-	287,322
Total adjustments	3,280,514	108,430	(7,251)	252,138
Net cash provided(used) by operating activities		\$ 243,005	\$ 70,561	\$ (282,827)
			<del></del>	

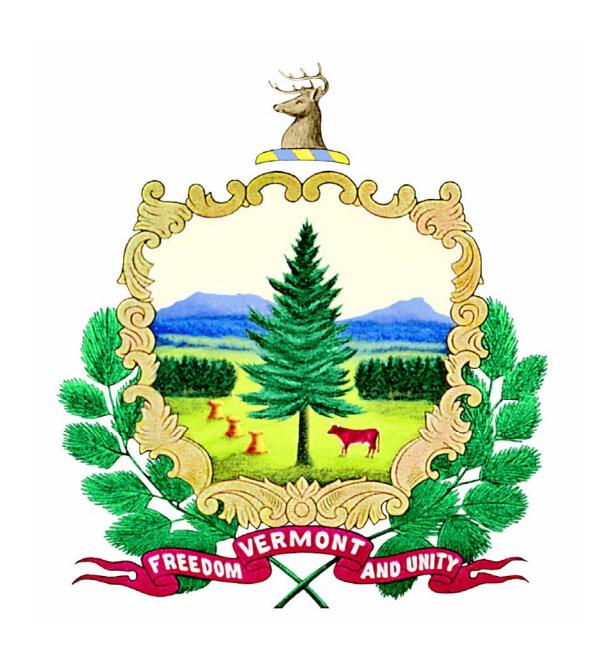
Com	muncations							
	& formation echnology	GOVNE <sup>*</sup> Fund	т	Supply Center Fund	Copy Center Fund	Postage Fund	Facilities Operations Fund	Property Management Fund
\$	11,008,474 (7,637,756) (2,336,288)	\$ 1,644,7 (1,349,1 (380,7	09)	\$ 4,011,038 (3,212,190) (445,673)	\$ 2,732,667 (1,220,982) (621,756)	\$ 3,168,599 (3,304,101) (345,218)	\$ 12,310,299 (9,444,691) (7,870,656)	\$ 9,412,412 (7,715,687) (677,950)
	- - -		- - -	-	- -	- -	1,046,940 -	- - -
	1,034,430	(85,1	22)	353,175	889,929	(480,720)	(3,958,108)	1,018,775
	10,223 (88,841) (140,000)	242,8	376 - -	(298,969) 100,246 (70,192)	60,544 (77,551)	504,883 85,570	4,129,958 - -	1,378,733 - (2,385,035)
	(218,618)	242,8	376	(268,915)	(17,007)	590,453	4,129,958	(1,006,302)
	(815,812) (815,812)	(157,7 <b>(157,7</b>	<u> </u>	(84,260) (84,260)	(872,922) (872,922)	(109,733) (109,733)	(171,850) (171,850)	(12,473) (12,473)
	0		0	- 0	0	0		0
	<b>0</b> 0		<b>0</b> 0	<b>0</b> 0	<b>0</b> 0	<b>0</b> 0	<b>0</b> 0	<b>0</b> 0
\$	0	\$	0 3	\$ 0	\$ 0	\$ 0	\$ 0	\$ 0
\$	(983,308)	\$ (141,6	667) (	\$ 26,685	\$ (123,126)	\$ 150,919	\$ (3,130,776)	\$ 959,468
	196,564 1,605,256	43,3 (25,0		56,849 374,952	844,196 455,218	40,559 (157,697)	119,073 (1,309,068)	3,663 (296,583)
	(123,304) 66,595 279,585	39,9	- - - 948	(6,416) (94,510)	1,879 (22,410) (265,097)	(130) (521,375) (19,996)	- - - 296,414	5,505 - 321,857
	7,562 (14,520)	(1,6		(4,385)	(731)	27,000	66,249	24,865
	2.017.738	56,5	45	326,490	1,013,055	(631,639)	(827,332)	59,307
	66,595 279,585 - - 7,562		- - 572) -	(94,510) - -	(22,410) (265,097) -	(521,375) (19,996) -	-	

## STATE OF VERMONT COMBINING STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS INTERNAL SERVICE FUNDS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2003

	Equipment Revolving Fund	State Surplus Property Fund	State Liability Insurance Fund	Risk Management All -Other Plan
Cash Flows From Operating Activities:				
Cash received from customers	\$ 548,569	\$ 312,435	\$ 2,298,645	\$ 2,059,877
Cash paid to suppliers for goods and services	(859,931)	(539,838)	(514,858)	(1,628,275)
Cash paid to employees for services	-	(49,631)	(580,473)	(44,066)
Cash paid to claimants	-	-	(1,193,589)	-
Other operating revenues	-	-	-	-
Other operating expenses	(1,822)	-	_	-
Net cash provided(used) by operating activities	(313,184)	(277,034)	9,725	387,536
Cash Flows From Noncapital Financing Activities:				
Interfund loans	313,184	-	_	(385,913)
Non-operating revenue (expense)	-	_	_	(000,010)
Operating transfers	_	_	_	_
Net cash provided (used) by noncapital				
financing activities	313,184	0	0	(385,913)
illianolity activities	313,104			(303,313)
Cash Flows From Capital and Related Financing Activities:				
Proceeds from sale of capital assets	-	-	-	-
Acquisition and construction of capital assets			(6,492)	(1,623)
Net cash provided(used) by capital & related				
financing activities	0	0	(6,492)	(1,623)
Cash Flows From Investing Activities: Interest earned on investments			93,341	-
Net cash provided by investing activities		0	93,341	0
,g				
Net increase(decrease) in cash and cash equivalents	0	(277,034)	96,574	0
Cash and cash equivalents at July 1	0	406,623	7,708,891	0
Cash and cash equivalents at June 30	\$ 0	\$ 129,589	\$ 7,805,465	\$ 0
Reconciliation of Operating Income to Net Cash Provided by Operating Activities:  Operating income (loss)	\$ -	\$ (2,879)	\$ (411,194)	\$ (46,595)
Adjustments to Reconcile Operating Income to Net Cash				
Provided by Operating Activities:				
Depreciation	_	1,146	90	23
(Increase)decrease in accounts receivable	(357,313)	3,187	54,977	412,868
(Increase)decrease in due from other funds	(337,313)	3,107	54,911	412,000
	-	-	-	-
(Increase) decrease in prepaid expenses	-	6.016	-	-
(Increase) decrease in inventory	-	6,916	- 25 627	-
Increase(decrease) in accounts payable	44,473	(285,331)	35,637	21,061
Increase(decrease) in claims payable	(0.44)	-	329,975	470
Increase(decrease) in due to other funds	(344)	(70)	240	179
Increase(decrease) in accrued salaries and benefits	-	(73)	-	-
Increase(Decrease) in deferred revenue	(040.40.1)	(074.455)	- 400.040	404401
Total adjustments	(313,184)	(274,155)	420,919	434,131
Net cash provided(used) by operating activities	\$ (313,184)	\$ (277,034)	\$ 9,725	\$ 387,536

Workers Compensation Plan	I	Medical nsurance Fund	I	Dental nsurance Fund	lı	Life nsurance Fund	ong-Term Disability Fund	Ass	nployees' sistance Fund		Total Internal Service Funds
\$ 7,267,980 (1,146,555) (678,619) (4,800,975)	\$	70,798,171 (9,637,698) (774,605) (58,026,702) 448,035 (14,912)	\$	5,135,731 (279,987) (74,759) (4,531,176) 50 (1,588)	\$	1,592,096 (1,294,170) (25,230) - - (1,194)	\$ 163,349 - (171,007) - -	\$	230,591 (226,209) - - -	\$	151,023,770 (57,354,232) (21,233,820) (68,552,442) 1,532,134 (252,547)
641,831		2,792,289		248,271		271,502	 (7,658)		4,382		5,162,863
		- - -		- - -		- - -	- - (14,000)		- - (89,000)		6,232,471 19,424 (732,310)
0		0		0		0	(14,000)		(89,000)		5,519,585
							(14,000)		(03,000)		3,013,000
(24,344)		- -		<u>-</u>		<u>-</u>	 - -		<u>-</u>		420,986 (7,483,401)
(24,344)		0		0		0	 0		0		(7,062,415)
100,770 100,770		213,028 <b>213,028</b>		4,972 <b>4,972</b>		7,237 <b>7,237</b>	 0		0		419,348 <b>419,348</b>
718,257		3,005,317		<b>253,243</b> 257,276		<b>278,739</b> 578,527	<b>(21,658)</b> 39,661		<b>(84,618)</b> 121,260		<b>4,039,381</b> 36,270,409
7,663,613 <b>\$ 8,381,870</b>	\$	19,456,667 <b>22,461,984</b>	\$	510,519	\$	857,266	\$ 18,003	\$	36,642	\$	40,309,790
\$ (1,854,362)	\$	2,402,896	\$	243,230	\$	(183,037)	\$ (19,667)	\$	6,064	\$	(4,108,336)
338 (128,909)		- (492,083)		- (11,859)		- (6,331)	- 1,458		- 3,631		4,464,101 181,371
(418)		-		-		2,694	-		-		2,238
-		-		-		-	-		-		(126,264) (506,822)
79,146		(2,016,378)		22,061		460,666	10,551		(5,313)		(901,712)
2,535,816		2,532,393		(1,705)		-	-		-		5,396,479
40.000		(774,344)		(2.450)		(4.400)	-		-		(774,269)
10,220		(17,390) 1,157,195		(3,456)		(1,100) (1,390)	-		-		394,792 1,141,285
2,496,193		389,393		5,041		454,539	 12,009	-	(1,682)	-	9,271,199
\$ 641,831	\$	2,792,289	\$	248,271	\$	271,502	\$ (7,658)	\$	4,382	\$	5,162,863





## PENSION TRUST FUNDS

# STATE OF VERMONT PENSION TRUST FUNDS COMBINING STATEMENTS OF PLAN NET ASSETS June 30, 2003

	Vermont State Retirement System	Vermont State Defined Contribution Plan	State Teachers' Retirement Fund
Assets: Cash and short term investments	\$ 15,490,076	\$ 189,460	\$ 31,758,446
Receivables: Contributions	1,477,796 4,244,413 81,044,412 60,808	82,330 - - - -	1,256,125 4,952,335 21,926,321 - -
Total receivables	86,827,429	82,330	28,134,781
Investments at Fair value: Fixed income	239,751,978 550,741,642 13,574 87,326,407 19,756,388 897,589,989 894,847	26,713,898 26,713,898	311,772,613 678,291,852 1,836 98,046,036 - 1,088,112,337
Total assets	1,000,802,341	26,985,688	1,148,005,564
Liabilities: Payable for investments purchased Accounts payable Accrued liabilities Due to other funds	82,143,443 874,441 17,598	- 9,696 - 55,049	47,465,264 1,410,364 20,112
Total liabilities	83,035,482	64,745	48,895,740
Net assets held in trust for employees' pension benefits	\$ 917,766,859	\$ 26,920,943	\$ 1,099,109,824

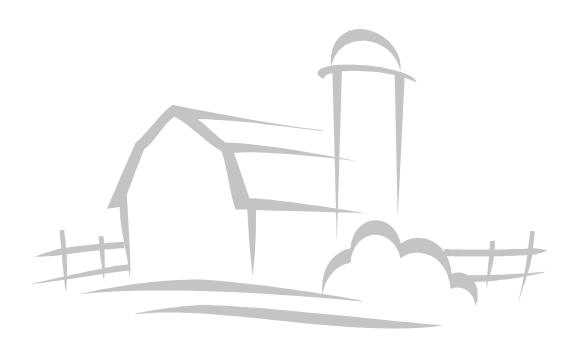
Single Deposit Investment Account	Vermont Municipal Employees' Retirement Fund	Vermont Municipal Employees' Defined Contribution Fund	Total Pension Trust Funds		
\$ 10,862,716	\$ 3,494,542	\$ 66,164	\$ 61,861,404		
934,855 1,052,835 - -	1,242,862 1,061,838 11,026,219 74,028 10,244,344	- - - - -	4,059,113 11,193,441 115,049,787 134,836 10,244,344		
1,987,690	23,649,291	0	140,681,521		
97,085,757 - - - -	55,485,459 43,003,156 - 14,086,788 80,538,301	- - - - 5,784,210	704,095,807 1,272,036,650 15,410 199,459,231 132,792,797		
97,085,757	193,113,704	5,784,210	2,308,399,895		
			894,847		
109,936,163	220,257,537	5,850,374	2,511,837,667		
3,147,979 - - -	22,542,736 210,314 4,190 5,759	- 387 - 74,028	155,299,422 2,505,202 41,900 134,836		
3,147,979	22,762,999	74,415	157,981,360		
\$ 106,788,184	\$ 197,494,538	\$ 5,775,959	\$ 2,353,856,307		

# STATE OF VERMONT PENSION TRUST FUNDS COMBINING STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN PLAN NET ASSETS For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2003

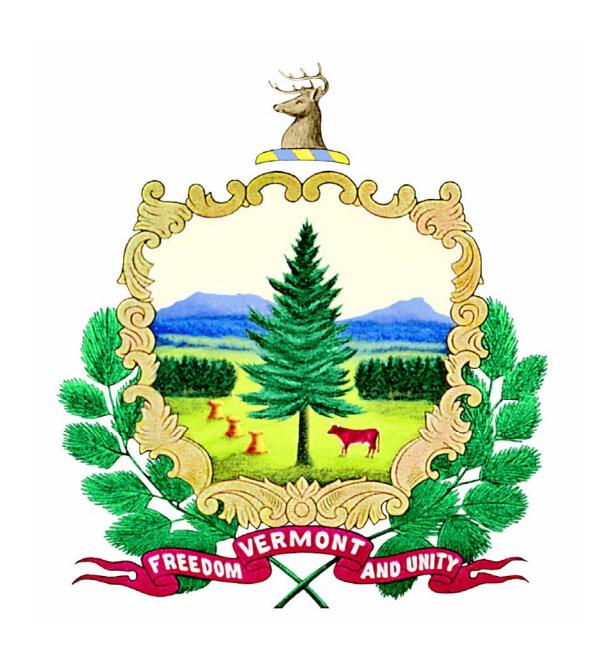
	Vermont State Retirement System	Vermont State Defined Contribution Plan	State Teachers' Retirement System		
Additions:					
Contributions					
Employer	\$ 24,394,933	\$ 1,391,658	\$ 20,446,282		
Plan member	12,171,186	557,333	18,820,703		
Transfers from other pension trust funds	813,168	28,813	438,166		
Transfers from non-state systems		99,082	-		
Total contributions	37,379,287	2,076,886	39,705,151		
Investment Income:					
Net appreciation (depreciation) in					
fair value of investments	19,007,904	110,371	26,284,023		
Dividends	9,832,017	700,940	12,567,873		
Interest income	14,294,382	2,574	17,304,661		
Securities lending income	767,219	-	986,394		
Other income	212,076	-	61,381		
Total investment income	44,113,598	813,885	57,204,332		
Less Investment Expenses					
Investment managers and consultants	3,121,258	-	3,923,991		
Securities lending expenses	557,124	-	773,503		
Total investment expenses	3,678,382	0	4,697,494		
Net investment income	40,435,216	813,885	52,506,838		
Total additions	77,814,503	2,890,771	92,211,989		
Deductions:					
Retirement benefits	41,614,187	1,803,197	50,409,313		
Refunds of contributions	846,861	-	968,668		
Death claims	77,103	-	140,506		
Transfers to other pension trust funds	369,383	-	702,568		
Operating expenses	10,887,792	168,642	7,398,266		
Total deductions	53,795,326	1,971,839	59,619,321		
Change in net assets	24,019,177	918,932	32,592,668		
Net assets held in trust for					
employees' pension benefits:					
Beginning of year	893,747,682	26,002,011	1,066,517,156		
End of year	\$ 917,766,859	\$ 26,920,943	\$1,099,109,824		

Single Investment Deposit Account	Vermont Municipal Employees' Retirement System	Vermont Municipal Employees' Defined Contribution Fund	Total Pension Funds		
\$ - 13,853 - 13,853	\$ 5,707,184 5,000,479 294,188 17,561,264 28,563,115	\$ 440,071 442,375 30,455 4,131 917,032	\$ 52,380,128 36,992,076 1,618,643 17,664,477 108,655,324		
3,689,612 - 5,732,967 - - - 9,422,579	(540,747) 1,236,336 2,940,435 99,559 27,237 3,762,820	117,268 132,328 795 - - - 250,391	48,668,431 24,469,494 40,275,814 1,853,172 300,694 115,567,605		
304,030	1,046,256 86,317 1,132,573	- - 0	8,395,535 1,416,944 <b>9,812,479</b>		
9,118,549	2,630,247	250,391	105,755,126		
9,132,402	31,193,362	1,167,423	214,410,450		
5,842,081 - - - - - - - - - - - - - 3,290,321	4,929,747 614,689 24,481 546,692 118,038 <b>6,233,647</b> <b>24,959,715</b>	46,274 - - - - 78,545 124,819 1,042,604	104,644,799 2,430,218 242,090 1,618,643 18,651,283 127,587,033		
103,497,863 \$ 106,788,184	172,534,823 \$ 197,494,538	4,733,355 \$ 5,775,959	2,267,032,890 \$ 2,353,856,307		

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Vermont



## **AGENCY FUNDS**

# STATE OF VERMONT COMBINING STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN ASSETS AND LIABILITIES ALL AGENCY FUNDS

### FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2003

		Balance						alance
	Ju	ly 1, 2002		Additions		Deductions	Jun	e 30, 2003
RETIREMENT SYSTEM CONTRIBUTIONS AND WITHHOLDINGS FUND								
ASSETS								
Cash	\$	-	\$	37,863,010	\$	37,852,010	\$	11,000
Accounts receivable	·	5,490		19,979	·	5,490	·	19,979
Total assets	\$	5,490	\$	37,882,989	\$	37,857,500	\$	30,979
LIABILITIES								
Due to depositories	\$	(793)	\$	37,862,553	\$	37,851,217	\$	10,543
Due to other funds		793		457		793		457
Interfund payable		5,490		19,979		5,490		19,979
Total liabilities	\$	5,490	\$	37,882,989	\$	37,857,500	\$	30,979
FEDERAL INCOME TAX WITHHOLDINGS FUND								
ASSETS								
Cash	\$	_	\$	43,024,032	\$	43,024,032	\$	_
Accounts receivable	Ψ	33,906	Ψ	25,453	Ψ	33,906	Ψ	25,453
	•		\$		•		•	
Total assets	\$	33,906	\$	43,049,485	\$	43,057,938	\$	25,453
LIABILITIES								
Due to depositories	\$	(1,994)	\$	43,022,984	\$	43,022,038	\$	(1,048)
Due to other funds	,	1,994	•	1,048	•	1,994	•	1,048
Interfund payable		33,906		25,453		33,906		25,453
Total liabilities.	\$	33,906	\$	43,049,485	\$	43,057,938	\$	25,453
Total Habilitios	Ψ	00,000	Ψ	40,040,400	Ψ	40,007,000	Ψ	20,400
STATE INCOME TAX WITHHOLDINGS FUND ASSETS								
Cash	\$	4,286	\$	11,453,971	\$	11,446,744	\$	11,513
Total assets	\$	4,286	\$	11,453,971	\$	11,446,744	\$	11,513
LIABILITIES								
Due to depositories	\$	3,780	\$	11,453,603	\$	11,446,238	\$	11,145
Due to other funds	Ψ	506	Ψ	368	Ψ	506	Ψ	368
Total liabilities	\$	4,286	\$	11,453,971	\$	11,446,744	\$	11,513
SOCIAL SECURITY TAX CONTRIBUTIONS								
AND WITHHOLDINGS FUND								
ASSETS	_		_		_		_	
Cash	\$	-	\$	54,714,039	\$	54,714,039	\$	<u>-</u>
Accounts receivable		88,295		97,068		88,295		97,068
Total assets	\$	88,295	\$	54,811,107	\$	54,802,334	\$	97,068
LIABILITIES								
Due to depositories	\$	(1,819)	\$	54,713,190	\$	54,712,220	\$	(849)
Due to other funds	Ψ	1,819	Ψ	849	Ψ	1,819	Ψ	849
Interfund payable				97,068		88,295		97,068
Total liabilities.	\$	88,295 88,295	\$		\$	54,802,334	\$	97,068
rotar liabilities	<u> </u>	00,295	<u> </u>	54,811,107	Φ	54,602,334	<u> </u>	97,000
<b>EMPLOYEES CREDIT UNION WITHHOLDING FUND</b> ASSETS								
Cash	\$	1,049	\$	42,129,859	\$	42,129,959	\$	949
LIABILITIES  Due to depositories	\$	1,049	\$	42,129,859	\$	42,129,959	\$	949
= == 10 appointment	<del>-</del>	.,0 10	Ψ.	,0,000	<del>-</del>	,0,000	<u> </u>	0.0

# STATE OF VERMONT COMBINING STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN ASSETS AND LIABILITIES

### **ALL AGENCY FUNDS**

### FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2003

	Balance July 1, 2002		Additions		Deductions		Balance June 30, 2003	
		<i>y</i> 1, 2002		- Taditionio		- Caucholio		700, 2000
EMPLOYEES INSURANCE CONTRIBUTIONS AND WITHHOLDINGS FUND								
ASSETS								
Cash	\$	18,638	\$	63,705,649	\$	63,639,983	\$	84,304
Accounts receivable		21,858		15,644		21,858		15,644
Due from other funds		192,352				192,352		
Total assets	\$	232,848	\$	63,721,293	\$	63,854,193	\$	99,948
LIABILITIES								
Due to depositories	\$	230,175	\$	63,704,007	\$	63,851,520	\$	82,662
Due to other funds		2,673		1,642		2,673		1,642
Interfund payable		, <u>-</u>		15,644		, -		15,644
Total liabilities	\$	232,848	\$	63,721,293	\$	63,854,193	\$	99,948
EMPLOYEES DEFERRED INCOME WITHHOLDINGS F	UND							
ASSETS								
Cash	\$	-	\$	12,456,616	\$	12,456,616	\$	-
Accounts receivable		2,181		127		-		2,308
Total assets	\$	2,181	\$	12,456,743	\$	12,456,616	\$	2,308
LIABILITIES								
Due to depositories	\$	-	\$	12,456,616	\$	12,456,616	\$	-
Interfund payable		2,181		127		-		2,308
Total liabilities	\$	2,181	\$	12,456,743	\$	12,456,616	\$	2,308
OTHER EMPLOYEE CONTRIBUTIONS AND WITHHOLDINGS FUND ASSETS Cash	\$		\$	4,937,325	\$	4,917,606	\$	19,719
Accounts receivable		50,331		82,460		50,331		82,460
Due from other funds		-		219,745		-		219,745
Total assets	\$	50,331	\$	5,239,530	\$	4,967,937	\$	321,924
LIABILITIES								
Due to depositories	\$	-	\$	5,176,168	\$	4,917,606	\$	258,562
Due to other funds		-		10		-		10
Interfund payable		50,331		63,352		50,331		63,352
Total liabilities	\$	50,331	\$	5,239,530	\$	4,967,937	\$	321,924
UNIDENTIFIED RECEIPTS FUND ASSETS								
Cash	\$	(31,295)	\$	178,567,089	\$	178,535,794	\$	_
Accounts receivable	*	366,800	Ψ	175,727	*	366,800	•	175,727
Due from other funds		107		2,150		107		2,150
Total assets	\$	335,612	\$	178,744,966	\$	178,902,701	\$	177,877
LIABILITIES								
Due to other funds	\$	_	\$	178,569,239	\$	178,567,089	\$	2,150
Interfund payable	Ψ	335,612	Ψ	176,309,239	Ψ	335,612	Ψ	175,727
Total liabilities	\$	335,612	\$	178,744,966	\$	178,902,701	\$	177,877
10141   401  1165	φ	333,012	φ	170,744,900	φ	110,302,101	φ	111,011

# STATE OF VERMONT COMBINING STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN ASSETS AND LIABILITIES ALL AGENCY FUNDS

### FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2003

		Balance						Balance
	J	uly 1, 2002		Additions		Deductions	Ju	ne 30, 2003
VENDOR AND OTHER DEPOSITS FUND		_	•					
ASSETS								
Cash	\$	4,346,981	\$	13,984,370	\$	14,225,183	\$	4,106,168
Taxes receivable.	Ψ	737,248	Ψ	655,728	Ψ	- 1,220,100	Ψ	1,392,976
Accounts receivable		-		28,945		-		28,945
Total assets	\$	5,084,229	\$	14,669,043	\$	14,225,183	\$	5,528,089
LIADILITIES	· ·							
LIABILITIES	Φ	4 500 450	æ	0.400.074	•	4 554 450	Φ	0.444.074
Amounts held in custody for others	\$	1,529,459	\$	2,136,974	\$	1,554,459	\$	2,111,974
Due to other funds		8,495		6,012		8,495		6,012
Intergovernmental payable		4 000 570		0.740.005		0.500.700		0.404.470
other governments		1,290,579		9,712,335		8,538,738		2,464,176
Other liabilities		2,255,696		2,784,777		4,123,491		916,982
Interfund payable	•		<u> </u>	28,945	•	44 005 400	Φ.	28,945
Total liabilities	\$	5,084,229	\$	14,669,043	\$	14,225,183	\$	5,528,089
CHILD SUPPORT COLLECTIONS FUND								
ASSETS								
Cash	\$	11,944,142	\$	54,242,742	\$	53,609,477	\$	12,577,407
Due from other funds.	φ	11,944,142	φ	2,367	φ	55,009,477	φ	2,367
Total assets	\$	11,944,142	\$	54,245,109	\$	53,609,477	\$	12,579,774
Total assets	φ	11,544,142	Ψ	34,243,109	Ψ	33,009,477	φ	12,379,774
LIABILITIES								
Due to other funds	\$	4,658,902	\$	53,483	\$	34,645	\$	4,677,740
Amount held in custody for others		7,285,240		54,191,626		53,574,832		7,902,034
Total liabilities	\$	11,944,142	\$	54,245,109	\$	53,609,477	\$	12,579,774
TOTALS - ALL AGENCY FUNDS								
ASSETS								
Cash	\$	16,283,801	\$	517,078,702	\$	516,551,443	\$	16,811,060
Accounts receivable		568,861		445,403		566,680		447,584
Taxes receivable		737,248		655,728		=		1,392,976
Due from other funds		192,459		224,262		192,459		224,262
Total assets	\$	17,782,369	\$	518,404,095	\$	517,310,582	\$	18,875,882
LIABILITIES								
Due to depositories	\$	230,398	\$	270,518,980	\$	270,387,414	\$	361,964
Due to other funds		4,675,182	•	178,633,108	·	178,618,014	•	4,690,276
Amounts held in custody for others		8,814,699		56,328,600		55,129,291		10,014,008
Intergovernmental payable				•				· · · · ·
other governments		1,290,579		9,712,335		8,538,738		2,464,176
Other liabilities		2,255,696		2,784,777		4,123,491		916,982
Interfund payable	_	515,815		426,295		513,634	_	428,476
Total liabilities	\$	17,782,369	\$	518,404,095	\$	517,310,582	\$	18,875,882



## NONMAJOR COMPONENT UNITS

# STATE OF VERMONT COMBINING STATEMENT OF NET ASSETS NONMAJOR COMPONENT UNITS June 30, 2003

Vermont Vermont Vermont Housing & Sustainable Vermont **Economic** Development Conservation Jobs Municipal Authority Fund **Bond Bank** Board ASSETS 06/30/03 06/30/03 06/30/03 12/31/2002 Current Assets: 17,004,909 12,411,332 \$ 292,672 \$ 4,286,723 Cash and cash equivalents..... 11.321.827 6.673.465 5.976.850 6,777 Accounts receivable..... Accrued interest receivable - loans..... 226,352 5,827,767 2,306,512 Accrued interest receivable - investments..... 81.526 Loans and notes receivable - current portion..... 11,681,717 71,792 30,861,050 36,722 Other receivables..... Due from federal government..... 13.239.761 12.817 Due from primary government..... Inventories (at cost)..... Prepaid expenses.... 1,657 Other current assets..... 268.836 680 40,503,641 38,342,365 307,826 Total current assets..... 43,437,912 Restricted and Non-Current Assets: Cash..... 4,148,828 148,078 Investments.... 2,084,140 40,609,175 Deferred bond issue costs..... 5,137,806 Loans and notes receivable (net)..... 58,570,706 60,086,462 338,701,776 Other assets..... 21,900 388,597,585 Total restricted & noncurrent assets..... 60,676,746 60,234,540 0 Capital Assets: Land..... Construction in process..... Building and leasehold improvements..... Equipment, furniture and fixtures..... 322,915 124,495 6,056 Accumulated depreciation..... (245,704) (120,714)(6,056)Total capital assets, net of depreciation..... 77,211 3,781 0 Total assets..... 101,257,598 98,580,686 307.826 432.035.497 LIABILITIES Current Liabilities: Accounts payable..... 379,015 69,615 33,023 23,844 Accrued salaries and benefits..... 198,104 81.526 Accrued interest payable..... 184.208 Bond interest payable..... 1,741,117 122,210 Deferred revenue..... Accrued arbitrage rebate..... 254,889 46,443,348 Current portion - bonds and notes payable..... 6,673,465 34,380,000 Due to primary government..... 5,425,674 2,806,037 175.521 Escrowed cash deposits..... Other current liabilities..... 10,154,578 155,233 52,607,766 19,983,325 Total current liabilities..... 36,399,850 Restricted and Non-Current Liabilities: Bonds and notes payable..... 9,773,017 344,573 375,611,256 Accrued arbitrage rebate..... 796,626 26,100 Other liabilities..... Advances from primary government..... 1,921,695 344.573 376,433,982 Total liabilities payable from restricted assets..... 11,694,712 O Total liabilities..... 64,302,478 20,327,898 155.233 412,833,832 NET ASSETS Invested in capital assets, (net of related debt)..... 3,781 6.500.000 10,549,696 Restricted..... 77,622,529 Unrestricted - designated..... 8,651,969 Unrestricted..... 30,455,120 626,478 152.593 36,955,120 Total net assets..... 78,252,788 152,593 19,201,665

Educ Heal Finan	/ermont cational and th Buildings cing Agency 2/31/2002	Vermont Center For Geographic Information 06/30/03	Vermont Transportation Authority 06/30/03	Vermont Veteran's Home 06/30/03	Vermont Rehabiliation Corporation 06/30/03	Total Nonmajor Component Units
\$	237,052	\$ 95,960	\$ 1,039	\$ 438,907	\$ 43,750	\$ 34,812,344
	995,995	-	-	-	-	24,968,137
	-	30,203	-	176,091	-	213,071
	-	-	-	-	39	8,360,670
	-	-	-	-	7.000	81,526
	-	-	-	-	7,838	42,622,397 36,722
	_		46,915	1,393,753	_	14,693,246
	-	-	41,655	-	-	41,655
	-	-	-	130,255	-	130,255
	-	8,725	-	-	-	10,382
	-					269,516
	1,233,047	134,888	89,609	2,139,006	51,627	126,239,921
	-	-	-	-	-	4,296,906
	-	-	-	-	-	42,693,315
	-	-	-	-	181,843	5,137,806 457,540,787
	_	_	_	4,818	101,043	26,718
-	0	0	0	4,818	181,843	509,695,532
				470 504		470 564
	-	-	-	172,561 12,157	-	172,561 12,157
	-		1,500,000	11,932,272		13,432,272
	_	117,299	1,030,861	1,807,657	-	3,409,283
	_	(101,897)	(189,858)	(9,516,089)	-	(10,180,318)
	0	15,402	2,341,003	4,408,558	0	6,845,955
	1,233,047	150,290	2,430,612	6,552,382	233,470	642,781,408
	18,251	796	81,944	408,456	-	1,014,944
	-	23,513	6,626	893,135	-	1,121,378
	-	-	-	-	-	265,734
	-	-	-	-	-	1,741,117
	-	31,802	-	23,560	-	177,572
	-	-	-	-	-	254,889
	-	-	-	-	-	87,496,813
	-	-	-	-	-	8,231,711
	-	-	-	5,750	-	175,521 10,160,328
	18,251	56,111	88,570	1,330,901	0	110,640,007
-				.,,		
	_	_	_	_	_	385,728,846
	-	-	-	-	-	796,626
	-	-	-	4,365	-	30,465
	-	-	-	-	-	1,921,695
	0		0	4,365	0	388,477,632
	18,251	56,111	88,570	1,335,266	0	499,117,639
			0.044.000	4 400 550		0.750.000
	-	-	2,341,003	4,408,552	-	6,753,336 94,672,225
	-	30,000	-	-	-	30,000
	1,214,796	64,179	1,039	808,564	233,470	42,208,208
\$	1,214,796	\$ 94,179	\$ 2,342,042	\$ 5,217,116	\$ 233,470	\$ 143,663,769
<del></del>						

### STATE OF VERMONT COMBINING STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES NONMAJOR COMPONENT UNITS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2003

			Program Revenues					
	Expenses			Charges for Services		Operating Grants and ontributions	Net (Expense) Revenue and Changes in Net Assets	
Function/Program								
Vermont Economic Development Authority	\$	4,090,161	\$	2,632,770	\$	58,632	\$	(1,398,759)
Vermont Housing & Conservation								
Trust		17,886,933		-		13,574,184		(4,312,749)
Vermont Sustainable Jobs Fund		546,506		-		557,736		11,230
Vermont Municipal Bond Bank		22,936,324		20,724,985		-		(2,211,339)
Vermont Educational and Health Buildings Financing Agency		149,279		104,635		-		(44,644)
Vermont Center for Geographic Information		454,263		172,133		282,615		485
Vermont Transportation Authority		2,011,268		41,469		1,593,813		(375,986)
Vermont Veterans' Home		13,270,620		13,447,216		2,767		179,363
Vermont Rehabilitation Corporation		44,630		358				(44,272)
Total nonmajor component units	\$	61,389,984	\$	37,123,566	\$	16,069,747		(8,196,671)
			General Revenues: Property transfer tax					11,088,000 9,027,804 62,323 20,178,127
			Extraordinary Items: Gain on forgiveness of debt Loss on extinguishment of debt Total extraordinary items				7,500,000 (755,815) 6,744,185	
				•		restated		18,725,641 124,938,128
			Net	assets - endir	ng		\$	143,663,769



# STATISTICAL INFORMATION (UNAUDITED)

# STATE OF VERMONT REVENUES BY SOURCE MAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS FOR THE LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS

### (Expressed in Thousands)

### FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30

SOURCE	 2003	2002	 2001	2000
Taxes	\$ 1,614,229 \$	1,599,103	\$ 1,590,023 \$	1,529,513
Licenses, Fees and Fines	128,391	109,914	115,679	112,416
Interest on Investments	4,848	6,273	12,814	11,549
Federal	1,032,080	960,321	849,191	847,345
Departmental Services	13,966	15,528	10,862	17,276
Other	107,122	99,858	56,032	48,706
Total General and Special	 		 _	
Revenue Fund Revenues	\$ 2,900,636 \$	2,790,997	\$ 2,634,601 \$	2,566,805

# STATE OF VERMONT EXPENDITURES BY FUNCTION MAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS FOR THE LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS (Expressed in Thousands) FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30

FUNCTION	2003	2002	2001	2000
General Government\$	56,610 \$	71,395 \$	80,716 \$	65,444
Protection	184,258	174,438	137,703	128,521
Human Services	1,200,621	1,064,296	909,237	909,481
Employment and Training	27,905	26,285	25,999	27,631
General Education.(1)	1,066,772	1,020,679	883,908	884,919
Natural Resources	70,935	73,883	79,497	81,006
Development	32,964	34,095	33,747	30,167
Transportation	284,978	311,109	294,266	266,797
Debt Service	73,214	69,215	73,896	74,855
Other	1,898	2,002	13,390	6,063
Total General and Special				
Revenue Fund Expenditures\$	3,000,155 \$	2,847,397 \$	2,532,359 \$	2,474,884

- (1) Beginning in fiscal year 1995, payments for higher education have been reclassified from expenditures to transfers to component units.
- (2) Beginning with fiscal year 1996, all figures are reported on the modified accrual basis as compared to the cash basis for fiscal years 1990 through 1995.
- (3) Beginning in 1999, the new Education Fund is included in the above schedules.
- (4) Beginning with fiscal year 2002, the Fish & Wildlife fund is not included as it is not reported as a major governmental fund.

	1999	1998	 1997		1996	 1995		1994
\$	1,092,581 \$	981,170	\$ 867,845	\$	794,815	\$ 741,639	\$	764,862
	105,770	99,334	94,709		93,207	88,076		81,896
	9,410	7,217	9,524		8,105	7,066		2,984
	752,470	690,679	599,699		551,037	536,122		522,770
	15,821	18,156	17,899		23,829	42,510		53,225
_	51,179	66,979	 63,293	_	63,426	 79,119	_	95,287
\$	2,027,231 \$	1,863,535	\$ 1,652,969	\$	1,534,419	\$ 1,494,532	\$	1,521,024

· <u></u>	1999	 1998	 1997	 1996	 1995	 1994
\$	57,953	\$ 111,280	\$ 74,550	\$ 72,068	\$ 68,552	\$ 81,628
	125,349	113,118	101,657	99,908	93,235	86,578
	822,652	770,663	717,400	670,388	655,767	613,161
	25,998	23,927	19,193	21,530	21,893	21,264
	486,572	304,217	289,016	272,189	271,502	330,736
	71,088	57,898	48,842	48,163	50,072	44,103
	40,296	32,366	24,274	22,518	20,316	30,650
	245,902	228,550	189,366	192,241	180,768	192,251
	72,067	69,952	68,335	66,519	58,672	51,505
_	2,823	 7,135	 15,609	 11,535	 29,997	 33,092
\$	1,950,700 \$	 1,719,106	\$ 1,548,242	\$ 1,477,059	\$ 1,450,774	\$ 1,484,968

### STATE INDEBTEDNESS

#### State Indebtedness and Procedure for Authorization

The State has no constitutional or other limit on its power to issue obligations or incur indebtedness besides borrowing only for public purposes. In 1989, the Institution Committees of the House and Senate recommended the creation of a Capital Debt Affordability Advisory Committee responsible for overseeing long-term capital planning for the State. The Committee was created by the 1990 General Assembly. Bonds authorized for a given fiscal year may, at the discretion of the State Treasurer with the approval of the Governor, be issued in the fiscal year, or in the months of May and June preceding such fiscal year, or in subsequent fiscal years.

The State Constitution does not contain provisions requiring submission of the question of incurring indebtedness to a public referendum. The authorization and issuance of State debt, including the purpose, amount, and nature thereof, the method and the manner of the incurrence of such debt, the maturity and terms of repayment thereof, and other related matters are statutory. The State's Public Improvement bonds and the State's Transportation and Highway bonds are paid respectively from the State's General Fund and Transportation Fund.

Pursuant to various appropriation acts, the State has authorized and issued general obligation bonds for a variety of projects or purposes. Each appropriation act usually specifies projects or purposes and the amount of General Fund or Transportation Fund bonds to be issued, and provides that General Fund or Transportation Fund bonds shall be issued in accordance with the Debts and Claims provisions of the General Obligation Bond Law.

Pursuant to the Refunding Bond Act, the State has authorized the issuance of general obligation bonds to refund or to advance refund all or any portion of one or more issues of outstanding general obligation bonds. Most provisions of the General Obligation Bond Law apply to the issuance of such refunding bonds.

In general, the State has borrowed money by issuing general obligation bonds and notes for the payment of which the full faith and credit of the State are pledged. The State, however, also has established certain statewide authorities which have the power to issue revenue bonds and to incur, under certain circumstances, indebtedness for which the State has contingent or limited liability.

There are no State constitutional provisions limiting the power of the General Assembly to impose any taxes on property or income in order to pay debt service on general obligation indebtedness. There are also no constitutional provisions limiting the power of the General Assembly to enact liens on or pledges of State revenues or taxes or the establishment of priorities, for payment of such debt service. There are no express statutory provisions establishing any priorities in favor of holders of general obligation indebtedness over other valid claims against the State.

The General Assembly has established by statute various general requirements for the issuance of general notes or bonds. The State Treasurer, with notification to the Governor, may issue notes or other similar obligations including commercial paper in order to raise funds to pay the expenses of government for which appropriations have been made but for which anticipated revenues have not been received, to defray accumulated State deficits and in anticipation of bonds. The State Treasurer, with the approval of the Governor, is authorized to issue and sell bonds that mature not later than twenty years after the date of such bonds and, except for capital appreciation bonds, such bonds must be payable in substantially equal or diminishing amounts annually. Under the General Obligation Bond Law, except with respect to refunding bonds, the first of such annual payments is to be made not later than five years after the date of the bonds. All terms of the bonds shall be determined by the State Treasurer with the approval of the Governor as he or she may deem for the best interests of the State.

In 2001, the General Assembly added statutory provisions that require any entity that pays a majority of its operating expense in any fiscal year with money appropriated by the State to notify and obtain the approval of the State Treasurer and Governor prior to incurring any debt including but not limited to, debt incurred through the issuance of bonds, notes, bank loans, mortgages, lease-purchase contracts and capital leases. In 2002, the General Assembly amended this provision to exclude municipalities from the approval requirement, to establish a borrowing threshold of one million dollars before approval is required and to clarify that the amounts deemed appropriated do not include non-discretionary federal funds.

The State Treasurer is directed by General Obligation Bond Law to pay the interest or investment return on and principal or maturity value of bonds when due "without further order or authority" and to pay the interest on and principal of notes, and expenses of preparing, issuing and marketing of such notes when due "without further order or authority" to the extent not already provided, the amount necessary each year to pay the maturing principal or maturity value of and interest or investment return on bonds is required by statute to be included in and made a part of the annual appropriations bill for the expense of State government, and such principal or maturity value of and interest or investment return on bonds as may come due before appropriations for the payment thereof have been made is to be paid from the General Fund or from the Transportation Fund.

The doctrine of sovereign immunity (the sovereign right of the State not to be sued) applies to the State. The provisions of the General Obligations Bond Law above recited do not constitute, in the opinion of bond counsel express consent by the State to be sued by a bondholder or a note holder, although such consent might be so construed by force of necessary implication. The provision referred to above contained in the General Obligation Bond Law appears, however, to impose a legal duty on the State Treasurer to pay principal of and interest on the bonds and on other bonds and notes when due, either from the General Fund, the Transportation Fund or from amounts appropriated therefore by the General Assembly.

Under the General Obligation Bond Law, the State Treasurer has the explicit statutory duty to pay principal or maturity value of and interest or investment return on the Bonds and to seek appropriations if amounts in the General Fund or Transportation Fund are insufficient. In the event of failure by the State to make such payments when due, it would appear that a bondholder may sue the State Treasurer to compel such payment from any moneys available. Under this principle, sovereign immunity would not bar a suit to compel the disbursement of State monies when a State law imposes a duty to pay.

The State has never defaulted on the punctual payment of principal or interest on any general obligation indebtedness and has never attempted to prevent or delay such required payments.

### **Debt Statement**

The following table sets forth as of the dates indicated the outstanding general obligation bonded indebtedness, Contingent Liabilities and Lease Purchase Obligations of the State. For the first time, the net tax supported debt includes the Vermont Education and Health Buildings Finance Agency Revenue Bonds (Vermont Council of Development and Mental Health Services Acquisition Program) Series 1999A and Series 1999B that were sold during fiscal year 1999. The Series 1999A bonds are tax-exempt obligations issued in the initial par amount of \$7,125,000 and the Series 1999B are taxable obligations in the initial par amount of \$385,000. The State provides approximately 80% financial support for the Program.

### DEBT STATEMENT As Of June 30, 2003 (In Thousands Of Dollars)

General Obligation Bonds*: General Fund Transportation Fund Special Fund	\$	418,304 13,049 16,895
Contingent Liabilities		
VEDA Mortgage Insurance Program		5,098
VEDA Financial Access Program		915
Reserve Fund Commitments		
Vermont Municipal Bond Bank		415,730
Vermont Housing Finance Agency		75,940
VEDA Indebtedness		55,000
Gross Direct and Contingent Debt		1,000,931
Less:		
Contingent Liabilities		(6,013)
Reserve Fund Commitments		(546,670)
Not Tay Supported Dobt	¢	448,248
Net Tax Supported Debt	\$	440,240

 $<sup>^{\</sup>star}\text{Excludes}$  general obligation bonds which were refunded and the accretion in the value of capital appreciation bonds.

# RATIO OF GENERAL OBLIGATION BONDED DEBT TO ASSESSED TAXABLE PROPERTY VALUE AND GENERAL OBLIGATION BONDED DEBT PER CAPITA LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS

				Bonded D	ebt
	Population	Assessed Value	Bonded Debt	Ratio To	Per
Year	(1000's) (1)	(Billions) (2)	(1000's) (3)	Assessed Value	Capita
2003	619	41.57	473,786	1.14%	765
2002	617	38.99	486,465	1.25%	788
2001	613	37.41	480,443	1.28%	784
2000	610	36.27	527,300	1.45%	864
1999	594	35.5	537,791	1.51%	905
1998	592	35.99	581,990	1.62%	983
1997	589	34.80	555,905	1.60%	944
1996	586	34.30	543,800	1.59%	928
1995	585	34.23	536,625	1.57%	917
1994	582	33.52	432,764	1.29%	746

NOTE: Since 1987, the State's property values have been equalized annually as of January 1 for property values as of April 1 of the previous year for purposes of distributions to and assessments upon municipalities.

<sup>(1)</sup> U.S. Department of Commerce - Bureau of Economic Analysis

<sup>(2)</sup> Vermont Tax Department, Division of Property Valuation and Review, Annual Report

<sup>(3)</sup> Annual Report of Commissioner of Finance and Management

## RATIO OF ANNUAL DEBT SERVICE EXPENDITURES FOR GENERAL BONDED DEBT TO TOTAL GENERAL FUND EXPENDITURES

					Percent of
		Total Principal		Total	Debt Service to
Fiscal		and Interest		General Fund	General Fund
Year	_	Paid	_	Expenditures	Expenditures
2003	\$	67,902,550	\$	588,984,890	11.5%
2002		63,899,370		650,765,001	9.8%
2001		68,376,276		554,819,262	12.3%
2000		68,617,331		531,022,437	12.9%
1999		66,056,281		483,978,505	13.6%
1998		66,073,612		674,868,655	9.8%
1997		64,049,337		632,767,461	10.1%
1996		61,494,937		624,733,701	9.8%
1995		53,018,022		614,895,686	8.6%
1994		44,190,968		638,872,825	6.9%

## RATIO OF ANNUAL DEBT SERVICE EXPENDITURES FOR TRANSPORTATION BONDED DEBT TO TOTAL TRANSPORTATION FUND EXPENDITURES

Fiscal Year	otal Principal and Interest Paid	Tra	Total Insportation Fund Expenditures	Percent of Debt Service to Transportation Fund Expenditures
2003	\$ 2,820,399	\$	337,098,500	0.8%
2002	2,910,054		370,338,943	0.8%
2001	3,131,320		345,005,330	0.9%
2000	3,789,207		318,156,255	1.2%
1999	3,844,747		273,670,237	1.4%
1998	3,903,053		257,410,313	1.5%
1997	4,422,889		227,054,831	1.9%
1996	5,109,202		221,500,451	2.3%
1995	5,653,983		212,260,877	2.7%
1994	5,428,320		220,123,872	2.5%

The figures shown above are actual cash paid out, which are different than the GAAP based figures reported on the financial statements.

## PROPERTY VALUES AND TAXES IN VERMONT Last Ten Fiscal Years

### Property Valuation

From 1987 to 1992, the State's property values were equalized annually on January 1 for property values as of April 1 of the previous calendar year by the Vermont Tax Department, Division of Property Valuation and Review, for purposes of distributions to and assessments upon, municipalities. Prior to 1987 and during the years 1992 through 1996, values were equalized on an annual basis. With the passage of Act 60 of the 1997 Legislative session, the values will continue to be equalized on an annual basis which will make available more current data for the calculations of municipalities' school tax liabilities and school aid.

The following table sets forth an abbreviated history of property values and taxes in Vermont for the period April, 1994 to the present (in millions of dollars.)

Years	Equalized Grand List (1)	Grand List (2)	Total Taxes (3)	School Taxes (4)	Total Effective Tax Rate (5)	School Effective Tax Rate (6)
2003 \$	499.6 \$	423.2 \$	1010.7 \$	741.6 \$	2.03 \$	1.52
2002	457.7	397.9	945.9	687.2	2.08	1.54
2001	429.3	386.5	869.6	621.3	2.05	1.50
2000	404.9	375.4	816.0	580.4	2.06	1.50
1999	381.7	359.9	712.3	493.2	1.93	1.37
1998	376.3	348.0	704.1	499.9	1.85	1.33
1997	376.3	343.0	678.7	483.4	1.85	1.33
1996	-	342.0	661.1	460.2	1.76	1.22
1995	376.0	335.0	634.3	435.5	1.76	1.22
1994	-	313.0	599.8	412.1	1.64	1.13

- (1) Equalized Municipal Grand List formerly called Aggregate Fair Market Value: 1% of equalized value.
- (2) Municipal Grand List used for tax assessments: 1% of the listed value.
- (3) Total Taxes: Total taxes assessed.
- (4) School Taxes: portion of total taxes assessed raised for schools.
- (5) Total Effective Tax Rate: estimate of what total tax rate per \$100 of equalized value would be if all property was assessed at 100% of value.
- (6) School Effective Tax Rate: estimate of what school tax rate per \$100 of equalized value would be if all property was assessed at 100% of value.

SOURCE: Vermont Tax Department, Division of Property Valuation and Review, Annual Report.

### Demographic Statistics Last Ten Years Employment Statistics

Year	Population (000) (2)	Per Capita Income (a) Year Ended 12/31 (1)	Average Labor Force (000) (3)	Employment (000) (3)	Average Annual Unemployment Rate (3)
2003	619	30,740	351	334	4.8%
2002	617	29,764	346	333	3.8%
2001	613	28,594	344	329	4.3%
2000	610	27,376	335	323	3.6%
1999	594	25,705	332	322	3.0%
1998	591	24,547	330	319	3.4%
1997	589	23,026	327	313	4.4%
1996	586	22,019	324	309	4.6%
1995	585	21,135	319	305	4.2%
1994	580	20,379	315	300	4.7%

### Sources:

- (1) U.S. Department of Commerce Bureau of Economic Analysis
- (2) U.S. Department of Commerce Bureau of Labor Statistics
- (3) Vermont Department of Employment and Training

The following table sets forth the State's non-agricultural wage and salary employment by industry for calander years 2001 through 2003.

### Vermont Non-Agricultural Wage and Salary Employment by Industry (1)

	2001 Employment	Percent Of Total	2002 Employment	Percent Of Total	2003 Employment	Percent Of Total
GOODS PRODUCING:				<u> </u>		
Manufacturing Durable Goods	33,450	11.1%	29,300	9.8%	26,850	9.0%
Manufacturing Non-Durable Goods	12,100	4.0%	11,300	3.8%	10,750	3.6%
Construction	15,200	5.0%	14,850	5.0%	15,300	5.1%
Natural Resouces & Mining	1,100	0.4%	1,000	0.3%	950	0.3%
SERVICE PROVIDING:						
Wholesale	10,050	3.3%	10,050	3.4%	10,250	3.4%
Retail	39,900	13.2%	40,100	13.4%	39,200	13.1%
Utilities	1,650	0.5%	1,700	0.6%	1,750	0.6%
Transporation & Warehousing	7,000	2.3%	6,950	2.3%	6,800	2.3%
Information	6,800	2.3%	6,700	2.2%	6,500	2.2%
Financial Activities	13,150	4.4%	13,200	4.4%	13,200	4.4%
Professional and Business Services	20,700	6.9%	20,400	6.8%	20,300	6.8%
Educational Services	12,050	4.0%	12,350	4.1%	12,550	4.2%
Healthcare & Social Assistance	35,850	11.9%	37,950	12.7%	39,800	13.3%
Leisure & Hospitality	32,900	10.9%	33,100	11.0%	32,650	10.9%
Other Services	9,950	3.3%	10,100	3.4%	10,100	3.4%
Government	50,150	16.6%	50,850	17.0%	51,900	17.3%
TOTAL NONFARM	302,000	100.0%	299,900	100.0%	298,850	100.0%

SOURCE: U.S. Bureau of Labor Statistics, Vermont Department of Employment & Training, Current Employment Statistics Series.

(1) This data is compiled using the North American Industry Classification System (NAICS) which has replaced the U.S. Standard Industrial Classification System.

According to the latest data from the U.S. Bureau of the Census (December 2003) Vermont's population has a higher level of educational attainment than the U.S. population as a whole. The table below shows that a total of 89% of Vermont's residents aged 25 years and over have completed a high school education, a level which ranks Vermont above the 83% that have done so nationally. In addition, this data indicates that 31% of Vermont residents in that same age category have received a four-year college degree. That percentage compares favorably to the 26% of residents aged 25 years and older who have received such a 4-year degree nationally.

### Educational Attainment Vermont and U.S. Persons Aged 25 Years and Over As of December 2003

F Level of Education	Percent of Vermont Population	Rank in U.S.	Percent of U.S. Population
HIGH SCHOOL: High School Graduate or More	89%	11	83%
COLLEGE: Bachelor's Degree or More	31%	10	26%

SOURCE: Bureau of the Census, Educational Attainment in the U.S., Current Population Report, March 2003.

Data from the 2000 Census indicate that Vermont's population is primarily rural. A total of 72.2% of the State's population lived outside of the State's single metropolitan area - the highest percentage among the 50 states. Vermont's percentage was nearly 3 1/2 times the national average percentage of persons living outside a metropolitan area (19.7%), and was almost seven times the average for the northeast U.S.

## INCOME AND SALES TAX RATES\* Last Ten Fiscal Years

Fiscal Year Ended June 30	Individual Income Tax (1)	Corporate Income Tax (2)	Retail Sales Tax	Meals & Rooms Tax (3)
2003	3.6% - 9.5%	7.0% - 9.75%	5%	9%
2002	3.6% - 9.5%	7.0% - 9.75%	5%	9%
2001	3.6% - 9.5%	7.0% - 9.75%	5%	9%
2000	24%	7.0% - 9.75%	5%	9%
1999	25%	7.0% - 9.75%	5%	9%
1998	25%	7.0% - 9.75%	5%	9%
1997	25%	7.0% - 9.75%	5%	9%
1996	25%	5.5% - 8.25%	5%	7%
1995	25%	5.5% - 8.25%	5%	7%
1994	25%	5.5% - 8.25%	5%	7%

<sup>\*</sup> Source: Vermont Department of Taxes

- (1) From 1993 to 2000, the tax rate presented above was applied to an individual's federal tax liability with some adjustments. Beginning in 2001, the individual rate range presented above is applied to a calculated Vermont taxable income instead of being applied to the federal tax liability. This methodology change was enacted to maintain the State's effective tax rate that was in effect prior to the recently enacted federal tax cuts.
- (2) Corporate Tax Rate is Graduated Only the Upper and Lower Rates are shown- Minimum Coporate Tax amount = \$250.00.
- (3) Beginning June, 1989, Alcoholic Beverages are taxed at 10% rate.

### **Largest Employers**

The following table sets forth, as of September 2003, the ten largest employers in Vermont and the nature of their business, exclusive of the State itself and the University of Vermont.

## Ranking of Vermont's Ten Largest Private Sector Employers As of September 2003\*

<u>Firm</u>	Nature of Business	Size Code (Number of Employees)**
International Business	Semiconductors and	
Machines	Related Devices	3
Fletcher-Allen Health Care	Health Care	3
Price Chopper Stores	Retail Food	1
Hannaford Bros.	Retail Food	1
Middlebury College	Post-Secondary Education	1
General Electric Company	Jet Engine Blades	1
Shaw's Supermarkets Inc.	Retail Food	1
Rutland Hospital	Hospital	1
Chittenden Trust Company	Financial Services	1
C & S Wholesale Grocers, Inc.	Wholesale Distributor	0

SOURCE: Vermont Department of Employment and Training.

<sup>\*</sup> Data is for employees covered under Vermont's unemployment law. As such, contract employees are not included.

**	Size Code	# of Employees
	0	500-999
	1	1000-2999
	2	3000-4999
	3	5000+